

FIS COUNCIL MEETING, 12TH & 13TH JUNE 2025

SUMMARY MINUTES

1. Opening of the Meeting

President Eliasch opened the first part of the meeting and welcomed the participants.

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2. Members present

Johan Eliasch, President (FIS)
Deidra Dionne (CAN)
Tove Moe Dyrhaug (NOR)
Alex Fiva, Athletes' Representative (SUI)
Anna Harboe Falkenberg (DEN)
Adam Hall, Athletes' Representative (NZL)
Michael Huber (AUT)
Freddy Keirouz (LBN)
Karin Mattsson (SWE)
Tzeko Minev (BUL) // only attended on 12th June 2025
Aki Murasato (JPN)
Alexander Ospelt (LIE)
Dexter Paine (USA)
May Peus (ESP)
Jean-Philippe Rochat (SUI)
Flavio Roda (ITA)
Fabien Saguez (FRA)
Enzo Smrekar (SLO)
Franz Steinle (GER)
Fiona Stevens (NZL)
Verena Stuffer, Athletes' Representative (ITA)
Matti Uusitalo (FIN)
Michel Vion, Secretary General (FIS)

Observers:

Aoife Keane, FIS General Counsel
Stefan Ruf, Chief Financial and Administrative Officer
Stephan Netzle, external Legal Counsel

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3. Approval of the Agenda

The Council approved the agenda.

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4. Minutes from the FIS Council Meeting 7th May 2025

The summary minutes were published on the FIS Website on 23rd May 2025. There is an amendment necessary as under item 7.3 “Annual Accounts” it was mentioned that the Council approved the Financial Statements for the financial year 2025. This should be for the financial year 2024.

The Council approved the confidential minutes.

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5. President’s Report

#CombinedForChange Sustainability Tour

During the 2024/25 season, each of the eight Local Organizing Committees (LOCs) hosting a Viessmann FIS Nordic Combined World Cup event took part in the #CombinedForChange Sustainability Tour – an inspiring journey of environmental and social innovation. Through this initiative, each LOC implemented and presented a unique project designed to foster sustainability and progress within the winter sports ecosystem.

Among the standout efforts, the Schonach World Cup organizers in Germany earned top honours, receiving the inaugural FIS Combined for Change Award presented by Viessmann Climate Solutions. Their winning concept brought together two impactful elements: a centralized, energy-efficient ski waxing tent shared by all teams and the inclusion of complimentary public transport in event tickets.

In recognition of their achievement, the Schonach LOC will receive a €10,000 voucher from Viessmann Climate Solutions to invest in further climate-smart upgrades, reinforcing their leadership in sustainable event hosting.

New Collaboration with the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation

FIS is proud to announce a new partnership with the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation, aimed at enhancing environmental stewardship and knowledge-sharing. Beginning in September 2025, FIS and the Human-Wildlife Initiative will launch a biodiversity impact study. This research will focus on two of the most nature-integrated disciplines – Alpine Skiing and Freeride – using leading international competitions as pilot events.

Development Advancements

The 2024/25 season was a landmark year for FIS Development, demonstrating the team’s unwavering commitment to empowering athletes, coaches, and National Ski Associations (NSAs) around the world. Driven by a mission to build capacity and elevate performance, the programme achieved remarkable growth across all key areas compared to the previous season.

This year, FIS Development supported 765 athletes, worked with 65 NSAs, and delivered 35 unique activities across three regions — a clear reflection of its expanding impact and outreach.

This means 81.3% increase in the number of athletes and coaches supported; 20.4% increase in the number of NSAs benefiting from the programme; and 20.7% increase in the number of development activities delivered globally.

FIS Women Lead Sports Programme – Second Edition

FIS continues its commitment to advancing gender equality in sport leadership with the return of the FIS Women Lead Sports Programme. Now entering its second edition, the programme is designed to prepare and empower women for greater leadership roles within their organizations.

The course, led by award-winning Olympic coach and trainer Gabriela Mueller, will be delivered online every Wednesday from 11 June to 2 July 2025. Drawing on two decades of experience, Mueller will guide participants in strengthening their leadership presence and effectiveness, helping to build a more inclusive future across all levels of sport governance.

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FIS COMMITTEES

6. Proposal and requests from Technical Committees

6.1. Alpine Committee

The Council approved the rules regarding Shin Pads with 14 votes in favour, 6 votes against and 1 abstention.

The Council approved the other proposals from the Alpine Committee with the exception of the request for financial support for live streaming of European Cup events.

6.2. Nordic Committees

The Council approved the proposals.

6.3. Snowboard, Freestyle, Freeski Committee

The Council approved the proposals unanimously with the following amendments:

The Ski Cross section, 7201.5.1:

If it is a jury decision to accept the use of drones on the field of play. For final runs, the drone footage of all heats needs to be available for the jury for decisions concerning 7404, and then it should be added and for all teams after the race.

6.4. Para Snow Sports Committee

The Council approved the proposals.

6.5. Telemark Committee

The Council approved the proposals.

6.6. Speed Ski Committee

The Council approved the proposals with the restriction that the Committee submits a clear plan for the discipline including a calendar.

6.7. Grass Ski Committee

The Council approved the proposals.

6.8. Sub-Committee for Masters Racing

The Council approved the proposals.

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FIS Congress 2025 – Amended NSA Proposals (additional topic)

President Eliasch informed the FIS Council regarding the amendments of the NSA proposals to be submitted to the FIS Congress 2025.

The Council approved the amended proposals.

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7. Appointment Chair Sub-Committee Alpine World Cup

Due to the resignation of Walter Vogel, a new Chair for the Sub-Committee Alpine World Cup needs to be nominated.

Austria had submitted the nomination of Herbert Mandl and Finland the nomination of Janne Leskinen.

The vote took place by secret ballot and the results of the vote were presented at the end of the meeting on 12th June 2025

Janne Leskinen was elected with 12 votes as the Chair of the Sub-Committee for Alpine World Cup.

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8. Requests for changes in Technical Committees

Sub-Committee for Cross-Country World and Continental Cups

Walter Reusser (SUI) to be replaced by Rafael Ratti (SUI)

Sub-Committee for Youth & Children's Questions

Marco Isenschmid (SUI) to be replaced by Gion-Antieni Maissen (SUI)

Alpine Executive Board

Karin Stolt Halversson (SWE) to be replaced by Stefan Dahlsten (SWE)

Alpine Committee

Kenneth Bøggild (DEN) to be replaced by Thomas Jacobsen (DEN)

Sub-Committee for Alpine Citizen Racers

Kenneth Bøggild (DEN) to be replaced by Thomas Jacobsen (DEN)

Sub-Committee for Alpine Youth & Children's Questions

Kenneth Bøggild (DEN) to be replaced by Thomas Jacobsen (DEN)

Committee for Public Relations and Mass Media

Karin Stolt Halversson (SWE) to be replaced by Frippe Stenberg (SWE)

The Council approved the above-mentioned change of nomination for FIS Technical Committees.

In addition the Council approved the nomination of Tomi Trbovc as Chair of the Committee for Public Relations and Mass Media.

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MAJOR FIS EVENTS

9. The FIS World Championships

9.1 Reports FIS World Championships

- FIS Ski Flying World Championships 2026, Oberstdorf (GER), 23rd to 25th January 2026;
- FIS Alpine World Ski Championships 2027, Crans-Montana (SUI), 1st to 14th February 2027;
- FIS Nordic World Ski Championships 2027, Falun (SWE), 17th to 28th February 2027;
- FIS Snowboard, Freestyle and Freeski World Championships 2027, Montafon (AUT), 7th to 20th March 2027;
- FIS Para Alpine Ski World Championships 2027 Tignes (FRA), 7th to 19th March 2027;
- FIS Ski Flying World Championships 2028, Planica (SLO), 24th to 26th March 2028;
- FIS Alpine Ski World Championships 2029, Narvik (NOR), dates tbc
- FIS Nordic World Ski Championships 2029, Lahti (FIN), dates tbc
- FIS Snowboard, Freestyle and Freeski World Championships 2029, Zhangjiakou (CHN), 28th January to 11th February 2029;
- FIS Alpine Ski World Championships 2031, Val Gardena (ITA), dates tbc;

The reports of FIS World and World Para Championships 2025, 2026, 2027 and, 2029 can be found under this [link](#).

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9.2 Candidates future FIS World Championships

The German Ski Federation with Finsterau has applied for the organisation of the FIS Para Cross-Country World Championships 2027 from 21st to 23rd January 2027 or 17th to 21st February 2027.

The Council approved the candidacy of the German Ski Federation.

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10. FIS Junior World Championships

10.1 Report

- FIS Nordic Junior World Ski Championships 2026, Trondheim (NOR)
- FIS Alpine Junior World Ski Championships 2026, Narvik (NOR)

An update report of the FIS Junior World Championships can be found under annex 10.

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10.2 Candidates future FIS Junior World Championships

- Canada Ski and Snowboard with Calgary has applied for the organisation of the FIS Ski Park & Pipe Junior World Championships from 23rd February to 7th March 2026.
- Latvian Ski Federation with Madona has applied for the organisation of the FIS Rollerski Junior World Championships 2025.
- Swiss Ski with Airolo has applied for the organisation of the FIS Aerials & Moguls Junior World Championships 2026.
- The Swedish Ski Association with Åre and SkiStar has applied for the organisation of the Moguls and Ski Cross Junior World Championships 2027.

The Council approved the above-mentioned candidacies.

Important Note:

In principle at the Opening Ceremony of the FIS Junior World Ski Championships the Council Member from the host nation where possible will represent FIS.

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OTHER INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS

11. The International Olympic Committee / Olympic Winter Games

11.1. Olympic Winter Games 2026 in Milano-Cortina

The update report can be found under this [link](#).

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FINANCE

12. Requests for financial support

The various Technical Committees have submitted corresponding proposals to the FIS Council for financial support of their activities in the 2025/2026 season, such as courses and seminars for officials, judges etc.

The requests for financial support submitted by the FIS Technical Committees can be found under annex 12.

The Council approved the requests for financial support.

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13. Financial distribution 2025

An overview of the financial distribution can be found under annex 13.

The Council acknowledged the financial distribution 2025.

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FIS DEPARTMENTS REPORTS

14. FIS Integrity

The report from the FIS Integrity Department can be found under annex 14.

The Council acknowledged the report.

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15. FIS Development

The report from the FIS Development Department can be found under annex 15a.
An overview regarding the FIS Plus & FIS Start Programmes can be found under annex 15b.

The Council acknowledged the reports from the FIS Development Department with the request for more details on the overview for the FIS Plus Programme.

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16. Partnership and sponsor advertising agreements

The report can be found under annex 16.

The Council acknowledged the overview.

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GOVERNANCE AND ETHICS

17. FIS Council and Executive Committee Rules

The amended FIS Council and Executive Committee Rules had been submitted to the FIS Council on 21st May 2025.

The Rules will be amended in case the NSA proposal to abandon the Executive Committee will be approved by the FIS Congress.

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COMPETITION ORGANISATION

18. FIS World Cup

18.1. Approval of Calendars 2025/2026

The calendars for the season 2025/2026 can found under the following annexes:

- 18.1.1 Alpine WC Calendars
- 18.1.2 Nordic WC Calendars
- 18.1.3 Snowboard, Freestyle, Freeski WC Calendars

The amendments of the dates for the events of Nordic Combined taking place in Schonach (GER) have been taken into consideration.

The Council approved the above-mentioned calendars with one abstention.

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19. Appointment of officials

19.1. Approval of Appointment of jury members

At its Meeting on 8th November 2024 the Council has appointed the jury members for the FIS World Championships, as well as for other major events. The respective Technical Committees have submitted proposals for various jury members and technical officials following their Spring Meetings 2025. The list includes appointments made previously (new proposals in bold type).

The list with updates after the FIS Technical Committee Meetings can be found under annex 19.

19.2. Approval Key Technical Officials in World Championships Organising Committees

At its meeting on 8th November 2024 the Council has approved the chief of competition/race, chief of course/hill and other key technical officials. The respective Organising Committees have made the new proposals for various positions, which have been reviewed by the respective FIS Competition Management (new proposals in bold type).

The list with updates after the FIS Technical Committee Meetings can be found under annex 19.

The Council approved the updated appointments of Jury Members and Key Technical Officials.

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THE INTERNATIONAL SKI CONGRESS

21. Nominations to the FIS Congress

- a) President Eliasch nominates Edward Gardiner as Notary Public and xx, Quest and xx, Quest as Scrutineers for the FIS Congress 2025
- b) The Para Athlete Focus Group proposes Dani Aravich as the female Para Athletes' Representative as FIS Council Member.
- c) President Eliasch nominates the Head of Sports, Quest as the Independent Ethics and Compliance Officer for the term 1st June 2025 to 31st May 2027.

The Council approved the above-mentioned nominations to the FIS Congress.

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22. Dates of the FIS Congress 2026 and 2027

The 57th International Ski Congress 2026 will take place on 10th and 11th June 2026 in Belgrad, SRB.

The date of the 58th International Ski Congress 2027 taking place online will be defined at the FIS Council Autumn meeting taking into consideration the proposal to change the financial year-end.

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23. Place and date of the FIS Congress 2028

The place and date of the 59th International Ski Congress 2028 will be approved by the FIS Council at its Autumn Meeting after a review by the FIS Staff Team has taken place.

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24. Next meetings of the FIS Council

- 24th September 2025, Zurich (SUI) – in connection with the Technical Committee Autumn Meetings
- 21st October 2025, online
- 8th April 2026, online
- 10th June 2026, Belgrade (SRB) – in connection with the FIS Congress 2026

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NATIONAL SKI ASSOCIATIONS

20. Requests for change of licence

20.1. Requests supported

The following requests for change of licence have been submitted in conformity with the regulations:

Cross-Country

- Peter Hinds, change from USA to Slovakia
- Rufus Hinks, change from USA to Great Britain
- Guillaume Hoel Grand Clement, change from France to Switzerland
- Nicolas Claveau Laviolette, change from Canada to Venezuela
- Anders Linseisen, change from USA to Canada
- Selma Nevin, change from Norway to USA
- Anna Pryce, change from Canada to Great Britain
- Wilhelm Louis Sjaafjell, change from Norway to Germany
- Sondre Holaa Soedring, change from Norway to Denmark
- Charlie Williams, change from Canada to Great Britain
- Dmitry Zhuravlev, change from Russia to Portugal

Ski Jumping

- Zakhir Dzahafarov, change from Russia to Azerbaijan
- Hugo Weigl, change from Hungary to Germany
- Louis Obersteiner, change from Austria to France

Alpine

- Vivaan Alleyne, change from USA to Trinidad & Tobago
- Casper Bartels, change from Austria to Netherlands
- George Brown, change from Great Britain to Ireland
- Sara Buzdugan, change from Canada to Romania
- Giovanna Cacciato, change from Italy to Brazil
- Matteo Ciarlitti, change from Italy to Poland
- Semir Dautir, change from Italy to Albania
- Aymane Hassouf, change from France to Morocco
- Hanna Hintz, change from Switzerland to Germany
- Lana Hrgic, change from Austria to Croatia
- Tommy Lochmann, change from Italy to Czechia
- Simon Lochmann, change from Italy to Czechia
- Declan O'Driscoll, change from USA to Ireland
- Jamison Olesky, change from USA to Poland
- Christian Oliveira Soevik, change from Norway to Brazil
- Soneva Scott, change from Great Britain to Ireland
- Eva Maria Svidonova, change from Slovakia to Czechia
- Winston Tang, change from USA to Guinea-Bissau
- Pietro Tranchina, change from Italy to Morocco
- Julien Turone, change from USA to Jamaica

- Thomas Weir, change from Switzerland to South Africa
- Cheon Wowkonowicz, change from France to Bhutan
- William Zurbay, change from USA to Ireland

Freestyle/Freeski/Ski Cross

- George Cavanagh, change from United States of America to Ireland
- Benjamin Lynch, change from Canada to Ireland
- Tyler Nicholls-Stubbington, change from Great Britain to Ireland
- Avery Krumme, change from Canada to United States of America
- Mateo Raclos, change from France to Chile
- Persson Lenna, change from United States of America to New Zealand
- on Orgeldinger, change from United States of America to Germany
- Charlie Roberts, change from Canada to Germany
- Jeremy Boiston, change from France to Great Britain
- Bogale Giddings, change from United States of America to Ethiopia
- Anja Barugh, change from New Zealand to Ireland

Snowboard

- Max Vardy, change from Australia to Great Britain
- Alexander Phillip Schwab, change from United States of America to Greece
- Daria Belova, change from Russia to Austria
- Lena Müller, change from Switzerland to Germany
- Daniel Krajewski, change from United States of America to Brazil
- Patrick Burgener, change from Switzerland to Brazil
- Elena Kulikov change from Russia to Uzbekistan
- Dmitry Sarsembayev, change from Russia to Uzbekistan
- Milena Sarsembayev, change from Russia to Uzbekistan

Para Snowsports

- Sophie Teboul, change from France to Spain

Speed Skiing

- Bora Umur, change from Switzerland to Turkey

Masters

- Maxim Derevyankin from Russia to Israel
- Pierre Stiemsbert from France to Switzerland

The Council approved the above mentioned requests for licence change.

