# PRECISIONS, INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS 

## PARA SNOWBOARD

## SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE

EDITION 2023/24

## PRECISIONS, INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS SOUTHERN HEMSIPHERE 2023/2024

## FIS Council Meeting: 24th May 2023.

1) INTRODUCTION

This document presents the rule changes within the Para Snowboard International Competition Rules (ICR), Classification Rules and Regulations following the approval of the proposals by the FIS Council on 24th May 2023.

All updated documents are now available on the FIS Website.
2) FLUOR BAN IMPLEMENTATION TO BEGIN SEASON 2023-2024

As per latest official communication, the full fluor wax ban is fully implemented for the 2023/2024 season following the testing of the device and training of the officials during the 2022/2023 season. The testing will be carried out across all event levels in order to ensure fluor-free competitions.
3) CLASSIFICATION RULES AND REGULATIONS

There have been no Classification Rules and Regulations updates.
4) APPROVED RULE CHANGES

## The International Competition Rules (ICR)

201.6.3 Freestyle Ski Events

Moguls, Dual Moguls, Aerials, Aerials Synchro, Ski Cross, Halfpipe, Slopestyle, Big Air, Rail, Team Competitions
201.6.4 Snowboard and Para Snowboard Events

Slalom, Parallel Slalom, Giant Slalom, Parallel Giant Slalom, Halfpipe, Snowboard Cross, Big Air, Slopestyle, Rail, Team Competitions, Banked Slalom, Dual Banked Slalom

### 206.7 Sponsorships by commercial betting companies

206.7.1 FIS will not allocate Title / Presenting Sponsor rights to commercial betting companies.
206.7.2 Sponsorships of events by commercial betting companies is permitted subject to 206.7.43 below.
206.7.3 Advertising of commercial-betting companies is allowed on bibs after approval by FIS, valid for 3 years-or other betting activities on or with the athletes (head sponsors, competition suits, starting bibs) is prohibited with the exception of lotteries and companies operating non-sports betting only.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 206.7.4 } & \text { Approval by FIS will be given under the condition that the betting } \\ \text { company/ies actively work/s against sport competition manipulation. }\end{array}$
217.4 Competitors who have been drawn and are not present during the competition must be named by the TD in the TD report, indicating if possible, the reasons for absence.
217.45 Representatives of all the nations taking part must be invited to the draw.
217.56 If a competition has to be postponed by at least one day, the draw must be done again.

### 224.11 The following decisions of the Jury are not subject to appeal:

224.11.1 Oral penalties imposed under 223.5 and 224.2
224.11.2 Monetary fines less than CHF 1'000.-- (One Thousand Swiss Francs) for single offence and a further CHF 2'500.-- for repeated offences by the same person.
224.11.3 Sanctions imposed on competitors in competition formats where 2 or more competitors simultaneously compete against one another in the field of play and where elimination heats lead to the determination of the final results-other than sanctions imposed during the final phase + rounds of the competition (e.g. Small Final, Big Final).

## $302.1 \quad$ Calculation of Continental Cup and World Cup Rankings

Competitors ranking first to 30th are awarded Cup Points in accordance with the following schedule:

| 1st place 100 points | 16th place 15 points |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2nd place 80 points | 17th place 14 points |
| 3rd place 60 points | 18th place 13 points |
| 4th place 50 points | 19th place 12 points |
| 5 th place 45 points | 20th place 11 points |
| 6th place 40 points | 21st place 10 points |
| 7 th place 36 points | 22nd place 9 points |
| 8th place 32 points | 23rd place 8 points |
| 9th place 29 points | 24th place 7 points |
| 10th place 26 points | 25th place 6 points |
| 11th place 24 points | 26th place 5 points |
| 12th place 22 points | 27th place 4 points |
| 13th place 20 points | 28th place 3 points |
| 14th place 18 points | 29th place 2 points |
| 15th place 16 points | 30th place 1 points The following |
| scale (1 to 100 places) will be used to determine the Continental Cup |  |
| standings in each region: |  |


| Place | Points | Place | Points | Place | Points | Place | Points | Place | Points |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 500 | $\mathbf{2 1}$ | 50 | $\mathbf{4 1}$ | 9.1 | $\mathbf{6 1}$ | 6.1 | 81 | 3.1 |
| $\mathbf{z}$ | 400 | $\mathbf{2 2}$ | 45 | $\mathbf{4 2}$ | 8.95 | $\mathbf{6 2}$ | 5.95 | 82 | 2.95 |