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20.2. Requests subject to outstanding documents

The following request for change of licence have been received with documents still to be submitted:

Cross-Country

- Quinn O'Shea, change from Canada to Ireland – passport pending

Alpine

- Thomas Burgschwaiger, change from Austria to Czechia - passport pending
- Sebastian Tuma, change from Switzerland to Czechia – passport pending
- Connor Verseveld, change from Netherlands to Ireland - passport pending

Para Snowsports

- Mike Minor, change from USA to Finland - passport pending

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The Council acknowledged the above mentioned requests for licence change. These requests will be re-submitted for approval by the FIS Council at its Autumn meeting provided the missing documents have been received.

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20.3. Requests subject to discussion

The following request for change of are subject to discussion for various reasons:

Alpine

- Adriana Jelinkova, change from Czechia to Netherlands
2 years residency missing; 2nd change of licence
- Piera Hudson, change from New Zealand to United Arab Emirates
No proof of residency in UAE provided, only ID valid 2023-2033
- Anastasia Papathomas, change from Cyprus to Azerbaijan
2 years residency clearly forged
- Arturo Severi, change from Italy to Albania
Passport missing; Great-great grandmother from Albania (born 1907)
- Nathan Tchibozo, change from Togo to Benin
Letter of release missing; possible exception without letter of release would be one year without starts (ICR 203.5.1); is the second nation request for nation change after France to Togo

Para Snowsports

- Carina Edlinger, change from Austria to Czechia
2 years residency missing
Potential exceptional case due to experiences made in the current NSA as per art. 203.5.3 (confirmed by Sarah Fussek/Integrity Unit) for having to provide proof that the athlete has had her official residence for at least 2 years in the new country

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The Council did not approved the above mentioned requests for licence change.

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The FIS Council meeting on 12th June 2025 was closed at 19.45 hrs

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President Eliasch opened the second part of the FIS Council meeting on 13th June 2025 at 10.30 hrs

18.2 Prize Money 2025/2026 and 2026/2027

The Council discussed different models for Prize Money 2025/2026 and decided in favour of a Prize Money increase of 20% of which 10% is underwritten by FIS and the remaining 10% is voluntary for the organizers for the season 2025/2026.

The Prize Money for the season 2026/2027 will be discussed at the FIS Council Autumn meeting.

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President Eliasch closed the second part of the FIS Council meeting at 12.10 hrs.

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Oberhofen, 13th June 2025

Michel Vion
Secretary General

Annex 6.1. Proposals from the Alpine Committees

The Alpine Committee submits the following proposals for approval by the FIS Council:

Executive Board

The Executive Board confirmed again the Artikel 3.5.2.4 to using an Airbag mandatory for all race level 0 and 1 from the season 2025/26 starts on 15th October 2025.

After the technical meetings in Vilamoura (POR), some nations expressed their doubts about the mandatory implementation of the Airbag for race level 1. Therefore, the FIS technical professionals re-analysed all the circumstances and propose the following to the FIS Council:

The Executive Board confirmed again the Artikel 3.5.2.4 to using an Airbag mandatory for all race level 0 and 1 (except Nor-Am Cup, Far East Cup and Junior World Championships, where it is strongly recommended) from the season 2025/26 starting on 15th October 2025.

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Committee for Competition Equipment

Carbon shin shells

The Committee for Competition Equipment proposes to add the following article to the Specifications for Alpine Competition Equipment:

3.5.4 Shin Pads

No additional rigid parts are allowed to be worn as shin pads inside the boot. To treat medical issues, additional protection pads, as soft padding can be approved by FIS. Those pads must be made of soft material (e.g. gel, foam) and be flexible in all directions. Additionally, they cannot have a preformed, curved shape adapted to the leg and their size must not exceed the height and width of the ski boot tongue.

The Alpine Committee confirmed the prohibition to use Carbon shin shells, inside or outside the ski boots and refers for this prohibition, ICR art 222 and paragraphs.

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Sub-Committee for Classification of Alpine Competitors

Category Adder

4.5

Category Adder and Minimum/Maximum Value

The category adder and minimum/maximum values will be published on each valid FIS points list (1st page).

Women & Men

ADDER					
Disc.	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
DH	0	0	<u>80</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>80</u>
SL	0	0	<u>80</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>80</u>
GS	0	0	<u>80</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>80</u>
SG	0	0	<u>80</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>80</u>

Average of three results in Tech Events

4.2.1 Base FIS Points list (BL) (*)

The Base FIS Points List (BL) will be published according to the schedule on the FIS website during the middle of June.

4.2.1.1

The average of the best ~~two~~ results in each event during the past season will be used for the calculation of the BL list as follows:

Slalom and Giant Slalom: best three (3) results

Downhill, Super G, and Alpine Combined: best two (2) results

4.2.1.2

During the past season period, For competitors who have obtained fewer than three (3) results in Slalom or Giant Slalom, or fewer than two (2) results in Downhill, Super G, or Alpine Combined ~~only one result in any of the alpine events (Downhill, Slalom, Giant Slalom, Super G or Alpine Combined), during the past season period,~~ will be subject to the following adjustments 20% (+) of their result will be added to the result.

Slalom and Giant Slalom - two (2) results: Calculate the average of the two results and apply a 20% penalty to that average.

Slalom and Giant Slalom - one (1) result: Add a 20% penalty to the single result, then apply an additional 20% penalty to the new total. Example: A single result of 48.00 → 48.00 plus 20% = 57.60 → 57.60 plus 20% = 69.12).

Downhill, Super G, and Alpine Combined - one (1) result: Add a 20% penalty to the single result.

4.2.1.3

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4.2.2

Normal FIS Points list (NL)

List number one will be published 1st July based on the BL. Other lists will be published according to the schedule available on the FIS website.

4.2.2.1

During the current period, for competitors with valid BL points, The the NL will reflect the average of a competitor's ~~two~~ best results in each event ~~during the current period~~ only if the those points are better than the BL as follows:-

Slalom and Giant Slalom: best three (3) results

Downhill, Super G, and Alpine Combined: best two (2) results

4.2.2.2 ~~Only one Result and n~~ No BL points

During the current period, if a competitor does not have BL points, their NL points will be calculated using the same method as described in 4.2.2.1 20% will be added to the competitors result.

4.2.2.3 ~~Only one Result and BL points~~ Fewer results than required and BL points

During the current period, if a competitor has valid BL points in an event and obtains only one (1) or two (2) results in Slalom or Giant Slalom, or only one (1) result in Downhill, Super G, or Alpine Combined, per event during the current period, but has BL points, then the BL points will remain be valid and be used.

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Sub-Committee for Alpine Rules

Electric Timing

611.2.1 Electric Timing

For all international competitions, FIS World Cup, FIS Continental Cups and FIS competitions, two synchronised electronically isolated timing systems operating in time-of-day must be used. One system will be designated system A (main system), the other system B (back-up system) prior to the beginning of the race. Only exception for Parallel competitions, on Level 2, 3 and 4 where no system B is required.

Time of day times must be immediately and automatically sequentially recorded on printed strips (for level 3 and 4, memorized electronically is accepted) -at the maximum precision of the timing device according to the requirements for homologation. The final result is calculated by subtracting the start time from the finish time for each skier's run and is then expressed to 1/100th (0.01) precision by truncating the calculated net time on course.

All times used for the final result must be from system A. If there is a failure of system A, a calculated net time from system B must be used following the same procedure as set out in art. 611.3.2.1. It is not permitted to substitute time-of-day times from system B for use with system A for the purpose of net time calculations. For all events, system A must be connected to its respective start gate contact. System B must be separately connected to another electronically isolated start gate contact.

Refer to the FIS Timing Booklet for more details regarding cabling and complete wiring descriptions, diagrams and start gate installations. All timing equipment and technical installation should be set up or protected in such a way that danger to the competitors is avoided where possible. Synchronisation of the timing systems must occur as close as possible to the scheduled start for the first run of the day.

Synchronisation of all systems must be maintained throughout each run. Timers must not be re synchronised during any run.

The Chief Timekeeper

612.4 The Chief Timekeeper

The chief timekeeper is responsible for the accuracy of the timing and synchronises the watches with the starter as shortly before and after the race as is possible. The chief timekeeper must publish unofficial times as quickly as possible (on the scoreboard, etc.). If the electric timing fails, the chief timekeeper must communicate immediately with the start referee and the TD, the equivalent electronic time report (see data booklet) must be prepared. The Jury must control and approve it. The report may also be shown to the representative of the nations concerned.

Interdiction to Continue after a competitor stops

614.2.3 Interdiction to Continue after a competitor stops

If a competitor's skis come to a complete stop ~~(e.g. after a fall)~~, they must no longer continue through previous or further gates. ~~If a competitor continues without their skis coming to a complete stop, they must not interfere with the run of the next competitor or be passed by the next competitor.~~

Starting Order for the 2nd and 3rd Run of a three run race

621.12 Starting Order for the 2nd and 3rd Run of a three run race

621.12.1 Starting Order for the 2nd Run of a three-run race

621.12.1.1 In competitions with three runs, the starting order for the second run is

- determined by the result list of the first run except for the first 30 places.
- 621.12.1.2 For the first 30 places the starting order is as follows:
- the 30th in the result list starts 1st
 - the 29th in the result list starts 2nd
 - the 28th in the result list starts 3rd
 - the 27th in the result list starts 4th
 - the 1st in the result list starts 30th
 - from the 31st onward according to the result list of the first and second run. If more than one competitor is ranked 30th, the competitor with the lowest start number will start first.
- 621.12.2 Starting Order for the 3rd Run of a three-run race
- 621.12.2.1 In competitions with three runs, the starting order for the third run is determined by the result list of the first and second run except for the first 30 places.
- 621.12.2.2 For the first 30 places the starting order is as follows:
- the 30th in the result list starts 1st
 - the 29th in the result list starts 2nd
 - the 28th in the result list starts 3rd
 - the 27th in the result list starts 4th
 - the 1st in the result list starts 30th
 - from the 31st onward according to the result list of the first and second run. If more than one competitor is ranked 30th, the competitor with the lowest start number will start first.
- 621.12.3 Starting Order for the 2nd and 3rd Run at FIS Races (all levels)
- The Jury has the right to decide no later than one hour before the start of the first run; whether the reversed order shall be reduced to the first fifteen placed competitors from the first run.
- 621.12.4 A start list for the second and third run must be published in good time and distributed to teams and officials.

621.123 Double Entries

Grounds for Interference

623.2 Grounds for Interference

- 623.2.1 Blocking of the ~~course~~ racing line by an official, a spectator, an animal or other obstruction.
- 623.2.2 Blocking of the ~~course~~ racing line by a fallen competitor who does not clear the course quickly enough.
- 623.2.3 Blocking of the racing line by a broken or detached pole caused by the competitor (Level 1, 2, 3, 4).

Three run slalom

803.2.2 Three run slalom

In a three run Slalom, each run must include at least two of the following combinations: vertical combination, hairpin combination, or delay gate combination.

Wording clarifications

602.4.2 Cancellations or postponements of events must be announced to the TD and to the FIS immediately, ~~taking into account~~ observing any applicable deadlines. Postponements must always have a future date, otherwise the event is considered cancelled. Cancellations and postponements are always shown on the FIS website.

613.4 Start Signals

~~10 seconds before the start, the starter will tell each competitor "10 seconds". Five seconds before the start, the starter should count "5, 4, 3, 2, 1" and then give the start command "Go - Partez - Los". (For Slalom see art. 805.3).~~

~~If possible, an automatic audible signal is to be used (art. 611.2.1.3). The starter will let the competitor see the start clock.~~

If possible, a start clock with an automatic audible signal is to be used (art. 611.2.1.3). The starter will let the competitor see the start clock.

If a start clock is not used, 10 seconds before the start, the starter will tell each competitor "10 seconds". Five seconds before the start, the starter should count "5, 4, 3, 2, 1" and then give the start command "Go - Partez - Los". (For Slalom see art. 805.3).

615.1.5 ~~For competitors who have finished their runs, a special area separated from the actual finish, is to be provided. In this area or corridor, it should be possible to make contact with the press (print, radio, TV and film) located in the media corridors.~~

A special area, separated from the actual finish, is to be provided for competitors who have finished their run. In this area, it should be possible to make contact with the press (print, radio, TV and film) located in the media corridors.

* * *

Sub-Committee for Alpine World Cup

Duration for Payment of expenses

4.2.2 Duration for payment of expenses

The duration for the payment of expenses as well as the regulation of arrival / departure must correspond to the regulation for competitors as mentioned in art. 4.1.2.

During this period allocation of single rooms per team must be made according to the following table:

1 to 3 officials	=	1 single room
4 to 6 officials	=	3 single rooms
7 officials or more	=	5 single rooms

In case of an uneven number of athletes (3 or more athletes), the team is entitled to an extra single room.

Wild Card

The Sub-Committee asks the FIS Council to allow Marcel Hirscher (NED) to use the remaining 17 starts of the Wild Card Art. 3.2.1 which he not used through Injury on season 2024/25.

* * *

Sub-Committee for European Cup

Top 45 European Cup competitors

3.1.2 Validity of Cup points (*EC/NAC)

The final event ranking in the Cup is used as a race result with a validity defined in art. 3.1.3. in the next season.

The first ranked has 100 points, the 30th ranked has 1 point. This ranking determines the first 30 (45 in EC) competitors for the first race of the season. For the first race, if those 30 competitors (45 in EC) who appear on the basic list are not present, the missing places will be filled up by utilising the previous season's final event standings.

The Cup points achieved from the first race ~~onwards~~ thereafter in each event will be added to the basic list to determine the new ranking.

3.2 After the first group (*EC/NAC)

After the ~~first~~4st group the competitors are enrolled according to art. 3.2.1 (450 / 200 Cup points), followed by the present competitors ranked within the top 30 of the World Cup Starting List (WCSL). The following 15 (30 in EC) competitors start according to the respective cup event standing, unless they are within one of the two above mentioned groups. Finally, 30 (45 in EC) competitors of the respective cup event standing ~~including~~ the 450 points competitors are considered.

In case the first 30 competitors in Alpine Combined do not have Cup points, respectively FIS points in Alpine Combined, competitors will be considered according to the DH respectively SG FIS points - depending on which event will be held for the Alpine Combined.

The same procedure is valid for those competitors after start number 30 who do not have AC FIS points.

Injury Status for European Cup competitors

EC.3.1.3 Validity of Cup points

The final ECSL (European Cup Starting List) is used with a validity defined in art. 3.1.4. in the next season. This will be the ranking valid for the first race. The Cup points achieved from the first race ~~onwards~~ thereafter in each event will be added to remaining ECSL points from the past season.