| 3 | 300 | 23 | 40 | 43 | 8.8 | 63 | 5.8 | 83 | 2.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 250 | 24 | 35 | 44 | 8.65 | 64 | 5.65 | 84 | 2.65 |
| 5 | 225 | 25 | 30 | 45 | 8.5 | 65 | 5.5 | 85 | 2.5 |
| 6 | 200 | 26 | 25 | 46 | 8.35 | 66 | 5.35 | 86 | 2.35 |
| 7 | 180 | 27 | 22.5 | 47 | 8.2 | 67 | 5.2 | 87 | 2.2 |
| 8 | 160 | 28 | 20 | 48 | 8.05 | 68 | 5.05 | 88 | 2.05 |
| 9 | 145 | 29 | 18 | 49 | 7.9 | 69 | 4.9 | 89 | 1.9 |
| 10 | 130 | 30 | 16 | 50 | 7.75 | 70 | 4.75 | 90 | 1.75 |
| 11 | 120 | 31 | 14 | 51 | 7.6 | 71 | 4.6 | 91 | 1.6 |
| 12 | 110 | 32 | 13 | 52 | 7.45 | 72 | 4.45 | 92 | 1.45 |
| 13 | 100 | 33 | 12 | 53 | 7.3 | 73 | 4.3 | 93 | 1.3 |
| 14 | 90 | 34 | 11 | 54 | 7.15 | 74 | 4.15 | 94 | 1.15 |
| 15 | 80 | 35 | 10 | 55 | 7 | 75 | 4 | 95 | 4 |
| 16 | 75 | 36 | 9.85 | 56 | 6.85 | 76 | 3.85 | 96 | 8.5 |
| 17 | 70 | 37 | 9.7 | 57 | 6.7 | 77 | 3.7 | 97 | 0.7 |
| 18 | 65 | 38 | 9.55 | 58 | 6.55 | 78 | 3.55 | 98 | 0.55 |
| 19 | 60 | 39 | 9.4 | 59 | 6.4 | 79 | 3.4 | 99 | 0.4 |
| 20 | 55 | 40 | 9.25 | 60 | 6.25 | 80 | 3.25 | 100 | 0.25 |

The following scale (1 to -100 places) will be used to determine the World Cup standings:

| Place | Points | Place | Points | Place | Points | Place | Points | Place | Points |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 1000 | 21 | 100 | 41 | 18.2 | 61 | 12.2 | 81 | 6.2 |
| 2 | 800 | 22 | 90 | 42 | 17.8 | 62 | 11.9 | 82 | 5.9 |
| 3 | 600 | 23 | 80 | 43 | 17.6 | 63 | 11.6 | 83 | 5.6 |
| 4 | 500 | 24 | 70 | 44 | 17.3 | 64 | 11.3 | 84 | 5.3 |
| 5 | 450 | 25 | 60 | 45 | 17 | 65 | 11.0 | 85 | 5.0 |
| 6 | 400 | 26 | 50 | 46 | 16.7 | 66 | 10.7 | 86 | 4.7 |
| 7 | 360 | 27 | 45 | 47 | 16.4 | 67 | 10.4 | 87 | 4.4 |
| 8 | 320 | 28 | 40 | 48 | 16.1 | 68 | 10.1 | 88 | 4.1 |
| 9 | 290 | 29 | 36 | 49 | 15.8 | 69 | 9.8 | 89 | 3.8 |
| 10 | 260 | 30 | 32 | 50 | 15.5 | 70 | 9.5 | 90 | 3.5 |
| 14 | 240 | 31 | 28 | 51 | 15.2 | 71 | 9.2 | 97 | 3.2 |
| 12 | 220 | 32 | 26 | 52 | 14.9 | 72 | 8.9 | 92 | 2.9 |
| 13 | 200 | 33 | 24 | 53 | 14.6 | 73 | 8.6 | 93 | 2.6 |
| 14 | 180 | 34 | 22 | 54 | 14.3 | 74 | 8.3 | 94 | 2.3 |


| 15 | 160 | 35 | 20 | 55 | 14.0 | 75 | 8.0 | 95 | 2.0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 16 | 150 | 36 | 19.7 | 56 | 13.7 | 76 | 7.7 | 96 | 1.7 |
| 17 | 140 | 37 | 19.4 | 57 | 13.4 | 77 | 7.4 | 97 | 1.4 |
| 18 | 130 | 38 | 19.1 | 58 | 13.1 | 78 | 7.1 | 98 | 1.4 |
| 19 | 120 | 39 | 18.8 | 59 | $12.8-$ | 79 | 6.8 | 99 | 0.8 |
| 20 | 110 | 40 | 18.5 | 60 | 12.5 | 80 | 6.5 | 100 | 0.5 |

### 302.2 Several Competitors Tied for the Same Position

If several racers are tied for one of the top thirty positions in a race, each of the competitors who are tied receives the points corresponding to that position. The remaining competitors receive the points corresponding to their official classification in the race.

## 302.3

302.3.1
302.3.2
302.3.3
302.3.4 Nations Cup

To calculate the Nations' Ranking, the total points of the top three men and top two women per nation from all categories will be added together from each World Cup event of the season. In the case of a tie the nation with the least number of athletes on the World Cup rankings
will break the tie. Nations need to have at least one woman with World Gup points in order to enter the Nations Ranking.

The Nations Cup rankings shall be calculated for each gender individually. To calculate the Nations Cup rankings the following World Cup points are added together:

- The World Cup points from the two best results per gender, per individual event competition (e.g. SBX and BSL/DBSL); and
- The World Cup points from the best result of each nation per gender per team event competition (e.g. SBX Team and DBSL Team)
The Nations Cup trophy will be awarded top ranked nation per gender.
302.3.5 Ties in Nations Cup Rankings

In case of a tie. the nation with the highest number of first places is the winner. If still tied, the nation with the greatest number of highest places is the winner.
304.2.1 Combining Sport Classes - Eligibility

In accordance with the IPC Classification Code, and general principles of classification, athletes will generally compete against athletes with the same Sport Class. However, FIS may identify specific events where athletes in different Sport Classes are eligible to compete together. In such cases, the permitted Sport Class combinations for each event shall be defined in the Qualification Criteria or Regulations for the relevant competition.

### 305.2 Race Entry Fee Participation Fee (Athletes)

305.2.1 The OC may decide to charge an face daily participation fee of maximum CHF 30 per athlete per competition/official training day face (including the run). Such decision must be announced in the official face invitation.
The race entry fee is the amount that must be paid per athlete to the LOC for each race, including the official snowboard training day, specified on the programme.
305.2.2 The race entry fee is non-refundable provided the dury cancels the race-
305.2.3 For the WSC competitions, FIS will charge a participation fee of CHF 55 fee per day for all accredited participants.

| GOMPETITION TYPE | RACE FEE AMOUNT |
| :--- | :--- |
| Paralympic Winter Games | N/A |
| FIS Para Snowboard World Championships | Art.311.2.1 applies |


| Giant Slalom | GHF 15 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Banked Stalom | CHF 30 |
| Snowboard Cross | GHF 30 |

305.3 Competition SanctionCalendar Fees (Organising Committee)
305.3.1 An Organising Committee must pay all competition sanction-calendar fees to FIS according to art 202.1.2.6 or as per hosting agreement.
305.3.2 The calendar fees are published in the Rules for the FIS Calendar, FIS Calendar And Registration Fees available on the FIS Website: https://www.fis-ski.com/en/inside-fis/document-library/general-regulations
These competition sanction fees are non-refundable.
The fees for each type of competition are as follows:

| GOMPETITION TYPE | FEE PER RACE |
| :--- | :--- |
| Paralympic Winter Games | N/A |
| FIS World Snowboard Championships | As determined by FIS |
| WORLDCUP | GHF 1000 |
| GONTINENTAL CUP | GHF 600 |
| FISING | GHF 300 |

The official Snowboard training runs will be invoiced accordingly to the competition level.
306.2 FIS may set requirements for entries into competitions ofat all levels (art. 301). Such requirements shall be specified in the Qualification Criteria or Regulations published under: https://www.fis-ski.com/en/para-snowsports/para-snowboard/documents .