~~If a competitor has not started in any race during the period from October 15th to April 15th due to injury, the National Ski Association may apply for the approval of a status as injured in the ECSL for the upcoming season; the application to be submitted by 30th April latest. If the status as injured is approved, If a competitor's status as injured is approved according to Rules for the FIS Alpine Points (art. 4.6.1 and 4.6.1.1) the competitor will be added to in the ECSL of the respective event(s) for the coming season (in the final position occupied at the date of injury or last race started, achieved in the previous season).~~

European Cup Finals

EC.4.4 European Cup Finals

~~EC.4.4.1 Quotas~~

~~Each nation is entitled to participate with their valid national quotas (art.2.2). In the case of Downhill, Super G and Alpine Combined (or Giant Slalom and Slalom) taking place at one event, the nation's higher quota in Downhill, Super G or Alpine Combined, is valid in all of the three (or two in case of Giant Slalom and Slalom) events.~~

EC.4.4.12 Qualification
~~The conditions for the basic quota according to art. 2.1 remain valid. The additional competitors in the national quota must be~~ All competitors ranked within the top 45 ~~(top 30 in Alpine Combined)~~ in the European Cup overall standings in the respective events are qualified for the European Cup Finals. There is no moving-up or replacement. In case of Downhill and Super G taking place at one event, all competitors qualified for Downhill and Super G can start in both events. Furthermore all competitors from the Special Group (450 EC points competitors) in the current season have the right to start. All top 30 competitors from the actual WCSL before the first Team Captains' Meeting also have the right to start in the event concerned. This last group of competitors is not counting to define the top 45 ~~(top 30 in Alpine Combined)~~ qualified for the ~~F~~finals.
Art. 3.2.2 (Continental Cup winners) does not apply for the EC Finals.

EC 4.4.23 Starting Order for the EC Finals
GS/SL:
The first group (1 - 15) is sub-divided into two groups: (1 - 7) and (8 - 15). The start numbers are then drawn by double-draw from within these groups. After the first group the competitors will start as follow:
- 450 EC points from the current season
- Top 30 competitors of the actual WCSL
All other competitors will start according to the EC event standing list, Competitors without EC points will start at the end in their FIS point order.
DH/SG/AC:
The first group and the special group (competitors with 450 EC points or more in the current season) may choose their start number from between 1 - 30. The present competitors ranked within the top 30 of the actual WCSL before the first Team Captains' Meeting and the remaining start numbers from 1 - 30 will be drawn amongst the rest of the competitors within the top 30.
All other competitors will start according to the EC event standing list, Competitors without EC points will start at the end in their FIS point order.
~~In case the first 30 competitors in Alpine Combined do not have EC points, the Super G (or Downhill) EC points (depending on which event will be held for the Alpine Combined) will be considered.~~

EC.4.4.34 Organising Nation
The organising National Ski Association is entitled to enter additionally 5 competitors. These additional competitors must be ranked in the top 500 of the FIS Points List, in at least one of the four events (DH-SL-GS-SG). ~~a normal European Cup quota in SL/GS according to art. 2.2, whereby all competitors must fulfil 4.4.2, plus additional maximal 5 competitors who do not have to fulfil 4.4.2. Regarding DH/SG the same criteria as for the normal European Cup quota are valid (4.4.2 must be fulfilled), plus additional maximal its national quota (max. 10 competitors), which do not have to fulfil 4.4.2, whereby the higher quota from DH or SG is valid.~~

No training or race permitted

EC.6.1 Training or racing on European Cup courses
No training or racing is ~~allowed~~ permitted on European Cup courses for ~~three~~two (32) days before the start of official training or the first competition - irrespective of the event or course. Failure to comply with this rule will lead to disqualification or refusal to allow the respective competitor to start.

Financial support for live streaming

The Alpine Committee received the proposal from the Sub-Committee European Cup requesting a support to FIS Council of CHF 3000.-- for technical event and CHF 5000.— for speed event to be invest in live streaming transmission.

* * *

Oberhofen 12.05.2025

Annex 6.2 Proposals Nordic Committees

Proposals from the FIS Cross-Country Committee

The FIS Cross-Country Committee submits the following proposals for approval by the FIS Council:

World Cup Rules:

To extend official FIS Cross-Country World Cup winners' presentation to the top six (6) athletes in each individual event.

Recognizing the top six athletes would offer several clear advantages:

- **Enhanced visibility:** More podium athletes mean greater nation representation and diverse stories.
- **Athlete motivation and recognition:** Extending podium honours to six athletes acknowledges consistent high-level performance and provides additional incentive for all competitors, including younger athletes and those aiming to reach the top level.
- **Better spectator connection:** Highlighting more athletes from diverse nations on the podium enhances the emotional link with fans, both at events and through media.
- **Promotion of the sport:** This recognition aids national federations in showcasing talent, increasing sponsor exposure, and supporting long-term development across more athletes and countries.

Podiums FIS Cross-Country World Cup 2024/25

	Women	Men
Nations in Top 3	7	10
Nations in Top 6	10	12

Remark from Michal Lamplot, FIS Cross-Country Race Director:

The FIS Cross-Country World Cup may test an extended winners' presentation in the 2025/26 season, with an evaluation and final decision by the FIS Council in spring 2026.

The implementation will be managed efficiently to ensure that the post-race television sequence duration is not unnecessarily prolonged.

New format for the FIS Cross-Country World Cup, FIS Tour de Ski.

Definition

To be used once during the upcoming season at the FIS Tour de Ski, as stage 3.

- Short Mass Start – 5 km long
- Lap length TBD – 1x5 km, 2x2.5 km
- All athletes are assigned to different heats.
- Each heat starts at a different starting time as mass start competition.
- Another heat starts when the previous one is in the finish
- Athletes will be assigned to four (4) mass start heats.
- The assignment will be done according to the Overall FIS Tour de Ski standing.

Remark from Michal Lamplot, FIS Cross-Country Race Director:

The proposal received unanimous support from the S.C. for World Cup & Continental Cup and the Cross-Country Committee. Technical details will be refined in summer 2025 and presented at the FIS autumn meeting in Zurich.

* * *

FF Rollerskis AS safety strap for Cross-Country Skiing poles

FF Rollerskis AS has filed an application for approval to use their safety strap for Cross-Country Skiing poles. The strap consists of a metal ring and rubber band that is fixed on top of ski poles. It shall improve the skiers control over the pole as well as reduce the risk of injury of the athletes skiing behind. The members of the CCC approved the system.

International Competition Rules (ICR)

- 302.1.3.1** The Organiser appoints all other members. For all Olympic Winter Games (OWG, YOG) and World Ski Championships (WSC, JWSC) the following key technical officials have to be submitted to the FIS Council for approval:
- Chief of Competition
 - Ass. Chief of Competition
 - Competition Secretary
 - Chief of Course
 - Chief of Stadium
 - Course Designer *
- * the name of the course designer must be submitted and approved by the R&C SC during the first meeting after the assignment of the event
- 314.7.1** Design
Bibs must be fully readable from the back and the front. They must not hinder the competitor in any way. The size, the shape and the method of attachment cannot be changed. The Organiser is responsible for obtaining practical bibs. Bibs used in sprints and in competitions with Pursuit start or Mass Start procedures should also have numbers on both sides under the arms; this is also possible for other competitions.
- 316.3.6** Photo Finish Camera
The photo finish time is taken when the toe of the first boot meeting the finish line. The photo finish result is to be provided as first to the Jury only. Photo finish at Finish is mandatory for level 0 competition.
- 343.6** Competitors must follow the marked course in correct sequence from start to finish and must pass all control points*.
- ~~343.6.1 If competitors skis on a wrong section or leaves the marked course, the competitor should return to the point where the error was made. In order to do so, the competitor may have to ski against the correct ski direction and shall be totally responsible for ensuring that there is no obstruction and that other competitors are not endangered.~~
- NOTE
* A competitor making a mistake can correct it by returning to the point where the mistake was made. If he/she does that, he/she is responsible for ensuring that there is no obstruction and that other competitors are not endangered.
- 343.12.5** When ski exchange boxes (pit boxes) are provided for long distance or Skiathlon competitions, the competitor is permitted to change skis inside the pit box. All equipment exchanges must be done by the competitor within the assigned box without any assistance. Number of ski exchanges is limited to maximum 1 time. The replacement skis must be placed in exchange (pit) box before the competition, except when stated differently by the Jury.
- 352.2.3** Competitors who receive a second written reprimand in the same season will be automatically disqualified. Written reprimands given during the season are not valid in the JWSC, U23WSC, WSC, ROL JWSC, ROL WSC and OWG events.
- Written reprimands given during JWSC, U23WSC, WSC, ROL JWSC, ROL WSC or OWG are valid until the end of the season.

352.7.2

Monetary fine should be used for

- infractions of advertising and commercial markings rules
- minor course discipline infractions
- for infractions to ICR 343.5 and 314.7.1
- violation of restrictions on ski testing and warming up
- delayed skis delivery for equipment control up to 5 minutes (minimum 250 CHF)
- late entries*

NOTE

* Jury must decide whether late entries (according to ICR 313.3) may be accepted or not (according to 303.3.2). Furthermore, when the jury decides to accept a late entry, it can decide to sanction the delay with a monetary fine.

362.1.4.3

Appeals filed according ICR 362.1.3 and ICR 224.13 are to be submitted within 48 hours after the publication of the official results list.

396.3.1

The following competition formats and recommended distances may be used, and the competitions may be carried out in either classic or free technique:

<u>Competition Type</u> Competition format	<u>Competition Length (km)</u> Competition distance (km)	<u>Nominal Course Length (km)</u> Course length (km)
<u>Distance</u> Individual Start	<u>5 to 20</u> 2.5, 3.3, 3.75, 5, 7.5, 10, 15, 30, 50	<u>2.5, 3.3, 3.75, 4.0, 5.0, 6.6, 7.5, 10.0, 15.0</u> 2.5, 3.3, 3.75, 5, 7.5, 8.3, 10, 12.5, 15, 16.7
	<u>Greater than 20</u>	<u>5 km and greater</u>
Mass Start	10, 15, 30, 50	2.5, 3.3, 3.75, 5, 7.5, 8.3, 10, 12.5, 16.7
Popular Roller Ski	No limit	No limit
Skiathlon	5+5, 7.5+7.5, 10+10, 15+15	2.5, 3.3, 3.75, 5, 7.5, 10
Pursuit (2 nd part)	5, 7.5, 10, 15	2.5, 3.3, 3.75, 5, 7.5, 10
Relay Teams with 3 or 4 athletes, can have mixed genders	<u>10 and less per team member</u> 2.5, 3.3, 5, 7.5, 10	<u>2.5, 3.3, 3.75, 5.0, 7.5, 10.0</u> 2.5, 3.3, 3.75, 5
<u>Individual and Team Sprint</u> Individual Sprint	0.2 – 1.8	0.2 – 1.8 <u>(not more than 2 laps)</u>
Team Sprint	2x(3-6) x 0.8 — 1.8	0.4 — 1.8

396.4.4 Recommended course norms:

MASS START, SKIATHLON		
Course		
Width of course (minimum)	4 m	6 m
Start		
Organisation/preparation	Arrow <u>or flat</u> start grid	Arrow <u>or flat</u> start grid
Width of start area (minimum)	5 m	6 m
Number of corridors	Odd number 3;5* <u>3 or more*</u>	Odd number 3;5* <u>3 or more*</u>
Finish		
Total width (minimum)	4 m – 5 m	6 m – 8 m
Number of corridors	3 – 4*	3 – 4*

A special discussion was reserved to the following article, which so far allowed protests competition behavior during the QF and the SF to be submitted after the final heats. The common understanding and wish (athletes representative included) was that the article is changed as follow:

325.6.2 Due to the timeline pressure of running successive heats it is not possible to allow protests during quarterfinals and semi-finals. Protests will only be accepted after on the finals heats.

* * *

World Cup Rules

2.1.1 Basic entry requirements

The quota is valid under the condition that every individual competitor has an active FIS code number and scored in the ~~valid~~ FIS Points List valid for the respective FIS Cross-Country World Cup competition:

Sprint World Cup:

150 FIS Points or less on the FIS Points list (Distance or Sprint) valid for the respective World Cup.

Distance World Cup:

150 Distance FIS Points and less on the FIS Points List valid for the respective World Cup.

2.1.2 Exceptions related to OWG qualification

Due to Qualification System for OWG Milano-Cortina 2026 athletes from NOCs without the basic quota are eligible to compete in the FIS Cross-Country World Cup 2025/26 period I under the following conditions:

- Competitors must have 800 FIS points and less in the FIS points list (distance or sprint) valid for the respective World Cup.
- Competitors can take part in all individual competitions in the World Cup period I, until they have reached the limit for the OWG basic quota (one result with 300 FIS points and less for men, 330 FIS points and less for women at one (1) individual competition).

- If an athlete reaches the result for the basic quota for the OWG then they can take part in other individual competitions during the respective World Cup weekend
- If an athlete reaches the result for the basic quota for the OWG then they can take part in another World Cup weekend only if they meet the general World Cup entry requirements (2.1.1).

2.1.2.1.3 Other exceptions

In exceptional circumstances (top athletes from Biathlon, Nordic Combined, and athletes coming back after pregnancy, injury, developing nations, etc.), athletes who did not reach the World Cup entry requirements can be allowed to start.

The respective NSA must apply in a written way to the FIS Nordic Office latest one week before the event. With taking all into consideration, the FIS Race Director will take the decision and will inform the OC and the Jury.

2.2.4 National group quota

FIS Cross-Country World Cup Lake Placid (USA)

USA and CAN have the right to use national group quota at FIS Cross-Country World Cup in Lake Placid (USA).

2.4 Athletes Start Quotas for Team Competitions

Each nation has the right to enter two (2) teams. Mixed teams (different nations) are allowed for all National Ski Associations.

General World Cup entry requirements for team competitions are as per 2.1.1. All athletes need to have an active FIS code number and scored in the valid FIS Points List (see 2.1.1):

- For Relay: 150 Distance FIS Points and less in the FIS points list valid for the respective World Cup
- For Team Sprint: 150 FIS Points or less in the FIS Points list (distance or sprint) valid for the respective World Cup

2.6.1 Number of bibs

Each team will receive 2 types of bibs (Course and Team) according to their Nation Cup 2023/24 ranking. The following table allocation will be used:

Rank Nations Cup 2023/24	Course	Team
1 – 20	4	4 ² plus s Staff quota – 4
Other NSAs ranked	2	plus s ² Staff quota – 2
Not ranked	Decided by RD	plus s ¹ Staff quota – 1
National Group		plus 8 staff quota ² 10

It is not allowed to use bibs from another nation. The user must be accredited for the same nation as the nation code written on the bib.

SRS bibs are only to be used by SRS companies; no cooperation with teams is permitted.

3.3 FIS Nations Cup

For mixed Relays and Team Sprints (women and men) the same rules and point-giving system as above will be used.

Competitors and teams will get points for their rank in the competition. Mixed (nations) teams shall not score points in the FIS Nations Cup. ~~are added proportionally to both nations.~~

5.1.3 Accommodation price

The conditions apply to team (quota applies) and SRS members (Industry Service Staff accredited) and service providers according to FIS Entry System.

- The price may not be higher than the official local prices offered at the time of the World Cup event and at a maximum price of CHF 125. — per person including taxes.
- In case a team accepts or requests an accommodation offer that is not reaching the 3-star level and/or includes self-catering, the price needs to be reduced according to local market prices.
- Each NSA has the right to have one single room per gender (women and men) – 2 single rooms in total without any additional cost. All other single rooms will be charged at the market price.

6.1 Nation Support

The organizer shall pay a ~~n additional quota (factor)~~ financial nation support per nation and per gender. The calculation is ~~fixed for the whole season and~~ based on the Team Cup rankings from the previous season. ~~according to the following table:~~

To receive the full quota factor as stated in the table below, the team must fill the quota with the respective ~~amount~~ number of athletes. Hence:

- If the number of athletes on site – minus the RGD/COC athletes – is equal or greater than the maximum Nation Support quota factor, then teams will receive the maximum quota.
- If the number of athletes – minus the RGD/COC athletes – is less than the maximum Nation Support quota, then teams will get paid only for the amount of athletes on site.

OR

The quota factor reflects the ~~amount~~ number of athletes that are paid for when on site. If the quota factor is larger than the ~~amount~~ number of athletes on site, the effective number of athletes per gender is paid, not the max. factor.

Rank Team Cup per gender	Quota factor (F) 1 for events with Distance <u>or</u> Sprint races	Quota factor (F) 2 for events with Distance <u>and</u> Sprint races
1 - 3	2.5	4
4 - 6	2	3
7 - 9	1.5	2.5
10 - 12	1	1.5
13 - 20	0.5	1
21 - 30	0,25	0,5

7 Team and SRS Facilities

7.1 **Wax Facilities**

At all FIS World Cup competitions each team has the right for wax cabins or parking space and power supply for the teams arriving with their wax truck.