### 306.2 Race Entries Deadlines <br> WC/COC

- Entries by number open 12 weeks prior to the event
- Entries by number close 3 weeks prior to the event
- Entries by name open 3 weeks prior to the event
- Entries by name closed 1 week prior to the event FIS/NC
- Entries by name open 3 weeks prior to the event
- Entries by name close 1 week prior to the event


## For WSG and PWG entries are based on the respective Qualification Griteria.

FIS may provide the LOC access to the online registration system to monitor entry data.
1405.6 The Jury may select minimum 3 or maximum 58 riders based on: competitors' availability, local national team athletes, world cup ranking, one per gender, different classes, turnover principle.

## 1409. Traditional Format

Finals are based on 16 men / 8 womencompetitors fwith 2 or 4 competitors per Heat or such other numbers as determined by the Jury. In special circumstances 32_men and/or 16 womencompetitors are allowed.
1409.1.1 In case there are less than 16 men or eight womencompetitors athletes per class, the brackets may be defined following the indications below:
1409.1.1.1 Format with two athletes per Heat

- 16 men/womencompetitors - minimum 13-9 athletes on the starting list with three byes-
- eight 8 competitors -men / women minimum_six- 5 athletes in the starting list with two byes
- four 4 competitors -men/women minimum three- $\underline{3}$ competitors in the starting list with one bye-
- two-2 competitors - men/women two-2 athletes in the starting list
1409.1.1.2 Format for with four athletes per Heat
- $\quad 32$ men/womencompetitors minimum of 24 athletes on the start list with eight byes
- 16 competitors men/women-minimum of 13 athletes on the start list with three byes
- 8 eight competitors men/women-minimum of five- $\underline{5}$ athletes on the start list with three byes

The Jury may decide to define different brackets in case of special conditions.
1409.2 Pre-Heats Format

Finals with Pre-Heat format are designed for a maximum of 32 men/ 32 womencompetitors and 4 competitors per Heat.

| 1409.2.2 | The top two (2) athletes in each Pre--Heat advance to the Finals. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | These athletes are then ordered in the Heats according to their <br> qualification/seeding runs. |

1410.3 Finals for race format with four athletes per Heat and pre-Heats
$\qquad$

## 5-6 Competitors (1 Heat, 1 Pre-Heat)

| Heat \# | 1 POSITION <br> (RED) | 2 POSITION <br> (GREEN) | 3 POSITION <br> (BLUE) | 4 POSITION <br> (YELLOW) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | 1 and 2 POSITION Pre-Heat |  |
| 1 | 1 | 2 | $\# 1$ |  |
| 2POSITION Pre-Heat \#1 |  |  |  |  |

11-12 Competitors (4 Heats, 2 Pre-Heats)

| Heat \# | 1 POSITION <br> (RED) | 2 POSITION <br> (GREEN) | 3 POSITION <br> (BLUE) | 4 POSITION <br> (YELLOW) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | 1 and 2 POSITION Pre-Heat <br> \#1 |  |
|  | 1 | 4 | 2POSITION Pre-Heat \#1 |  |
|  |  |  | 1 and 2 POSITION Pre-Heat <br> \#2 |  |
|  | 2 | 3 | 2POSITION Pre-Heat \#2 |  |

21-24 Competitors (8 Heats, 4 Pre-Heats)

| Heat \# | 1 POSITION <br> (RED) | 2 POSITION <br> (GREEN) | 3 POSITION <br> (BLUE) | 4 POSITION <br> (YELLOW) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | 1 and 2 POSITION Pre-Heat <br> $\# 1$ <br> 1 | 1 |

1411.5.1 EligibilityQualification for SBX Team

A maximum of 16 teams per gender are permitted to start. To determine the ranking of each Nation, Tthe most current FIS Points List of the best two athletes per gender across all categories per gender will be added togetherused to determine theparticipating nation's teams. The list is sorted by Nation and ranked highest to fowest within each nation. The points are combined for all nation pairs (regardless of the category) of athletes from top to bottom. The top 816 women's teams and the top 16 men's teams will be seeded into the bracketsdecided according to their FIS Rranking. All Nations' number one teams will be considered first. Any remaining slots can be filled by Nations number 2 teams for the brackets, then, number two
teams will fill the remaining brackets in ranking order up to 16 teams for men and 16 teams for women. There is a limit of 2 teams per gender per nation allowed to start.
1411.5.2 Seeding for SBX Team

For the purpose of seeding into brackets, each team will be ranked according to the sum of the FIS Points of both team members.
Ties of teams with the same sum of FIS Points will be broken in favour of the team with the higher individual FIS Points. If the tie still exists, it will be broken by random draw. Teams will be ranked according to team points for purposes of seeding in-to standard SBX brackets.
1411.5.3 Teams eligibility for SBX Team

Each team is composed of two athletes. Once the nation teams qualification and seeding is determined, each nation can field any eligible competitor (*) into their team with a maximum of one $L L 2$ competitor per Sport Class per Men's team, although each competitor is only eligible to compete on one team. Nations must declare which competitor will comprise each team at the seed-team captains meeting_preceding the event for the-competition start. Nations determine by themselves which teammate will run 1st and 2nd. Similar to regular SBX, lane choice is determined by each nation team seed, within each Heat. Teams will declare which teammate will run 1st after the teams have declared lane choice. Lane choice will be declared in the following order; seed 1 , seed 2 , and then teammate running order will be declared in the following order; seed 2 , seed 1 .

### 1411.5.4 EligibilityQualification for SBX Mixed Team

A maximum of 16 teams are permitted to start. To determine the ranking of each Nation, Ithe most current FIS Points List of the best man and best woman across all categories and for both genders-will be added together. used to determine the participating nations teams. The list is sorted by Nation and ranked highest to lowest within each nation. The points are combined for all nation pairs composed by one man and one woman (regardless of the category) of athletes from top to bottom. The top_16 teams will be seeded into the bracketsdecided according to their FIS Pointsranking. All Nations' number one teams will be considered first. Any remaining slots can be filled by Nations number 2 teams for the brackets, then, number two teams will fill the remaining brackets in ranking order up to 16 teams for men and 16 teams for women. All Nations' number one teams will be considered first for the brackets, then, number two teams will fill the remaining brackets in ranking order up to 16 teams. There is a limit of 2 teams per nation allowed to start.
1411.5.5 Seeding for SBX Mixed Team

For the purpose of seeding into brackets, each team will be ranked according to the sum of the FIS Points of both team members.

Ties of teams with the same sum of FIS Points will be broken in favour of the team with the higher individual FIS Points. If the tie still exists, it will be broken by random draw
Teams will be ranked according to team points for purposes of seeding in-to standard SBX brackets.

### 1411.5.7 Competition

In a SBX Team/SBX Mixed Team event the time difference between the first competitors from each team is measured in accordance with the Freestyle/Snowboard FIS Timing Booklet wears a transponder on their front leg boot top (or two transponders one on each leg). A different homologated time calculating system can be used to determine the difference between the athletes. All of the first competitors from each team line up in the start and the traditional SBX start cadence is given with all gates opening at the same time. As soon as these competitors leave the start, the gates are closed and their teammates line up in the same start gate. When the-all first competitors from a-all teams crosses the finish line (or are DNF and in safe position) the the recorded time difference between the first competitors will be entered atin the start gate and a new start command will be given.- Tthe start gates will then open individually for each competitor, with a delay equal to the time difference ofbetween the first competitors up to the maximum penalty time (art. 1411.5.14). transponder sends a signal to the start gate that opens just the individual start gate for their teammate. In case of the absence of an automatic start gate opening system a radio signal maybe given to the starter to open the start gate once the teammate has crossed the finish line. In the case that the first teammate does not finish (DNF) the second teammate's gate will not open. The first two teams whose second teammate crosses the finish line will advance to the next round.

### 1411.5.14 Start Stop

The penalty time for a SBX mMixed Team event is calculated by taking $3-766 \%$ of the average of the best individual race qualification time per discipline-event per gender, with a maximum of three (3) seconds (e.g. (best time Men 0:48 + best time Women 0:51) / $2=49.5 \mathrm{sec} * 6 \%$ $=2.97 \mathrm{sec})$. The penalty time for a non mixedSBX Team event is calculated for each gender separately, by taking 3-766\% of the best individual race qualification time-per respective gender, with a maximum of three (3) seconds. The Jiury may decide to change the penalty time in a range between $3 \%$ and $7 \%$ to adapt to special circumstances and grant interesting racing. The adaption of the penalty-time must be announced at the TCM before the competition.
1412.1.4 Start list 2nd run: Reverse order according to the rankings from the first run including DNF, DSQ, and DNS for Banked Slalom. For Giant Slalom the start list for the second run will be reverse order excluding DNF, DSQ and DNS. In case of Force Majeure situations, the Jury has the right to change the start order.