The wax cabin size is fixed and calculated according to the nation's quotas (art. 2.2.1) and the following table:

Nation's Quotas	Number of containers	Approx. size in m ²
1 12	3	45 m ²
0810 – 10 14	2	30 m ²
5 – 79	1	15 m ²
All others	3m2 per athlete (max. 15m ²)	

- The wax cabin allocation should be sent to the FIS Staff for approval ahead of the event.
- ~~If a nation doesn't fulfil its nation quota, the OC (with approval of the FIS Staff) can reduce the number of containers or m² allocated. The level of the entered athletes will be taken into consideration.~~
- The organizing country has right for additional space for the national group athletes.
- The containers available in each country are different standard sizes; therefore, the size of wax cabins is decided by the size of these containers.
- If a team needs more capacity, the NSA must order the additional cabins through the FIS Entry System (in the preliminary entries form) latest 8 weeks before the first competition.
- The price for an additional container (15 m²) is CHF 900 (independent of duration).
 - If the additionally ordered container is cancelled and ~~can not~~cannot be re-allocated by the OC, the team who originally ordered it has to pay the container.
 - If the additionally ordered container is cancelled and can be re-allocated to another team by the OC, the team who originally ordered it does not have to pay the container.
- To reduce the costs for both the OC and the NSA, a waxing service can be provided to the developing nations. In this case, the OC (with approval by the FIS Staff) will provide only storage space and changing space to the related athletes.

* * *

Rollerski World Cup / World Championships Rules

- 1.2.2 **The FIS Roller Ski World Cup Calendar** is planned by the FIS Roller Ski Sub-committee in a close collaboration with the National Ski Associations two years in advance. The FIS Sub-committee for Roller Skiing, however, has the right to make any changes in venue in order to guarantee the quality of the event. Between the Sub-committee meetings period the Chairman of FIS Roller Ski Sub-committee has the authority to do the necessary changes.
- ~~1.2.3.~~ If a stage event is organized, then only 1 stage per season is permitted and it must be the last World Cup event.
- ~~1.2.4.~~ FIS ROL WC candidates may declare the provisional race program during the application. Final competition programme for each FIS ROL WC stage is decided in close cooperation of OC and FIS Sub-committee for Roller Skiing.
- 1.2.3 Organization of FIS Roller Ski World Championships**
- 1.2.3.1 FIS Roller Ski World Championships should be organized every 2 years.
- 1.2.3.2 FIS Roller Ski Junior World Championships (ROL_JWSC) should be organized every year.
- 1.2.3.3 In principle, FIS Roller Ski World Championships should be planned organized in September, preferably if possible, in the second half of September FIS ROL WC season.
- 1.2.3.4 The FIS Junior World Roller Ski Championship and FIS Roller Ski World Championship programme consist of the following competitions:

Competition format	FIS Junior World Roller Ski Championship	FIS Roller Ski World Championship
Interval start	10km	15km
Mass start (or Skiathlon)	20km	20km
Super Sprint (or normal Sprint)	200m or 800-1200m	200m or 800-1200m
Team Relay (or Team Sprint)	3 x 5km 2 x 3 x 800-1800m	3 x 5km 2 x 3 x 800-1800m

- ~~1.3.5~~ Men & women athletes are competing in same distances.
Changes in article 1.2.4. will be effective for ROL WC, JWRSC and WRSC competitions from the year 1st July, 2025.
~~At least one of the FIS Roller Ski World Championship competitions must be held in classic style.~~
- ~~1.3.6~~ FIS ROL WSC competitions results are counted for FIS ROL WC overall Individual standings and Nation Cup Standings.
- ~~1.2.5~~ FIS ROL WC candidates may declare the provisional race programme during the application. Final competition programme for each FIS ROL WC stage are decided in close cooperation of OC and FIS Sub-committee for Roller Skiing.
- 1.3.7 Free Accommodation in FIS ROL WSC**
- 1.3.7.1 One male and one female athlete of each FIS affiliated National Ski Association without an athlete qualified according to the below-mentioned limitations:
- 1.3.7.2 All athletes, male and female, having achieved at least one result better than 75 FIS Cross-Country points (in last 12 month before 1st competition)
- 1.3.7.3 The number of nights of free accommodation for qualified competitors who participate in the respective WSC competition is 4 nights per competition. The maximum number of nights of free accommodation with full board cannot exceed the total duration of the championships. The free accommodation with full board applies specifically to the qualified athlete and is non-transferable.

2. Distances and Techniques

2.1 In principle, the FIS Roller Ski World Cup competitions will be carried out both in free technique and classic skiing technique. ~~Race-Competition~~ formats of each WC ~~ROL~~ events should be confirmed by FIS Sub-committee for Roller Skiing during the calendar planning.

2.2 At least one of the FIS Roller Ski World Championship competitions must be held in classic style.

3.5 Team Sprint

3.1 For Teams Sprint regulations refer to ICR Cross Country article 326

4. FIS Roller Ski World Cup ~~The~~ Winners

4.1 Overall FIS Roller Ski World Cup winner

The winner of the **Overall FIS Roller Ski World Cup** is the athlete, male and female, who scores the highest number of World Cup points (both distance and sprint competitions) during the respective WC ~~ROL~~ season.

4.2 The winner of the FIS Roller Ski Sprint World Cup is the competitor, male and female, who scores the highest number of World Cup Sprint points in the final scoring in all individual Sprint competitions (including bonus points for Sprint qualification).

4.1 Tie-Breaker

If two or more competitors score the same number of points in the final evaluation, the winner is the competitor who has:

a) the highest number of individual wins

b) the best results (i.e. most 2nd places, most 3rd places, etc.)

~~b)~~c) in case of tie points in Sprint World Cup best results are evaluated and compared from places in Sprint finals.

If the competitors are still equal, two (or more) World Cups will be awarded.

* * *

Proposals from the FIS Ski Jumping Committee

The FIS Ski Jumping Committee submits the following proposals for approval by the FIS Council:

INTRODUCTION OF NEW COMPETITION FORMAT (TEST PHASE – SUMMER 2025)

Ski Jumping will explore the possibility to evolve the competition format into a new faster concept that should attract the attention of audience.

During the first part of the FIS Summer Gran Prix 2025 (Courchevel and Wisla) a new competition format will be tested in the second competition of the event.

The key information is:

- number of competitors - Men 50, the best 50 athletes of the first competition will be entered for the following day; Women 40, the best 40 athletes of the first competition will be entered for the following day.
PLEASE NOTE – this are the current number of competitors in the World Cup rules
- athletes will be seeded in groups of 5 athletes according to the position of the previous day;
- the two best athletes of each group will qualify for the final round;
- the best 5 Men athletes / 4 Women athletes non directly qualified will enter the final round as “lucky loser”
- in the final round all athletes will start with zero points

NEW PROCEDURE FOR CHIPPING OF THE SUIT

Chipping of suit must be executed after the pre-check of the suit in the presence of the respective athlete. Only after specific suit control, suit can be chipped.

REDUCTION OF NUMBER OF JUMPING SUITS

Following the positive experience of last year, a further reduction of the jumping suits is suggested as follow:

- suits will only be marked if an athlete participates in the given period/season
- two suits per athlete per summer season are allowed to be marked
- two suits per athlete per first WC appearance are allowed to be marked
- one more suit per athlete is allowed to be marked earliest at Engelberg WC event
- one more suit per athlete is allowed to be marked before the SF WSC Oberstdorf (Men) / World Cup Villach or Ljubno (Women)
- one more suit per athlete not taking part in OWG is allowed to be marked in the last season/part of the WC season
- two extra suits per athlete taking part in OWG are allowed to be marked
- MAX NUMBER OF SUITS: 8

USE

- 1 suit per competition / 2 suits per period is allowed to be used in World Cup and Grand Prix events. A specific procedure for a possible change of suit in case of damage will be provided in the upcoming weeks.
- 2 suits per OWG are allowed to be used, 1 per each competition day

3D BODY MEASUREMENT VIA SCANNER

Re-measuring of the athletes will be executed via body scanner from the start of the season 2025/2026.

World Cup athletes will be re-measured during the summer season in Val di Fiemme (Test event for Olympic Games 2026) and Klingenthal.

For all other athletes the re-measurement will be executed according to a calendar of measurements that will be define by the Equipment Controller.

At least two FIS Equipment Controller will attend the measurements.

* * *

World Cup Rules Men

4.5 New competition format (name to be confirmed)

The number of participants from the first competition round will be reduced to 20 participants for the final round by a comparison of performance in groups of 5 or less athletes and filled up to a total of 25 participants with the five athletes (best loser) who have reached the best total score points. The 5 additional jumpers are the best 5 ranked non-qualifiers across all groups (lucky loser).

4.5.1. The athletes are entered in the competition according to the result of the previous competition, for a maximum of 50 athletes. Starting order is based on a “snake format” as outcome of the ranking of the previous competition For the first competition round the groups of jumpers are to be established as follows:

Group I:

Includes athletes ranked: 50th, 31st, 30th, 11th, 10th

Group II:

Includes athletes ranked: 49th, 32nd, 29th, 12th, 9th

Group III:

Includes athletes ranked: 48th, 33rd, 28th, 13th, 8th

Group IV:

Includes athletes ranked: 47th, 34th, 27th, 14th, 7th

Group V:

Includes athletes ranked: 46th, 35th, 26th, 15th, 6th

Group VI:

Includes athletes ranked: 45th, 36th, 25th, 16th, 5th

Group VII:

Includes athletes ranked: 44th, 37th, 24th, 17th, 4th

Group VIII:

Includes athletes ranked: 43th, 38th, 23rd, 18th, 3rd

Group IX:

Includes athletes ranked: 42nd, 39th, 22nd, 19th, 2nd

Group X:

Includes athletes ranked: 41st, 40th, 21st, 20th, 1st

4.5.2. The first competition round is contested in 10 groups of 5 jumpers each so that exactly 50 athletes have to be selected. It is therefore not possible to increase this number in case of several competitors in equal last place or maximum distance with a too low total score because of a fall. If there are fewer than 50 athletes, some groups will contain fewer than 5 jumpers. These groups will still follow the same qualification system. In order to respect fairness and to ensure a clear decision, the following rules are to be observed:

- 4.5.2.1. If two or more jumpers obtain the same total score in the previous competition, the athlete with the higher start number will be ranked in the better position (see ICR art. 433.4).
- 4.5.2.2. As a result of the comparison in group, the two jumpers with the better total scoring in each group reach the final round. If three or more jumpers competing against each other achieve the same total score, the jumper with the lower start number will advance.
- 4.5.2.3. The 20 athletes qualified after the first round will participate in the final round (top 2 jumpers in each group). In addition, there are the five losing jumpers which have the best total scores. In total 25 jumpers. In exceptional cases of a lower number of winners, the number of losing jumpers will be increased. The number of participants for the second round can also be increased through tied jumpers on the last qualified place or/and jumpers who have reached 95 % of the longest jump (art. 4.2.1.3.1.) but had a fall (If the wind/gate compensation is used, the compensated distance is the basis).
- 4.5.2.4. The starting order in the final round results from the reverse ranking order of the total scores in the first scoring round. In case of equal total scores, the jumper with the higher starting number will jump first. In the final round all athletes will start with zero points. Final standings are determined solely by the performance in the final round, regardless of previous results. In case of the cancellation of the final round, result after first round will count as final result.

* * *

World Cup Rules Women

4.10 New competition format (name to be confirmed)

The number of participants from the first competition round will be reduced to 16 participants for the final round by a comparison of performance in groups of 5 or less athletes and filled up to a total of 20 participants with the five athletes (best loser) who have reached the best total score points. The 4 additional jumpers are the best 4 ranked non-qualifiers across all groups (lucky loser).

- 4.10.1. The athletes are entered in the competition according to the result of the previous competition, for a maximum of 40 athletes. Starting order is based on a "snake format" as outcome of the ranking of the previous competition. For the first competition round the groups of jumpers are to be established as follows:
- Group I:
Includes athletes ranked: 40th, 25th, 24th, 9th, 8th
- Group II:
Includes athletes ranked: 39th, 26th, 23rd, 10th, 7th
- Group III:
Includes athletes ranked: 38th, 27th, 22nd, 11th, 6th
- Group IV:
Includes athletes ranked: 37th, 28th, 21st, 12th, 5th
- Group V:
Includes athletes ranked: 36th, 29th, 20th, 13th, 4th
- Group VI:
Includes athletes ranked: 35th, 30th, 19th, 14th, 3rd
- Group VII:
Includes athletes ranked: 34th, 31st, 18th, 15th, 2nd

Group VIII:

Includes athletes ranked: 33rd, 32nd, 17th, 16th, 1st

- 4.10.2.1. The first competition round is contested in 8 groups of 5 jumpers each so that exactly 40 athletes have to be selected. It is therefore not possible to increase this number in case of several competitors in equal last places or maximum distance with a too low total score because of a fall.
If there are fewer than 40 athletes, some groups will contain fewer than 5 jumpers. These groups will still follow the same qualification system.
In order to respect fairness and to ensure a clear decision, the following rules are to be observed:
- 4.10.2.2. If two or more jumpers obtain the same total score in the previous competition, the athlete with the higher start number will be ranked in the better position (see ICR art. 433.4).
- 4.10.2.3. As a result of the comparison in group, the two jumpers with the better total scoring in each group reach the final round. If three or more jumpers competing against each other achieve the same total score, the jumper with the lower start number will advance.
- 4.10.2.4. The 16 athletes qualified after the first round will participate in the final round (top 2 jumpers in each group). In addition, there are the four losing jumpers which have the best total scores. In total 20 jumpers.
In exceptional cases of a lower number of winners, the number of losing jumpers will be increased. The number of participants for the second round can also be increased through tied jumpers on the last qualified place or/and jumpers who have reached 95 % of the longest jump (art. 4.2.1.3.1.) but had a fall (If the wind/gate compensation is used, the compensated distance is the basis).
- 4.10.2.5. The starting order in the final round results from the reverse ranking order of the total scores in the first scoring round. In case of equal total scores, the jumper with the higher starting number will jump first.
In the final round all athletes will start with zero points. Final standings are determined solely by the performance in the final round, regardless of previous results.
In case of the cancellation of the final round, result after first round will count as final result.

4.5 World Cup Final

At the final of the World Cup season (NH, LH), only the top 30 ranked competitors of the current World Cup overall standings who are present may start on the last individual competition day, with a maximum of six athletes per NSA. If the host nation has less than four athletes within these 30, it is entitled to enter up to four in total. The start order is according to the overall individual WC ranking before the final event.

World Cup Ski Flying Final in Planica 2025/26

The top 15 athletes of the current World Cup overall standing are allowed to start for WC SF Final in Planica. Replacement of athletes is not allowed

4.9. World Cup Ski Flying Women

The WCJ-events in Ski Flying must be carried out according to the World Cup rules for Ski Jumping as well as according to ICR art. 454.

For World Cup Ski Flying, the top 25 30 ranked competitors of the current World Cup overall standings are allowed to start for the qualification round. 20 athletes are qualified for the first competition round, only best 15 athletes are qualified for the final round.

Athlete must have eighteenth date of birth by the first official training day.

Replacement of athletes is not allowed

5.2 FIS World Cup Trophy

- The winner of the Overall FIS World Cup Ski Jumping-Women receives the big World Cup trophy, which will be provided by the FIS.
- The winner of the Overall FIS World Cup Ski Flying (including all Individual Ski Flying events) receives the small World Cup trophy, which will be provided by FIS.

5.3 FIS World Cup Medals

- The first three competitors of the FIS World Cup Ski Jumping receive a FIS World Cup medal.
- The first three competitors of the FIS World Cup Ski Flying receive a FIS World Cup medal.