### 1413.2 Technical Data DBSL

For DBSL the vertical drop of the course must be between 50 and 300 100 meters with a minimum of $\underline{138}$ and maximum $1 \underline{9} 8$ banks.

The course should have a length on the ground of a minimum of 250 meters_and a maximum of 450 meters - recommended length is approximately 250 to 350 meters. In general the courses should be $12-14\left(+/-2,0^{\circ}\right)$ in average steepness with a minimum width of 30 to 40 meters. On shorter sections the course may have a width of 20 meters. Indoor DBSL events may have a minimum course length of 200 meters and a minimum of 9 banks.
Course length and vertical drop should be proportional to each other. DBSL Bank radius shall be between 7 m to 10 m ( 8 m is ideal)

### 1413.11 Finish

The finish areas must be symmetrical. The line of the finish must be DBSL-parallel with the line of the starts.
1413.16.1.1 Seeding for the Finals

All athletes are seeded according to their place of finish in each category.
1413.16.2 Two Runs Qualifying
1413.16.2.1 Two runs both course qQualifying

Whenever possible both runs should be held on the same day. All competitors get one run on this course - the top $50 \%$ of the final brackets, in each category, (women and men) are qualified directly to the Finals. The remaining competitors shall have a second run on the opposite course in the same order as in the first run. The other $50 \%$ of the final brackets, in each category, (only by the time from the second run) are qualified for the Finals.

Seeding for Finals
The first $50 \%$ in each category, are seeded first into the brackets according to their rank of run 1 and then the competitors that qualified on run 2 are seeded according to their rank on run 2 (only by the time from the second run), after the competitors qualified on run one. DSQ's and DNF's on run 2 will be seeded last in the bracket if it is not already to art. 1413.16.5).
1413.16.2.2 Two runs same course qualifying

All competitors complete two timed runs on the same course. The categories may be split between the red and blue courses in an effort to balance the number of runs on each course. The best (fastest) timed run out of the two timed runs will be used to determine the final results of the qualification. DSQ's and DNF's will be seeded last in the bracket if it is not already filled in accordance with rule 1413.16.6 (ties will be broken in accordance with rule 1413.16.5).

Start list 2nd run: Same order of the first run including DNF, DSQ and DNS.
Seeding for Finals
All athletes are seeded according to their place of finish in each category
1413.16.3 Elimination run qualifying

The course is set parallel from the beginning. These courses are the same or similar to the DBSL Finals courses.

This Qualification system consists of two runs that whenever possible should be held on the same day.
1413.16.3.1 $\quad 1^{\text {st }}$ run - Qualification Run

Each competitor has one timed run: odd numbers (1,3,5, ...) on red course, even numbers ( $2,4,6, \ldots$ ) on blue course.
The top 16 ( 8 if less than 25 competitors - see 1413.16.6) ranked competitors of each course advance to the Elimination round.
If there is a tie for the 16th place (8th place if less than 25 competitors) in the first qualification run all tied competitors will start in the elimination run.
In case of a tie between competitors advancing from qualification run to the elimination run, the athlete with the higher start position (used in the seeding) will be ordered first.
1413.16.3.27 $\quad 2^{\text {nd }}$ run - Elimination Run

The start order of the second run will be the reverse order of the results of the first run of each course. Competitors will exchange their course (red competitors of first run will compete on blue course on second run and vice-versa).
The final results after the elimination run will be the total time of the two runs. The top 16 or 8 competitors ( 8 if less than 25 competitorsart. 1413.16.6 with a valid time per gender, per category advance to the final phase.
If two or more competitors advancing to the final phase, including ties for the last eligible position for the Finals (4th, 8th, 16th) after two qualification runs are tied, the ties will be broken by the best run of two.

If they are still tied, the athlete with the higher start position (used in the seeding) will be ordered first.
1413.16.3.3 Seeding for the Finals All athletes are seeded according to the total times of the two runs.
1413.16.5 Tie-Breaking in Qualification

In case of a tie for tast all bracketqualifying places in the first (or single run qualification format) and/or second qualifying run, the tie will be broken in favour of the athlete with the higher start position (used in the seeding or the qualification runs). In case of a tie for all bracketqualifying places with two run same course qualification (art. 1413.16.2.2), the tie will be broken by calculating the the best run of total time of the two runs for each tied athlete. If one of the tied athletes has only one qualification run and/or was DSQ, DNF or DNS in one of the two runs they will automatically lose the tie. If a tie still exists, the athlete with the higher start position (used in the seeding or the qualification runs) will win.
1413.16.6 Competitors Qualified to Finals

The number of When using the sSingle $\ddagger$ Run kKnock- - Out format (art. 1413.20.2), 16 competitors per category and gender are qualified for the Finals-w single run knock out format. When using the Two rRun and re-run-format (1413.20.1), -8 competitors per category and gender are qualified for the Finals-with run and re-run format. When using a mixed system ( $1 / 4$ and $1 / 2$ Finals with sSingle fRun kKnock- 0 -Out format, small and big Final using a Two fRun and re-run-format), 8 competitors per category and gender are qualified for the Finals-with mixed system (1/4 and 1/2 Finals with single run knock out format, small and big Final with run and re-run format) depends on the number of participants in the qualification runs per category.:-

1. if there are 25 or more participants in the qualifications per eategory, 16 competitors will be qualified for the Finals.
2. if there are less than 25 participants in the qualifications per eategory, 8 competitors will be qualified for the Finals.
If the Finals cannot be fully completed due to force majeure (weather, failure of timing equipment, course conditions etc.) the results of the qualifications will be valid as final results.

### 1413.19 Starting order

For each pair the competitor which is listed first or respectively on top of the pairing will do their first run on the red course. Following the order in the table, from top to bottom, all groups compete in succession. For the second run the competitors change courses. All runs in the DBSL final are done using this system.
1413.19.1 A-The DBSL $f$ Finals may consists of:

> 1/8-Finals

1/4-Finals
1/2-Finals
Small and Big Finals
1413.19.1.4 Small and Big Finals

The winner of the Big Final will be ranked $1^{\text {st }}$. The loser of the Big Final will be ranked $2^{\text {nd }}$.

The winner of the small final will be ranked $3^{\text {rd }}$. The loser of the small final will be ranked $4^{\text {th }}$.
If there are less than 5 competitors in a category, a Final with only 4 competitors is allowed.
The Jury needs to announce this at the Team Captains meeting before the competition
Places 5 to 8 and places 9 to 16 are determined by the times of the qualification run(s). In any case a competitor which has qualified for a certain group will remain in this group even if their qualification time was slower than one or more of the qualification times for competitors eliminated in a lower group. (e.g.: Once a competitor is qualified for inclusion in the top 8 the competitor will remain in the top 8.)
1413.20.1 Two run format for DBSL Finals

For each heat, pair the competitor with the better qualification time, which is listed first or respectively on top of the pairing will do their first fun on the redchoose the course. Following the order in the table, from top to bottom, all groups compete in succession. For the second run the competitors change courses. All heatsruns in thise DBSL Ffinals format are done using this system.
1413.20.2 Single Run Knock-out Final Format

Each pair of competitors has to make only one run. The competitor with the better qualification rank can choose either the red or blue course. The selection must be made no later thanlatest when the competitor enters the start platform.
1413.25.2 Single run format: A single run format during the Finals (one run to decide who advances in the Finals) may be used in any phase of the DBSL except for Semi, small and big Finals and must be announced before the beginning of any phase of the competition.
The-A competitor who is disqualified or does not finish/abandons in histhe run is eliminated.
1414.5.1 EligibilityQualification for DBSL Team