* * *

International Competition Rules

405 The Nomination, Reimbursement, and Insurance of Competition Officials

405.1 Nominations

For JWSC:

- TD
- 2 TD-Assistants
- the Chief Distance Measurer
- five Jumping Judges

413 Ski Flying Hills

Particular rules apply to Ski Flying hills. The new building or reconstruction of any current Ski Flying hill may be started only after plans have been approved by the FIS. The following restrictions and requirements must also be met:

- $h:n$ must be at least 0.60.
- The maximum value of V_0 is 30 m/s.
- The height difference between the edge of the take-off platform and the end of landing area (= U-point; = end of the radius r_2) shall be \leq ~~135~~ 140 m. beginning from U there may be added a radius or transition curve with maximum inclination of tangent in U of 5° .
- The width of the landing slope at K (b_k) must be $b_k \geq 0,18 w$
- The width at the end of the r_2 radius and the start of the outrun at U-point but must be $\geq 0,20 w$

In addition, on the edge of the take-off platform, on both sides outside of the landing area guardrails, the exact snow profile height of the K-point, the HS distance and the U-point, have to be marked. This marking has to be fixed with concrete material. These marks have to correspond and reflect the given marks on the hill certificate.

414.4 Charges and Compensation

For the verification, approval of hill profiles and homologation of jumping hills and jumping hills with plastic mats will be charged for as follows:

414.4.1 Charges and compensations for Jumping Hills

- approval of hill profile(s) and hills with plastic mats for construction or renovation CHF ~~250~~ 300.-
- verification of hill profile(s) for new and rebuildings before start of construction CHF ~~400~~ 125.-
- the issuing of hill certificates for initial applications, extensions or corrections to profiles: CHF ~~450~~ 200.-

414.4.2 Charges and compensations for Flying Hills

- approval of hill profile(s) for construction or renovation CHF ~~500~~ 625.-

- verification of hill profile(s) for new and rebuilding before start of constructions CHF ~~200~~ 250.-
- the issuing of hill certificates for initial applications, extensions or corrections to profiles CHF ~~300~~ 375.-

441.7

Disqualification after a Jump

Reasons for disqualification after a jump:

Article 441.5.1 Competition Equipment

~~Article 441.5.3 arriving late at the start~~

Article 441.5.2 violating the decision on the length of the inrun or using unauthorized start help

Article 441.5.3 exceeding the start control time or

Article 441.5.4 starting before start permission is granted or intentionally delaying the readiness to start).

454.3

Forerunners/Test Ski Flying

The organizer is responsible for the arrangement of twelve qualified forerunners on each day. These athletes may not be part of the official competition but must be entered by their National Ski Association according to ICR Article 215. All of them must be capable to start from the starting point established by the Jury for the competition round. All forerunners must be at least 18 years old. Athletes entered for the first time in a Ski Flying competition may take part in the Test Ski Flying along with the forerunners.

Test Ski Flying must be organized under control of the Jury. The same rules as for the competition apply including equipment control.

* * *

Specification Competition Equipment

1. Jumping Skis

1.2.3. Mass

A single non-mounted ski must have a minimum weight conforming to its length (the weight in kg results of the ski length in cm: e.g. 250 cm = 2,50 kg, 262 cm = 2,62 kg). Lead-weights used for balancing the centre of gravity are not considered (see 1.2.6.2). The weight of the ski can be measured with bindings (whole binding system – front and back part including ski wedges and screws). In this case, the weight of the ski must show the weight of the ski (minimum weight conforming to ski length) with added weight of the bindings of minimum ~~200~~ 250 grams.

2. Jumping Ski Bindings

Safety bindings in Ski Jumping function as strain limiters. That is, these devices transfer specific demands occurring during skiing to an acceptable limit, and when this limit is overstepped, they release their firm hold on the ski. Additional devices creating foreign energy of any kind as an aid to take-off are forbidden.

The complete binding system must be mounted so, that the Ski Jumping boots are fixed to the skis symmetrically, along the axis of the ski, and parallel to the running direction. Bindings must be flat mounted on the ski. All mounting screws of the front part of the binding must be located in the front of the lock part of the binding. After fixing the front part of the jumping boot into the front part of the binding it must stay fixed and horizontal to the top surface of the ski. The outline of the heel wedge of the shoe sole in its normal production form may not protrude over the side-walls of the jumping ski. Minimum weight of the whole binding system – front and back part including ski wedges and screw of the ski bindings is ~~200~~ 250-grams.

4.

Suit

FIS Guidelines for Control and Measuring procedure are binding and to be followed by athletes competing in FIS competitions. Violation of any of the Guidelines is subject to ICR sanctions.

7.

Ski Gloves

Gloves offer protective covering against weather and external forces. The use of gloves is compulsory for all events.

The glove size must correspond to the hand size. Thickness of the material including all layers cumulative cannot exceed 5 mm.

Overlap between suit sleeve and glove cannot be bigger than 5 cm.

* * *

The Nordic Combined Committee is submitting the following proposals to FIS Council:

Addition of a new competition format for the Continental Cup series

Following the proposal of the Austrian Ski Federation with the Support of the German Ski Federation, the Nordic Combined Committee decided to test a new format during the 2025/26 Continental Cup. Similar to a Sprint in Cross-Country, the Cross-Country race event takes place after the Ski Jumping event, athletes racing in heats with bonus points according to their rankings.

After the completion of the test, the Nordic Combined Committee will determine which format of sprint should be used in the future.

* * *

International Competition rules

501.2.1 _____ The chief of competition

At WSC, WC and JWSC the chief of comp must possess a valid international TD license.

525.2.16 _____ Overtaking – process of passing.

- Competitors in front have the right to choose their best line
- Competitors in front shall not obstruct competitors coming from behind.
- When competitors are alongside, they have mutual duties not to obstruct each other's movements.
- A process of passing is considered completed when the passing competitor has his/her body at the front of the ski-tips of the competitor being passed.
- Violation in any of the above-mentioned points could lead to a DSQ
- In case of competitors who have been lapped during an individual or team competition, they must give way on the first demand

528.2 _____ World Ski Championships (WSC)

Men:

Individual competition LH

Individual competition NH

Team/Team-Sprint NH or LH

Women:

Individual competition NH

Individual competition ~~NH~~ LH

Team/Team-Sprint NH or LH

Men/Women:

Mixed Team NH 5.0 km, 2.5 km, 2.5 km, 5.0 km

ICR 547 Ski Flying Competitions

547.5 Special Regulations

Allowed to start are athletes ranked Top ~~30~~ 40 in the Best jumper trophy.

ICR 523.2.2 *Mass start* ~~(FIS)~~

The start order by Mass Start competitions (WSC-WC) is based on the actual Mass Start Trophy Cup standings. The start order for the first Mass start of the season is based on the MS Trophy standing from previous season. The leader of the ranking list will receive the first number. Competitors without any points will be drawn in groups at the end of the start field.

* * *

World Cup Rules Women:

1.2 Appointment of the WCNC-W Events

- the suitability of the hill ~~(max. hill size NH)~~ and course in question for WCNC-W competitions by means of the valid certificate.

* * *

Overall Prize Money

Explanation:

Currently, each Organizer is asked to contribute to the season overall prize money with CHF 2000.- for men and CHF 1000.- for women per event taking place. To reach the goal of Equal Prize Money for Women and Men, the sum would be equally split between both genders, using 1500 CHF per WC Overall Prize Money pot (see new table below). This proposal is supported by the athletes' representatives from both genders, approving the reduction of Overall Prize Money available for Men profiting the overall sport's image by having equal prize money. This rule change would not result in a raise of costs for Organizers, the invoiced amount per event would remain the same, only a redistribution of the available amount would take place. The calculation of the total amount is based on the number of events per season, using the foreseen example of season 2025/26 below.

WC Women and Men rule 5.1.4 Overall Prize Money

Current setup Men & Women:

Amount		2000
Number of events		19
total		38 000,-
Best jumper		6000,-
Best skier		6000,-
Overall WC		26 000,-
1st place	38%	10 640,-
2nd place	25%	7 000,-
3rd place	15%	4 200,-
4th place	10%	2 800,-
5th place	7%	1 960,-
6th place	5%	1 400,-

Amount		1000,-
Number of events		14
Total		14 000,-
Best Jumper		1 000,-
Best skier		1 000,-
Overall WC		12 000,-
1st place	50%	6 000,-
2nd place	30%	3 600,-
3rd place	20%	2 400,-

New proposal:

<u>Amount</u>		<u>1500,-</u>
<u>Number of events</u>		<u>22</u>
<u>Total</u>		<u>33 000,-</u>
<u>Best jumper</u>	<u>7,5%</u>	<u>2 475,-</u>
<u>Best skier</u>	<u>7,5%</u>	<u>2 475,-</u>
<u>1st place</u>	<u>50%</u>	<u>14 025,-</u>
<u>2nd place</u>	<u>30%</u>	<u>8 415,-</u>
<u>3rd place</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>5 610,-</u>

<u>Amount</u>		<u>1500,-</u>
<u>Number of events</u>		<u>18</u>
<u>Total</u>		<u>27 000,-</u>
<u>Best jumper</u>	<u>7,5%</u>	<u>2 025,-</u>
<u>Best skier</u>	<u>7,5%</u>	<u>2 025,-</u>
<u>1st place</u>	<u>50%</u>	<u>11 475,-</u>
<u>2nd place</u>	<u>30%</u>	<u>6 885,-</u>
<u>3rd place</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>4 595,-</u>

Annex 6.3 Proposals from the SBFSFK Committee

The SBFSFK Committee submits the following proposals for approval by the FIS Council in spring 2025:

International Competition Rules (ICR)

(Park & Pipe Section)

3311.11.1 Payment of Judges' Per Diems and Expenses

The payment of the CHF/USD/EUR must be paid electronically by bank transfer no later than ~~fifteen~~~~twenty~~ (15/20) business days after the last competition or when Judges have sent in their Expense sheet to FIS/LOC.

A late payment charge of CHF 300 will apply for FIS/LOC from ~~15~~~~20~~ business days after the last competition day or receiving the bank information for each late payment to each individual judge.

After ~~30~~~~35~~ business days, a 2nd charge of CHF 300 will apply until payments are done. After ~~45~~~~50~~ business days, a 3rd charge of CHF 300 will apply until payments are done.

Excluded from this is a delay due to wrong or missing bank account information as provided by the Judge.

The judge is responsible for transmitting their correct, up to date and complete bank account information including all necessary data (official form is available on the FIS Website) electronically to the FIS/LOC. The date of submission of bank details to the FIS/LOC is valid for the above deadlines for the FIS/LOC to execute payment.

3601.4.1.1. Start Order OWG, WSC, WC, Continental Cups, Premium Continental Cups, Junior World Championships

The competitors of each heat will be divided into 3 Groups (depending on the field size) and drawn separately for the starting order. Group 1: Competitors seeding ranked 1 – 10th in each heat. Group 2: Competitors seeding ranked 11th – 20th in each heat. Group 3: Competitors seeding ranked 21st and onwards in each heat.

3610 Start Procedure & Commands

No official or attendant who could possibly give an advantage to or disturb the starting competitors may be behind them. ~~All outside help is forbidden.~~ Pulling off start posts, human-assisted drop-in propulsion, or other similar aids are ~~is~~ allowed.

* * *

(Freestyle Section)

- 4117.1.5 It is the competitor's responsibility to be ready at the start when their starting number is called. A competitor is considered to have started once they are in a skiing stance, with their skis parallel and moving towards the jump. They must assume this position before the tone sounds at the end of the 20 second countdown. ~~The competitor has to leave the start after the start signal has been given.~~ If the competitor has not left the start by the end of the start time, ~~the hill will automatically be closed,~~ the athlete will receive a 0.5 per judge deduction.

* * *

(Snowboard Cross Section)

5404 In Race Interference

- 5404.1 Contact in Snowboard Cross is common. Every decision and every action in Snowboard Cross is so called "in race decision" and deliberate. This conscious racing can lead to interference.
The determination of interference by one competitor against other competitor(s) shall be made by the jury. Suspected interferences can be brought to the jury's attention by acting jury members, section judges or review requested by a competitor in the finish area or the TD immediately following the heat. The jury can use recommendation from Section Judges and/or video evidence provided by coaches/staff, and/or "Video Review" from TV Production in the decision process.
From provided evidence, the jury must determine if interference or adverse effect has occurred. Interference shall be determined based on the articles 5404.1.1 and 5404.1.2 of the ICR.
All jury decisions regarding Interference ~~must be confirmed prior to the start of the next heat and~~ cannot be protested.

5405 Immediate Announcement of Sanctions / Disqualifying Faults

- 5405.1 **Announcement of Rule 5404.1 Sanctions**
All jury determined sanctions of rule 5404.2 must be made before the beginning of a next heat, the jury can extend the deadline until the next round of the respective gender. The jury must inform the involved teams about the extension of the deadline prior to the start of the next heat and shall be announced in the Finish or when in extension, at the start area and communicated to the sanctioned or/and ~~competitor~~ involved competitor, or their NSA representative.

The sanction will be posted on the official notice board at the Start and the Finish. All sanctions including a description must be recorded and reported by the FIS Technical Delegate in the TD report and forwarded to involved NSAs.

The reason for the sanction can be:

- Action by Hand & Arm (pulling/pushing/blocking)
- Contact from the side or from behind
- Line deviation

~~5405.2 All violations of Rule 5404 In Race interference according to the “Card System” shall be announced in the Finish area and communicated to the competitor or their Team Captain as soon as possible and in any event prior to the commencement of the next heat. The sanctions will then be posted on the official notice board at the bottom and top of the course indicating the section of the course where the infraction occurred. All decisions must be recorded and reported by the FIS Technical Delegate in their TD Report.~~

5801.1.3.1 Team Eligibility

The eligible teams will be sorted according to the sum of the ranks of the two athletes per nation (by gender or best men and best women in case of mixed event) in the current FIS Points List. If they are tied their position will be decided by a draw.

Eligibility in World Cup, World Championships and Olympic Winter Games will be determined by the World Cup Starting List instead of the FIS Points List.

In World Cup, only competitors entered in the actual competition will be taken in consideration to determinate the eligibility of the teams. In case not all teams or a nation are represented in the World Cup Starting List, the FIS Points List will be used for both athletes, but these teams will always be seeded after the ones using the World Cup Starting List.

If two or more teams are tied the team with the better individual rank in the used list will be seeded better. If still tied the team with the higher sum of individual FIS points will be seeded better. If still tied seeding will be decided by a draw.

5801.1.3.2 Limitation of the Starter Field

In case of a limitation of the start field (8/16/ teams) the top 4/8/24 eligible teams in the list have the right to enter their second team before all other teams can enter their first team if their second team is within the top 4/8 eligible teams and the right to enter their third team before all other teams can enter their second team if their third team is within the top 16 eligible teams. Therefore, the nation's teams are chosen for entry by moving down the Eligibility List choosing the highest two ranked teams from each nation out of the top 4/8 teams. Afterwards all eligible teams can enter their number 1 team first. Then starting at the top of the list again to choose the highest third team ranked in the top 16 teams before all second (if any) ranked teams from each nation, repeating as necessary, until 8 /16 / 24 teams have been reached.

For the Olympic Winter Games different rules may apply, due to the special quota regulations.

5801.1.3.4 Qualification Heat Round

If the number of teams exceeds the number of teams fitting in the Final bracket, a Qualification Heat Round can be executed as long as the number of Qualification Heats is less than the number of additional heats needed for the next higher bracket.

5801.1.3.5 Qualification Heat Round

Qualifications Heat Round can be conducted when 17 – 24 teams are entered, and the finals will consist of 16 teams.

Number of Qualifications Heats:

The number of teams exceeding the final field size of 16 will determine the number of pre heats. Refer to ICR 5501.2

The rest of the Teams advance directly to the final bracket of 16.

* * *

(Snowboard Alpine Section)

6801.3 Tie Breaking

If two or more teams are tied the team with the better individual rank in the list used list will be seeded better. If still tied the team with the higher sum of individual FIS points will be seeded better. If still tied seeding will be decided by a draw.

6801.4 Starter Field

The starter field is determined by moving down the eligible teams list choosing the highest ranked team from each nation first, then starting at the top of the list again to choose the second (if any) ranked team from each nation, repeating as necessary, until 16/24/32 teams have been reached. For World Cup, World Championships and Junior World Championships there are maximum of 3 teams per nation.

For WC the hosting nation earns one extra spot up to a maximum of 4 teams. If the hosting nation uses the extra spot, the list of teams will be reduced accordingly at its last position.