A maximum of 16 teams per gender are permitted to start. To determine the ranking of each Nation, Tthe most current FIS Points of the best two athletes per gender across List of all categories per gender will be added togetherused to determine the participating nation's teams. The list is sorted by Nation and ranked highest to fowest within each nation. The points are combined for all nation pairs (regardless of the category) of athletes from top to bottom. The top 816 women's teams and the top 16 men's teams will be seeded into the bracketsdecided according to their FIS Rranking. All Nations' number one teams will be considered first. Any remaining slots can be filled by Nations number 2 teams for the brackets, then, number two teams will fill the remaining brackets in ranking order up to 16 teams for men and 16 teams for women. All Nations' number one teams will be considered first for the brackets, then, number two teams will fill the remaining brackets in ranking order up to 16 teams for men and 8 teams for women. There is a limit of 2 teams per gender per nation allowed to start.
1414.5.2 Seeding for DBSL Team

Teams will be ranked according to team points for purposes of seeding into standard DBSL brackets.
For the purpose of seeding into brackets, each team will be ranked according to the sum of the FIS Points of both team members.

Ties of teams with the same sum of FIS Points will be broken in favour of the team with the higher individual FIS Points. If the tie still exists, it will be broken by random draw.
1414.5.4 EligibilityQualification for DBSL Mixed Team

A maximum of 16 teams are permitted to start. To determine the ranking of each Nation, Tthe most current FIS Points List-of the best man and best woman acrossof__all categories will be added together and for both genders will be used to determine the participating nations teams. The list is sorted by Nation and ranked highest to lowest within each nation. The points are combined for all nation pairs composed by one man and one woman (regardless of the category) of athletes from top to bottom. The top_16 teams will be seeded into the bracketsdecided according to their FIS Points Listranking. All Nations' number one teams will be considered first. Any remaining slots can be filled by Nations number 2 teams for the brackets, then, number two teams will fill the remaining brackets in ranking order up to 16 teams for men and 16 teams for women. All Nations' number one teams will be considered first for the brackets, then, number two teams will fill the remaining brackets in ranking order up to 16 teams. There is a limit of 2 teams per nation allowed to start.
1414.5.5 Seeding for DBSL Mixed Team

For the purpose of seeding into brackets, each team will be ranked according to the sum of the FIS Points of both team members. Teams will be ranked according to team points for purposes of seeding into standard DBSL brackets-

Ties of teams with the same sum of FIS Points will be broken in favour of the team with the higher individual FIS Points. If the tie still exists, it will be broken by random draw.
1414.5.7 Competition

The first competitors from each team will start with the standard parallel start sequence: gates will open simultaneously. As soon as these competitors leave the start, the gates are closed and the 2nd team competitors line up in the same-opposite start gate. When the firstthe competitors of a-both teams crosses the finish line (or are DNF and in safe position) the correspondingthe time difference will be entered at the start and a new start command will be given, the start gates will open with the time difference of the first pair of competitors up to the maximum penalty time (art. 1414.5.14). The team whose 2nd team competitor crosses the finish line first will be the winner of the Heat.
1414.5.14 The penalty time for a DBSL Mmixed Team Event is calculated by taking $3-766 \%$ of the average of the best individual race qualification time per discipline event per gender, with a maximum of three (3) seconds (e.g. (best time Men 0:48 + best time Women 0:51) / $2=49.5$ $\mathrm{sec} * 6 \%=2.97 \mathrm{sec})$. The penalty time for a non mixedDBSL Team event is calculated for each gender separately, by taking 3-766\% of the best individual race qualification time-per respective gender, with a maximum of three (3) seconds. The Jury may decide to change the Penalty-Time in a range between $3 \%$ and $7 \%$ to adapt to special circumstances and grant interesting racing. The adaption of the penalty-time must be announced at the TCM before the competition.

## 1415 Race points calculation process

For every valid international competition registered in the FIS calendar, except for Team Events, FIS Points are awarded to all ranked competitors.

## 1416 Point scales

Points will be awarded according to the following scales
Scale 1000-Entry Points 1000
Scale 260 - Entry Points 251
Scale 240-Entry Points 231

Scale 220 - Entry Points 211
Scale 200 - Entry Points 191
Scale 180-Entry Points 171
Scale 160-Entry Points 156
Scale 150-Entry Points 146
Scale 140-Entry Points 136
Scale 130-Entry Points 126
Scale 120-Entry Points 116
Scale 110-Entry Points 106
Scale 100-Entry Points 96
Scale 90-Entry Points 86
Scale 70- Entry Points 66
Scale 50-Entry Points 0