6802 Teams Seeding for Qualification

~~Once the starter field is determined, team captains can enter any eligible athlete according to the minimum FIS points, into those teams, although each competitor can be entered in one team only.~~ Standard paring will be used, and teams will be filled according to their seeding position.

~~Seeding of teams into final brackets will be determined by the combined results of qualifications. Each team member, both male and female, will complete one qualification run, and their times will be added together to establish the team's seeding for finals. The Top 16 team pairings will be seeded into brackets for finals. Course selection for qualification runs will alternate to ensure equal course selection: Team 1 will have Men on the red course and Women on the blue course, while Team 2 will have Men on the blue course and Women on the red course.~~

~~If two or more teams advancing to the final phase, including ties for the last eligible position for the finals (4th, 8th, 16th) after the qualification runs are tied, the ties will be broken by the best run of two (according rule 6504.1.2 single competition) If they are still tied the tie will be broken by the seeding position. The team with the worse seeding position will receive the better rank.~~
The teams will be seeded according to the sum of the two ranks in the FIS points list of the entered athletes per team.

6803 Qualification ~~Heats~~

6803.1. Qualification Heats

6803.1.1. Qualification Heats can be conducted where 17-24 teams are entered.

The number of teams exceeding the final bracket and the number of teams that have to be taken out is twice the number of teams entered above 16. The rest of the Teams advance directly to the final bracket of 16.

Example for 20 teams: 8 teams will have to do qualification heats $2 \times (20-16) = 8$. 12 will advance directly to the eight finals.

6803.2 Qualification Runs

6803.2.1 Qualification runs can be conducted.

Seeding of the teams into standard final brackets will be determined by the combined results of qualifications runs. Each team member, both male and female, will compete simultaneously one qualification run, and their times will be added together to establish the team's seeding rank for finals. The Top 16 team pairings will be seeded according to their qualification rank into the brackets. Course selection for qualification runs will alternate to ensure equal course selection: Team 1 will have men on the red course and women on the blue course, while team 2 will have men on the blue course and women on the red course etc.

6803.2.2 The first group will consist of 8 teams and can be reduced by the Jury. A random draw will take place for the first group. The remaining teams will be seeded according to their seeding criteria rank described in previous rules.
Bib numbers distribution
For the qualification the bibs for the teams (same number per teammate, 17/17, 18/18..etc.) get distributed starting with the first number out of the final bibs (e.g. 17, 18,...)
The bib numbers for the finals have to match the qualification/seeding ranking (e.g. 1-16,...)

6803.2.3 Tie breaking
If two or more teams advancing to the final phase, including ties for the last eligible position for the finals (4th, 8th, 16th) after the qualification runs are tied, the ties will be broken by the best run of two (according rule 6504.1.2 single competition) If they are still tied the tie will be broken by the seeding position. The team with the worse seeding position will receive the better rank.

6803.2.4 Handling of Invalid Result Marks (IRM)
In the event that one or both team members Did Not Start (DNS), were Not Permitted To Start (NPS) or were Disqualified for Unsportsmanlike Behavior (DQB), the entire team will receive the corresponding Invalid Result Mark (IRM). This team will not be ranked and will not advance to the next phase. Teams where one of the competitors Did Not Finish (DNF) or was Disqualified (DSQ) will be ranked based on the other competitors' valid run time, but only after all the teams with two valid run times have been ranked.

Teams where none of the competitors have a valid run time (both had either DNF or DSQ) will not be ranked and will be listed with the IRM. When none of the competitors have a valid time and at least one of the team members has been Disqualified (DSQ) the team will be listed as Disqualified (DSQ),

otherwise the team will be listed as Did Not Finish (DNF). These teams will not be ranked and will not advance to the next phase.

6804 Competition

- 6804.1 At mixed team events the men will start first. At team events per gender the teams determine by themselves which team competitor will run first and second. The lower seeded team shall announce the order before the higher seeded team.
The team with the better seeding position can choose either the red or blue course. The lower seeded team shall announce the order before the higher seeded team. At mixed team events the men will start first. The team with the better seeding position can choose either the red or blue course.
The selection must be made no later than when the competitors enter the start platform.

* * *

(Ski Cross Section)

7102.1.1 Technical Data

Code	Cross Course	Measurement
FW (m)	Finish Area Width	30 24.0 m

- 7201.5 Unmanned and anchorless aerial vehicles (UAV) such as Drones or Quadcopters etc., are strictly prohibited over the Racecourse area during inspection, training or competition, unless approved by the Jury in writing subject to any prohibitions imposed by local laws or the property owners. The Racecourse area is defined by the Jury. Violators will be subject to sanctions by the Jury in accordance with ICR. Art. 223

- 7201.5.1 It is a jury decision to ~~allows~~ accept the use of drones on the field of play. For Final runs, the drone footage of all heats needs to be available for the jury for decisions concerning 7404.

7203 Gates (Implemented for season 2026/27)

A Ski Cross gate consists of one stubby flex pole (turning pole) and one long slalom rigid pole (outside pole) which are connected with a triangular gate flag.

7203.1 Gate Flags

Following sizes may be used for the triangular gate flags (banners / panels). (Slight variations from the following dimensions will be acceptable).

Base length: ~~min. 100 cm max. 130 cm~~ 110 cm

Height long side: ~~min. 80 cm max. 110 cm~~ 870 cm

Height short side: ~~45-35~~ cm

The gate flags ~~must~~ may be in two different colors

The gate flag must be of wind-permeable material.

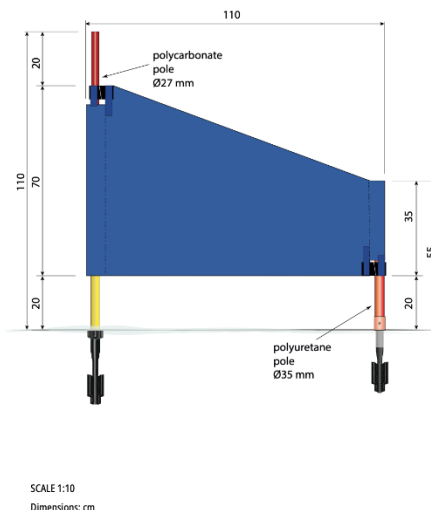
Advertising on gate flags ~~should~~ shall not reduce wind permeability or influence the release mechanism of the flags. Between the snow surface and the base length of the flag a gap of approximately 20 cm shall remain.

7203.1.2 Gate flags must sustain the contact of skiers passing the gate correctly, but flags must be released immediately in case of hooking with a ski or hand. For details see document “Certification SX Gate Flags and Stubbies”.

7203.2 Poles
All poles are subdivided into rigid long poles and stubby poles. It is recommended to use 2 different colors.

7203.2.1 Rigid Long Poles
Round, uniform poles with a diameter between a minimum of ~~20~~ 27 mm and a maximum of 32 mm and without joints are allowed as rigid poles with a length of 110 cm. They must consist of a non-splintering material (polycarbonate plastic or material with similar properties).

7203.2.2 Stubby Poles
Stubby poles are flex poles with a length of ~~not more than 45~~ 55 cm above the bottom of hinge to the top end of the pole ~~and padded or hollow on the top~~. The diameter of such poles must be 30 - 35mm.
~~Soft padding (approximately) — 535 cm~~ See “Certification SX Gate Flags and Stubbies”
~~Base length (approximately) — 25 cm~~



7404.3.5 As soon as possible after the competition (within a maximum of 24 hours, or at the latest 1 hour before the next competition of the respective category) a panel will review the sanctions imposed. The ~~panel will be the Head of the Jury~~ is will appoint a ing the review panel, for all competitions except the World Cup and European Cup where the Jury Race Director / Continental Cup Coordinator will appoint the panel consisting of ~~5 of 3~~ 3 members: TD, RD and Head Coaches from the participating nations (1 vote each) ~~of from the respective competition, 3 members of the Advisory Group that were~~ not involved in the ~~case sanction~~ (the Connection Coach can be a substitute for one of the AG members if required).
The review may happen in person, or in is certain circumstances it can be held online as well.

As a result of this review the Jury may mitigate the sanction imposed, but the result of the competition/ranking remains unchanged.

- 7407.3.3 Ranking of Competitors that Did Not Start (DNS)
Competitors that did not start (DNS) ~~will not be ranked in that heat and~~ will not advance to the next round and will be ranked according 7702.5.
- 7501.1.~~5~~2 Seeding Run Format
All timed qualifications (see 7501.1.1 - 7501.1.~~4~~2) can be executed in the seeding run format.
- 7501.1.~~6~~3 Tie Breaking in qualification formats
- 7501.1.~~6~~3.1 Single run qualification, timed seeding run ~~or first run of cut down system~~
If two or more competitors have the same time, then the competitor who started later will win the tie and be ranked better. The same rank cannot be awarded more than once.
- 7607.1 For Ski Cross at least one training run must be completed prior to the actual competition ~~is mandatory phase on the same day.~~
~~A competitor entered into a competition must complete at least one training run before they may start in the actual competition.~~ In case of a DNF, yellow flag or other interruptions, the jury can decide for a rerun or a permit to start.
- 7702.5 Final Ranking for DNS
If a competitor did not start in any phase (~~7~~5608.1) of a competition, the competitor will appear as DNS ~~on the final result list and will not be ranked.~~
Phase 1 – Training: DNS – see (7607.1)
Phase 2 – Qualification – listed and no rank
Phase 2.1. – Timed Seeding run – listed and ranked
Phase 2.2 – Pre Heat – listed and no rank
Phase 3 – 1st round KO Final with Qualification – listed and ranked
Phase 3.1 – 2nd till last round KO Final with Qualification – listed and ranked
Phase 3 – 1st round KO Final with timed seeding run– listed and rank
Phase 3.1 – 2nd till last round KO Final with seeding run – listed and rank
Phase 3.2 – 1st round Holistic Format – listed and no rank
Phase 3.3 – 2nd till last round Holistic Format – listed and ranked
Phase 4 – round robin (7502.2.5)
- Tie Breaking according to 7501.1.5
~~After the first phase (qualification/seeding) of the competition is completed, a competitor who does not start (DNS) in any round of the following phase, will be ranked as last place for that final round before all NPS sanctions. All competitors who did not start (DNS) in the first round of a Final Phase are grouped together and, ranked according to the tie breaking rules.~~
- 7702.6 Final Ranking for NPS (sanction)
If a competitor receives a NPS sanction (2023) in ~~the first~~ a phase of a competition, the competitor will appear as NPS on the ~~final~~ result list and will not be ranked.
~~After the first phase of the competition is completed, a competitor who receives a NPS sanction (2023) in any round of the finals, will be ranked as last place for that final round after all the DNS. All competitors who receive a NPS sanction in a round are grouped together and, ranked according to the tie breaking rules.~~

World Cup Rules

(Section Park & Pipe)

2.4 Prize Money

The Organiser must make available at least CHF 30'000 (equivalent in Euro/US\$) per event/gender for prize money. Greater prize money is permitted and must be equal per gender. This sum is divided between the Top 10 competitors per event/gender. The amount of prize money and its method of distribution must be communicated to FIS (Rule 1.2.10).

If it is not possible to complete a Final phase, then provided at least the Qualification phase has been completed the scores from the last completed phase shall stand as the final result. In this case the announced prize money can be reduced by 50%. The Organiser must communicate the amount that will be paid to FIS.

2.4.2 Prize Money Breakdown without Finals:

<u>Place</u>	<u>% of Total</u>
<u>1st place</u>	<u>45.00%</u>
<u>2nd place</u>	<u>23.50%</u>
<u>3rd place</u>	<u>12.50%</u>
<u>4th place</u>	<u>6.00%</u>
<u>5th place</u>	<u>3.00%</u>
<u>6th place</u>	<u>2.50%</u>
<u>7th place</u>	<u>2.25%</u>
<u>8th place</u>	<u>2.00%</u>
<u>9th place</u>	<u>1.75%</u>
<u>10th place</u>	<u>1.50%</u>
<u>Total</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

2.4.23 In Case of a Tie Refer to 1.2.10.1

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(Section Freestyle)

- 3.3.1 Accommodation, Food, Transportation for Competitors and Team Officials
Accommodation (half-board) and transportation on site will be charged at a maximum of CHF 80 per day per person (FIS Rate) to all competitors and team officials. For the first ~~10-6~~ athletes in the World Cup ranking, accommodation will be free of charge. ~~(This top 10 rule will not be applied during the Season Opening and the reduced field WC Finals)~~
The organiser has the option to supply accommodation at the rate of CHF 40 and the teams have to arrange their own meals. This is only acceptable if fully furnished apartments (i.e. including kitchen facilities, bed sheets, towels, etc.) are provided. The apartments must meet 3 Star standards, one bathroom for max 4 people, daily Cleaning service in Hotel standards, WIFI for all apartments, national mobile phone connection mandatory.

- 3.3.3.2 **Additional Officials**
For additional officials or “accompanying persons” as well as for service personnel of the National Ski Associations, the maximum price that can be charged for accommodation and half board must not exceed CHF ~~400~~120 or the equivalent in another currency, per day. The number of those officials is limited to 25% of the total quota.
- 3.3.3.3 **Service Personnel**
Service personnel are entitled to (a maximum of CHF ~~70~~120 or the equivalent) half-board accommodation, if the accommodation has been arranged by the OC.
- 3.3.5.2 **Aerials** – ~~Arrival day / three training days / one competition day / departure day;~~ 5 nights and 6 days
- Single competition format: arrival day, three practice days, one competition day, departure day.
 - Double competition format: arrival day, two practice days, two competition days, departure day.
- 3.3.7 **Hotel Rooms**
The accommodation for the competitors, coaches, officials etc. must be provided in rooms with a maximum of two beds and bath or shower, or apartments with a maximum of two beds per sleeping room and bath or shower. Also one single room per country for a team official has to be provided. Accommodation has to be as close as possible to the competition area. The hotels must meet “3-star category” minimum. An additional one (1) single room can be purchased at the rate of CHF ~~400~~120. The Organiser is required to provide details or information for any additional rooms a team may purchase.
- 3.6.4.1 In any Event for which the formation of the Start List follows 3.6.3.1 above, if the competition is interrupted and cannot continue, the Qualification result shall stand as the Final Result for the competition, provided that the first 30 on the Start List have received a result. Competitors who start will be ranked according to their result; those who do not start will be marked as DNS.
- 3.9.2 Invitations to World Cup Finals**
Invitation for the FIS Freestyle Ski World Cup Finals are primarily based ~~up~~ on the FIS Freestyle Ski World Cup standings. In addition, the following athletes are invited:
- The male and female winners of the Aerials and Overall Moguls rankings from each Continental Cup series.
 - ~~and the~~ The most recent male and female FIS Freestyle Ski Junior World Champions from either the current or previous competition year in Moguls, Dual Moguls, and Aerials (from either the current or previous competition year) are also invited.
 - One athlete per gender ~~The host nation is allowed one spot per gender in~~ Moguls, Dual Moguls, and Aerials from the host nation.

3.9.4 FIS Freestyle Ski World Cup Final Eligibility Formula

Event	WC M/W	CoC M/W	WJC M/W	Host M/W
MO	30/30	+ CoC Winners	+WJC Champion	+ 1
DM	30/30	+ CoC Winners	+ WJC Champion	+ 1
AE	20/20	+ CoC Winners	+ WJC Champion	+ 1
<u>Overall</u> <u>MO*</u>		<u>+ COC Winners</u>		

*Only the COC Overall Moguls winner for men and women will be invited to the World Cup Finals and they will have starts in both the Moguls and Dual Moguls events.

* * *

(Cross Section)

4.5.1 Quota Calculation Snowboard

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Additional spots due to injury: An injured competitor within the Top 10 of the World Cup Starting List WCSL Standings of the respective event at the time of the injury who is not active-competing anymore during the current season will receive a personal quota spot for the entire next season. An injury status as such will only be valid for the next season and (in case of no starts) the season after.

4.6.2.2 Prize Money Breakdown with qualification runs and timed seeding runs

Place	Amount CHF	% of Total
1 st place	12,375	45.00%
2 nd place	6,462	23.50%
3 rd place	3,438	12.50%
4 th place	1,650	6.00%
5 th place	825	3.00%
6 th place	688	2.50%
7 th place	619	2.25%
8 th place	550	2.00%
9 th place	481	1.75%
10 th place	412	1.50%
Total	27,500	100.00%

4.8.2 Forerunners Ski Cross

The organiser must have at least 2 forerunners (competitors with an active FIS FS code and FIS SX points) available for training and qualification. At least 4 forerunners or 1 heat (4) must have completed the course before the first round of the Final Phase.

In the event of interruptions, the jury will decide on the use of forerunners before the next competitor or heat.

If the organising committee is unable to provide qualified forerunners, the first Snow seed participants drawn by lot must compete instead of the forerunners. Up to 2 of forerunner heats for the KO final phase.

* * *

(Snowboard Alpine Section)

5.3.1 **Resorts and Organising Committees**

Accommodation (half-board, max. 2 people per room/2 beds) and transportation on site will be charged at a maximum of CHF 100 per day per person including tourist tax, credit cards and bank fees per day per person (FIS Rate) to all competitors and team officials per country. ~~(FIS Rate) to all competitors and team officials.~~ The quotas for the payment of lodging, food are calculated on the basis of the World Cup Quotas (see 5.5.2.).

The organiser has the option to supply accommodation at the rate of up to CHF 50 and the teams' shall arrange their own meals. This is only acceptable if fully furnished apartments (ie. including kitchen facilities, bed sheets, towels, etc.) are provided.

The number of competitors per country may not exceed the total quota.

There are restrictions for officials (coaches, doctors, team staff) and official accompanying persons.

The apartments must meet:

- 3 Star standards, one bathroom for max 4 people, daily cleaning service in hotel standards, WIFI for all apartments, national mobile
- phone connection mandatory

5.5.2 **Parallel World Cup Quota**

- Additional spots due to injury: An injured competitor within the Top 10 of the World Cup Starting List WCSL Standings of the respective event at the time of the injury who is not active anymore during the current season will receive a personal quota spot for the entire next season. An injury status as such will only be valid for the next season and (in case of no starts) the season after.

* * *

Junior World Championships Rules (Congress Proposal)

4. Programme

4.2 The competition programme must contain following Freestyle Ski, Snowboard, and Freeski events: Snowboard events for women and men: Halfpipe, Slopestyle, Big Air, Parallel Giant Slalom and Parallel Slalom, Snowboard Cross and Mixed Snowboard Cross Team. Mixed Parallel Team event and Rail Event can also be organised.

Freestyle Ski and Freeski events for women and men: Moguls, Dual Moguls, Aerials, Ski Cross. Halfpipe, Slopestyle and Big Air. Mixed Ski Cross Team, Mixed Team Aerial, ~~and~~ Mixed Team Dual Moguls and Rail Event can also be organised.

In the case that it is not possible to organise the entire programme as written above the Junior World Championships might be split into different events or in groups, for example: - - - Moguls and Aerials Slopestyle, Big Air and Halfpipe, plus potentially Rail Event(Park & Pipe) Cross and Parallel Snowboard

12. Prizes / Ceremonies

12.3 The first 6 in each event will receive a gift organised and paid for by the Organiser. Separate awards can be given to U16 (under sixteen) for competitors whose fifteenth birthday falls in or after the calendar year in which the calendar year begins for BA, HP and SS and for U18 (under eighteen) for competitors whose seventeenth birthday falls in or after the calendar year in which the competition year begins for PGS, PSL, SBX and Team SBX.

Park & Pipe: Following the award for each event (HP, SS, BA and potentially RE) an overall Park & Pipe podium will be presented to the top 3 athletes combining the results from Halfpipe, Slopestyle and Big Air (and potentially RE).

* * *

Continental Cup Rules

(General Section)

2.3 Titles

To establish a title, Aa minimum of 3 three results valid for cup points per gender must be achieved in competitions organised by at least two different NSAs. These results must occur on at least three different dates.

EC 1.2 Transport, Passes and Priority

The OC shall provide all team staff members (subject to the permitted team officials ratio - see EC event sections) and officials priority on lifts serving competition runs during official training and competition days. Reserved parking shall also be made available close to the competition area.

The lift pass prices for competitors are defined below in each event section together with the entry fees.

EC 1.5 Accommodation

Aerials / MogulsFreestyle/ Freeski/ Ski Cross / Park & Pipe / Snowboard Cross:

It is recommended that the OC provides accommodation through its Tourist Office, in different categories at a reasonable price level each.

Snowboard Alpine:

For ~~SBX~~, PSL and PGS the maximum amount for athletes and officials for half board is CHF 80 according to the official currency of the hosting nation per day. Teams or persons who register after the communicated deadline in the Invitation, have no right for the reservation or the guarantee of the above mentioned price. ~~For HP, SS and BA there is no limitation. The organiser needs to offer a package price for accommodation, which is lower than the standard season price in the organising resort.~~

* * *

(Park & Pipe Section)

EC 2.4 EC Trophy and Medals

For HP, SS, BA and RE a maximum of 4 best EC points results (from Europa Cup and Premium Europa Cup) are taken into consideration and will be added together to determine the EC Event and ranking.

For SS and BA there is also a combined ranking of both events. A maximum of the best 4 SS results and 2 BA results (from Europa Cup and Premium Europa Cup) are taken into consideration and will be added together to determine the winner of the personal WC spot in the upcoming season (WC Rule 2.3.3).

The winners of the HP EC ranking, the Rail EC ranking and the combined SS/BA ranking will receive the EC Trophy. Medals are awarded to the numbers 1, 2 and 3 of these rankings.

* * *

(Freestyle Section)

EC 3.6 Special Procedures

- EC 3.6.1 In addition to the rules in the ICR governing the start order, the following shall apply for the Moguls Event at Continental Cup. The competitors listed in the top 30 of the applicable Cup Standings shall be randomly drawn to the first 30 positions on the Start List, with the remaining competitors drawn randomly to the remaining positions. In the event such standings do not yet exist the FIS Rank for the most recent FIS Points List shall be used.
- EC 3.6.2 Procedures for forming the Start Lists for Dual Moguls and for Aerials, Aerials Team, Dual Moguls Team and Aerials Synchro Events shall be as defined in the ICR.
- EC 3.6.3 In any Event for which the formation of the Start List follows 3.6.1 above, if the competition is interrupted and cannot continue, the Qualification result shall stand as the Final Result for the competition, provided that the first 30 on the Start List have received a result. Competitors who start will be ranked according to their result; those who do not start will be marked as DNS.
- EC 3.6.4 Assignment of Bibs for the top 25 Competitors
Bibs 1 to 25 will be assigned in order of the competitors' ranks on the latest EC Standings for the Event or, if such Standings do not yet exist, the FIS Points list for the Event. Bibs 26 onwards will be randomly assigned. If Moguls and Dual Moguls form part of the same programme, the bib allocation made for the first of the two Events to be run may optionally be retained for the second.
- EC 3.6.5 Dual Moguls Draw
See ICR 4310.1
- EC 3.6.6 Formats
See ICR 4005.1, 4204, 4304

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(Cross Section)

EC 4.1 Fees and Team Ratio

- EC 4.1.1 Entry Fees competitors
Entry Fees per competitor may be charged to a maximum of CHF 110 for 1 competition and CHF 180 for 2 competitions including free lift pass for training and all competition days.
CHF 30 for lift pass per day for additional officials above the team ratio defined in rule EC 1.3.
- EC 4.1.2 Cross Team Ratio
- | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <u>1-3 competitors</u> | <u>3 team officials</u> |
| <u>4-8 competitors</u> | <u>5 team officials</u> |
| <u>9-12 competitors</u> | <u>6 team officials</u> |
| <u>12 or more competitors</u> | <u>8 team officials</u> |

Team Officials, Coaches, Service Personnel, Medical Personnel receive free lift tickets.

Additional officials above the team ratio may be charged max CHF 30 for lift pass per day.

EC 4.1.3 Ski Cross only

Participants entered via the FIS online entry system into a European Cup will not have access for training on the course within 3 days before the first official competition day.

Unless the course is opened for training for all via FIS Online entered participants on the 3 days before the first official competition day.

EC 4.2.3 Ski Cross only

At European Cup, the competitors will be ~~sorted~~ seeded into rank order of the respective valid European Cup Standing List until the best 32 men/16 women. On the first ~~two~~ European Cup competition held of the season, the European Cup Final Ranking from the previous season will be taken into consideration.

For the second European Cup competition the EC Final Standing from the previous season, plus the EC Standing after the first competition will be taken in account (32men/16women).

At the third European Cup competition, the actual season`s EC standing is solely taken in account (32men/16women).

If ~~the~~ competitors are tied, the better rank in the valid FIS Point list will decide their position. If they are still tied their position will be ~~decided by a draw~~ n.

This applies for the best 32 men/16 women on the European Cup List used.

All other competitors will be ranked according to the valid FIS point list.

Athletes with WC and EC rank are included according to their EC rank or the FIS points rank.

EC 4.5 Forerunners Ski Cross only

The organiser must have at least 2 forerunners (competitors with an active FIS FS code and FIS SX points) available for training and qualification. At least 4 forerunners or 1 heat (4) must have completed the course before the first round of the Final Phase.

In the event of interruptions, the jury will decide on the use of forerunners before the next competitor or heat.

If the organising committee is unable to provide qualified forerunners, the first Snow seed participants drawn by lot must compete instead of the forerunners.

Up to 2 forerunner heats for the KO final phase

* * *

(General Section)

NAC 6 Entry Fees

Entry fees for Freeski and Snowboard will be reviewed before each NorAm season by the NorAm Committee and set for the season at the fall FIS meeting. The 2025~~4~~/~~26~~⁵ base maximum entry fee shall be

- CHF 140 per NAC competition for each participant,

- CHF 175 per NAC Premium competition for each participant,

or the equivalent in local currency rounded to the nearest \$5.00 as per the rate of exchange on September 30th of each year. Entry fees shall be paid in the currency of the host country. The base entry fee includes entry into one individual event.

* * *

(Freestyle Section)

NAC 10.6 NorAm Cup Procedures - Moguls, Dual Moguls, Aerials ~~Competition/ Seeding~~

~~Start Lists for all NAC Moguls and Dual Moguls competitions will follow the procedures defined in the ICR and World Cup Rules (ICR 4209, 4310, WC 3.6.3).~~

NAC 10.6.1 Bibs

NAC 10.6.1.1 Assignment of Bibs for the top 25 Competitors

Bibs 1 to 25 will be assigned in order of the competitors' ranks on the latest ~~NAC~~NorAm Cup Standings for the Event or, if such Standings do not yet exist, the FIS ~~Points~~Rank from the most recent FIS Points list ~~for the Event shall be used~~. Bibs 26 onwards will be randomly assigned. If Moguls and Dual Moguls form part of the same programme, the bib allocation made for the first of the two Events to be run may optionally be retained for the second.

NAC 10.6.2 Dual Moguls Draw **See ICR 4310.1**

NAC 10.6.3 Start Order Draw

NAC 10.6.3.1 In addition to the rules in the ICR governing the start order, the following shall apply for the Moguls Event at the NorAm. The competitors listed in the top 30 of the NorAm Cup Standings shall be randomly drawn to the first 30 positions on the Start List, with the remaining competitors drawn randomly to the remaining positions. In the event such standings do not yet exist the FIS Rank for the most recent FIS Points List shall be used.

NAC 10.6.3.4 In any Event for which the formation of the Start List follows 10.6.3.1 above, if the competition is interrupted and cannot continue, the Qualification result shall stand as the Final Result for the competition, provided that the first 30 on the Start List have received a result. Competitors who start will be ranked according to their result; those who do not start will be marked as DNS.

NAC 10.6.3.5 Procedures for forming the Start Lists for Dual Mogul and for Aerial Events shall be as defined in the ICR.

NAC 10.6.4 Formats
See ICR 4005.1, 4204, 4304

7. **Cut resistant undergarment (Implementation Season 2026/27)**

Parameter	Value
Uncut length (mm)	200 _{Min}
Cutting force 1 star level (N)	100
Cutting force 2 star level (N)	200
Cutting force 3 star level (N)	300
Cutting force 4 star level (N)	400
Cutting force 5 star level (N)	500

7.1 **Cut resistant undergarment**

7.2 **Definition**

Cut-resistant undergarment are clothing items worn underneath the competition suit, designed to improve the athlete's protection against cut injuries.

7.3 **General Specifications**

In order to provide appropriate protection, the cut-resistant undergarment must be sized correctly based on producer's guidelines and worn in strict compliance with manufacturer instructions of use. The undergarment shall be used without alteration/modification, as certified by the manufacturer. Cut-resistant undergarment is intended to provide supplementary protection and not infinite cut protection.

7.4 **Technical specifications**

The cut-resistant undergarment level of protection is defined by the specifications of the FIS-DITF test standard 2021.

Basic definition parameters are:

The minimum uncut measuring length for each level are: 200mm, cut resistance at cutting force of the corresponding level. Out of 5 tests of the same textile must have the corresponding cut resistance in 3 directions of textile positions: 0° / 45° / 90°. The direction with the lowest cut resistance value defines the FIS star level.

Force (N)	100	200	300	400	500
FIS-star	*	**	***	****	*****

Fulfilment of requirements is to be attested by these standardised conformity labels, affixed on the outer side of the protection garment in a non-removable way at the back of the lower left leg above the top of the ski boot cuff area. "Conforms to FIS Specifications CRU 2021" and depict the achieved FIS-star(s) level.

The conformity label certifies that the manufacturer has obtained the required certifications (FIS-DITF 2021) fulfils the above requirements. To receive the label, the test protocol must be submitted to FIS Athlete Health Unit.



Label attesting conformity with FIS specifications for cut resistant undergarment.

7.5 Implementation of cut resistant undergarment

The use of cut-resistant undergarment is mandatory for all events at race level 1 (WC / WSC / OWG / WJC, YOG) from season 2026 / 2027 onwards. The mandatory implementation requires a minimum protection level of 3 stars according to the FIS-DITF test standard for all body parts covered by the competition suit i.e. from the top of the boot to the collar of the competition suit and the wrist). It is strongly recommended to cover the neck as comprehensive as possible.

10. Back Protectors (Ski Cross)

10.1 Definition

The back protector is an additional item of equipment, which protects the athlete's back against weather and external forces. The use of back ~~protections~~ protection is highly recommended in general. The use of so called airbag back protectors is highly recommended.

10.2 Specifications

The back protector must adapt to the anatomical bend of the athlete's spine and lie flat against the body. The top edge of the back protector must be situated in the area of the spinal column and may not go above the 7th cervical vertebrae (C7). The maximum thickness must be in the middle part and may not exceed 45 mm; the thickness is reduced at the edges of the back protector. Designs with the alter to improve aerodynamic properties are forbidden. The back protector must be worn underneath the competition suit. It is strongly recommended to use protectors that are certified according to the latest EN1621:2 standard.
~~The back protector must adapt to the anatomical bend of the athlete's spine and lay flat against the body. The top edge of the back protector has to be situated in the area of the spinal column. Fastening of the back protector may take place with a stomach belt, straps or suspenders. The maximum thickness has to be in the middle part and may not exceed 45 mm; the thickness reduces towards the edges of the back protector. The back protector may be worn exclusively under the competition suit.~~

10.3 Protector with airbag technology

Specification

10.3.1 Definition: Airbag back protection for ski cross skiing is an additional piece of protective equipment based on an inflatable aircushion, electronically inflated with the aim of improving the protection level for athletes who are participating in ski cross competitions.

10.3.2 General Specifications

The presence of this device must not limit the freedom of movement for the athletes during competition. The airbag system must only be activated when the algorithm detects a crash and is triggered autonomously (without any voluntary intervention). Protectors with airbag technology must be worn underneath the competition suit, and fulfil the requirements given in art. 10 (BackProtectors).

Annually, manufacturers are required to state their compliance of the FIS equipment specifications. Each manufacturer confirms the reliability of the airbag system, which bears sole responsibility for the function and guarantees the innocuousness of their products in terms of materials and design. A nonremovable FIS compliance label affixed to the protector is mandatory.

10.3.3 Technical specifications

- Once triggered, the inflation time must not be greater than 200 milliseconds (in the temperature range -20°C to +30°C)
- Once inflated, the airbag cushion should not deflate immediately but remain fully inflated for minimum 3 seconds.
- Once inflated, the airbag cushion shall cover minimum one of the following areas: shoulders, back, or chest.

For body parts protected by aircushion: To assess the effect of energy absorption in the airbags, a specific test template must be used by the specified test institute. To meet the requirements, the maximum average impact value must be below 18 kN, and at least one of the impact values must be below 6 kN, based on European standard EN1621 protocols.

The airbag must be designed so that unintentional deployment does not prevent athletes from continuing to ski.

The maximum thickness of protectors (untriggered) with airbag technology must not exceed 55 mm.

The airbag must include a back protector based on European Standard EN1621:2.

Fulfilment and compliance with the FIS equipment specifications and the supplier's safety standards (product description) is to be attested by a conformity label shown below. The non-removable label is to be placed on the outside of the airbag protector, centered at the back, 1 cm below the top edge of the protector. The conformity label shall include the following text: "Conforms to FIS Specifications AIRBAG 2024". The label must show a minimum size of 20mm x 30mm (width x height) and must be accessible before starting the competition or official training (e.g., elongated label).



Annex 6.4 Proposals from the Para Snowsports Committee

The Para Snow Sports Committee submits the following proposals for approval by the FIS Council:

International Competition Rules Para Alpine Skiing

410.2.3 Interdiction to Continue after a competitor stops

410.2.3.1 If a competitor's skis comes to a complete stop (e.g. after a fall), they must no longer continue through previous or further gates. This interdiction is valid in events with a fixed start interval: DH, SG and GS.

410.2.3.2 The only exception is for SL as long as the competitor ~~does~~:

- does not interfere with the run of the competitor that follows; or
- has not been passed by a competitor.

415 Group Draw and Starting Order

The valid FIS Points List in the respective event must be used for the ranking of competitors. In Alpine Combined the ranking of competitors is made with FIS Points in the event of the 1st Run (DH/SG or in exceptional cases SL).

415.2 Start Groups

The starting order of the competitors in all Para Alpine Skiing competitions is determined by their FIS Points as follows:

- The maximum number of Athletes in a starting group for all FIS Para Alpine Skiing competitions is 15 athletes
- For Level 0 competitions the best seven (7) competitors will be drawn between start numbers 1 - 7 and the remaining competitors between 8 - 15. This will take place by double draw.
- In case of an equality of points in the 7th or 15th rank, the first groups can be increased accordingly.
- Only Athletes with 100 FIS Points or less will be drawn by random in the starting group.
- If there are more than 15 athletes with less than 100 FIS Points the 15 with the lowest FIS points will be in the first starting group
- The remaining athletes will start in the order of their FIS Points. Athletes without FIS Points will be placed by random draw.

435 Video control

The Organiser may provide equipment for official video control, in which case an official Video Controller must be appointed. The duties of the Video Controller are to observe the competitors' passage through the course. For Paralympic Winter Games, video control equipment and the appointment of a Video Controller is mandatory.

- 401.2 Appointments by the International Ski and Snowboard Federation**
- 401.2.1 The International Ski and Snowboard Federation appoints the Technical Delegate for all competitions and:
- 401.2.1.1 In World Cup
- the Race Director
 - ~~the TD~~
 - the Referee and
 - ~~for speed events,~~ the Assistant Referee (Assistant Race Director)
- 401.2.1.2 In European Cup and North American Cup Races
- ~~the TD~~
 - the Referee and
 - for speed events, the Assistant Referee
- 401.2.1.3 For Paralympic Winter Games and FIS World Ski Championships the FIS Council appoints:
- all Jury members (except Chief of Race)
 - all Competition Officials
- 401.2.1.4 In all levels of Para Alpine Skiing races where the Race Director is not present the Technical Delegate appoints:
- the Referee and
 - for speed events, the Assistant Referee
- 402.1 The following members of the Jury are responsible for technical matters within the closed competition areas:
- the Technical Delegate
 - the Race Director
 - the Referee
 - the Chief of Race
 - the Assistant Referee for Downhill, Super-G and Alpine Combined (and for Slalom and Giant Slalom for PWG/WSC/WC)
 - the Start Referee (Only for PWG/WSC)
 - the Finish Referee (Only for PWG/WSC)
- 1303 Guides**
- 1303.1 The distance between Guide and competitor must be less than ~~three~~ four (~~3~~4) gates for SL and ~~two~~ three (~~2~~3) gates for GS, and two (2) gates for SG and DH, excluding delay gates and vertical combinations. Failure to comply will lead to disqualification.
- 1303.4 The Guide bibs must meet the following specifications:
- Guide bibs must have a clearly visible “G” on the front and the FIS logo on the right shoulder in front. The colour must be pink (Pantone 806C), yellow (Pantone 803) or orange (RAL 2005). Other colours may be approved by FIS.
 - All Guides must use the Guide bib supplied to them.
 - The back of the bib may be any colour and modified by adding a pattern with coloured tape or other coloured material which best accommodates the individual needs of vision impaired competitors. Any modifications must be affixed in such a way that the bib will stay secure during the

race run yet be able to be removed in order to return the bib back in its original condition.

* * *

International Competition Rules Para Alpine Skiing

2.3 Team Events Cup Points

No Cup Points may be awarded for Parallel Team Event and Team Combined competitions.

Qualification Criteria/Regulations* - Para Alpine Skiing:

- Para Alpine Skiing Qualification Criteria 2025/2026

*Link to the document: [Qualification Criteria](#)

International Competition Rules Para Cross-Country

12200 Joint Regulations for all Para Cross-Country Competitions

12200.1 ~~Classification of~~ Para Cross-Country Competitions Levels

12200.1.1 Paralympic Winter Games (PWG)

12200.1.2 FIS World Championships (WSC)

12200.1.3 FIS Para Cross-Country World Cup (WC)

12200.1.~~4~~4 Continental Cups (COC)

12200.1.~~2~~5 FISU World University Games (UVS)

12200.1.~~3~~6 International FIS Para Cross-Country Competitions (FIS)

12200.1.~~4~~7 Open National Championships (NC)

12200.1.8 Para Roller Ski (ROL)

~~12200.2~~ **Types of Competitions**

~~International FIS Para Cross-Country competitions consist of:~~

~~Sprint, Interval Start Competition, Pursuit Competition, Para Mass Start Competition, Mixed and Open Relay~~

12201 FIS Para Cross-Country Race Licence

12201.1 To compete at FIS Para Cross-Country sanctioned events and acquire Para Cross-Country points, an athlete ~~must~~ should be internationally classified in accordance with the FIS Para Nordic Classification Rules and Regulations ~~by FIS~~. Until an athlete has been Internationally ~~(FIS)~~ Classified, they will be designated with the Sport Class Status New ~~N status (New)~~. Athletes must be

internationally classified to compete at Continental Cup_s, World Cup_s, World Championships_s or Paralympic Winter Games, the applicable Qualification Criteria are accessible under <https://www.fis-ski.com/para-cross-country/documents>.

12201.1.1 If competing at a sanctioned lower level event an athlete with New Status must compete in the Sport Class with the highest factor of his/her category, as follows: ~~–~~ Vision Impaired: NS3, Standing: LW4, Sitting: LW12 (see art. 12201.3).

12201.3 In accordance with the IPC Classification Code, and general principles of classification, athletes will generally compete against athletes with the same Sport Class. In Para Cross-Country however, athletes in different Sport Classes are grouped together into three (3) different Categories as follows:

Category	Sport Classes*
Vision Impaired <u>(VI)</u>	NS1, NS2, NS3
Standing	LW2, LW3, LW4, LW5/7, LW6, LW8, LW9
Sitting	LW10, LW10.5, LW11, LW11.5, LW12

*NS: Nordic Skiing, LW: Locomotor Winter

12202.1 An organiser~~LOC~~ may request preliminary entry information for planning and accommodation purposes separate from the online registration.

12202.2 Special entry timelines and procedures shall apply for Fédération Internationale du Sport Universitaire (FISU) World University Games, World Championships and the Paralympic Winter Games (PWG). For the PWG all entries are subject to the Qualification Regulations which are published by the International Paralympic Committee (IPC). For FISU all entries are subject to the Regulations for the FISU World University Games, which are published by FISU.

12202.3 FIS may provide the LOC-organiser access to the online registration system to monitor entry data.

12203 Competition and Calendar Fees

12203.1 Race Entry Fee (Athletes and Guides)

The race entry fee is the amount that must be paid per athlete and guides to the LOC-organiser, for each race entered on the event competition programme. The race fee is based on the final entries. In cases athletes and/or guides are added after the final entries it is on the discretion of the LOC-organiser to charge for late entries.

12204.2 At World Cup competitions prizes, titles or diplomas, provided by the LOC-organiser, will be awarded to the top three competitors in each event.

12204.3 For athletes in the VI category~~vision-impaired-categories~~, if the athlete skied with a guide, the guide will also be awarded the same medal, prize, title or diploma awarded to the athlete. ~~Only one~~ guide per athlete is entitled to receive the same medal, prize, title or diploma, in situations where a guide exchange took place (e.g. due to an accident). ~~In the event an athlete has more than one guide, t~~The team manager must communicate the name to the

representative of FIS and the organiser ~~LOC representatives~~ at the last Team Captains Meeting before the award ceremony.

12204.4 World Cup Trophies

12204.4.1 A World Cup Trophy for the winner and medals for the top three (3) ranked athletes/guides will be awarded in each category / discipline. A Nations Cup Trophy will be awarded for to the top ranked World Cup nation in a season.

12204.4.2 For athletes in the VI Categories category, if the athlete skied with a guide only one guide per VI athlete will be awarded per discipline and overall trophies. In the event an athlete has skied with more than one guide during the season, the team manager must communicate the name to FIS and ~~LOC~~ organiser representatives at the last Team Captains Meeting before the award ceremony.

12300 Cross-Country ~~Skiing~~ Competitions

12302.1.1 FIS appointed officials are:

At **Paralympic Winter Games** (PWG) and **World Championships** (WSC):

- FIS Para Cross-Country Race Director (RD),
- FIS Technical Delegate (TD),
- FIS Assistant Technical Delegate (TDA) ,
- Jury Member,
- OVR (On-Venue Result) Race Administrator (only for PWG),
- Adaptive Equipment Controller (Classification),
- FIS Equipment Controller

12302.1.3.2 The Chair of the OC or his/her Assistant represents the OC to the public and chairs the meetings of the OC. He/she cooperates before and after the competition closely together with the FIS. See art. 210.

Within the OC there must be one person appointed as the Chief of Competition who is qualified to conduct the competition and to supervise the technical aspects of the competition as well as be a member of the main interface with the jury. The Competition Officials are specialists who are particularly well qualified for their assigned duties. Each official can do only one job. Officials must be easily recognized by their uniforms, armbands or badges.

12302.2.1 The Competition Officials are

- Competition secretary
- Chief of course
- Chief of timekeeping and data processing
- Chief of stadium
- Chief of control and competition security
- Chief of media
- Chief of medical

The chief of competition will appoint other officials as necessary.

12302.3.4 The chief of timekeeping and data processing is responsible for the timing systems; providing electronic raw timing data to the Results system, and the direction and coordination of the officials working in the timing area (starter,

finish referee, finish controller, manual timers, electronic timers, intermediate timekeepers and calculations officials' work). The chief of timekeeping and data processing oversees the preparation of the Timing and Data Technical Report (TDTR) and xml file for the electronic transmittal to FIS following the competition. A copy of the report may also be printed (only if the TD has no access to their report) for review prior to the transmission of the xml file. The TDTR Software can be found on the FIS website.

12302.3.6 The chief of control and competition security is responsible to organise together with the Jury the suitable placing of controllers, to collect ~~and~~ all pertinent information and to report any incidents to the Jury as soon as possible.

12303.3.2 The Jury must clarify and decide:

- Whether a competition shall be delayed, postponed, interrupted, resumed, rescheduled, restarted or cancelled¹.
- Whether the competition course shall be adjusted due to safety reasons, or that additional safety measures (fences, protective material, etc.) shall be installed along the course

12310.1 Table for distances and course lengths

Competition Type	Competition Length (km)	Nominal Course Length (km)
Distance	5 to 20	2.0, 2.5, 3.3, 3.75, 4.0, 5.0
	Greater than 20	5 and greater
Individual Sprint	Sitting: 0.6 – 1.2	0.3 to 1.2
	Standing VI : 0.8 – 1.6	0.4 to 1.6
Relay	<u>2.5 per leg</u> 10	2.5

¹ Explanatory notes:

Delayed: The competition did not start as scheduled but is expected to begin later the same day. Example: Start of the competition is delayed because of a malfunctioning start gate.

Postponed: The competition did not start as scheduled, and the new date and start time are currently unknown. Example: The competition has not started yet, because of the temperature below -20°C. It will start later; the start time is not known.

Rescheduled: The new date and/or start time of the competition are known. Example: The competition has not started yet. Because of temperatures below -20°C the competition was rescheduled from one day to the other.

Interrupted: An unplanned interruption occurred after the competition began. The competition may either be cancelled or resumed, and competitors are required to follow the instructions of the competition officials. Example: The race started. It got interrupted because protesters pulled a rope across the course and competitors could not pass this part safely.

Resumed: The competition continues after unplanned interruption. Competitors must follow the instructions of the competition officials. Example: After the competition has been interrupted (see below), the obstacle was removed. Competitors can continue competing.

Restarted: The competition or heat/round will be neutralized and will be started from the beginning. Explanation: We are considering allowing to restart a heat in individual sprint.

Cancelled: The competition will not take place at all and will not be rescheduled.

This table is valid for organizing multi-lap races but when choosing a short course with many laps the overall distance, start format and course width must be considered.

Individual Sprint competitions can be carried out on one or more laps.

12310.2 Technique Definitions

12310.2.1 The jury may ban or enforce the use of specific techniques on marked sections of the course for ~~the athletes in the VI category~~ vision impaired athletes (incl. guides). All infractions will be reported to the jury.

12310.3 The Programs for PWG, WSC, WC and FIS Competitions

~~12310.3.1 As a principle the number of competitions in the two techniques should be equal in WC every year, and the same for championships.~~

12310.3.12 PWG and WSC

12310.3.12.1 For the PWG and the WSC, the programme is:

~~Cross-country skiing:~~

Interval Start Competitions: 10km C/F & 20km C/F

Sprint Competition: Sitting: 0.6 – 1.2km C/F

Standing/VI: 0.8 – 1.6km C/F

Relay Competitions: Mixed & Open Relays (4 x 2.5km)

~~Standing & VI men: Sprint, 10 km and 20 km~~

~~sit-ski men: Sprint, 10 km and 20 km~~

~~standing & VI women: Sprint, 10 km and 20 km~~

~~sit-ski women: Sprint, 10 km, and 20 km~~

~~all mixed & open relays (4 x 2.5 km)~~

12310.3.32 World Cup

The program for the World Cup season is determined by FIS every year. Distances and techniques are decided annually. To be able to support development of the Para Cross-Country sport ~~and~~ new formats, test competitions, and distances can be a part of the WC program. Long distance competitions may be included.

12311.1.23 ~~A ski glide testing area with testing tracks for all participating teams must be located close to the stadium. It should be close to the team wax cabins and warm up track. The testing tracks must be prepared to the same standard as the competition course. These may include sections of the course not being used for competition or occur on wide sections of the course if they can be~~

~~segregated.~~ A test area should be prepared and clearly marked along or near the competition course.

12311.1.43 Warm up courses (also for the Sitting category~~sit-ski~~) should be prepared as close as possible to the stadium.

12311.2 The Homologation

12311.2.1 All FIS Para Cross-Country competitions should be carried out on homologated courses. Exceptions are: popular competitions, Roller Skiing competitions, substitute courses if approved by the Jury and lower-level competitions (Continental Cup and below) if approved by FIS office and the jury, where the courses meet homologation criteria but where homologation is not yet available. The homologation procedures are described in the Homologation procedure for ~~cross~~Cross-Country skiing courses and the FIS Para Cross-Country Homologation Guide.

12311.3.4.2 The Jury determines where and how tracks will be set ~~in the downhill~~.

~~12311.3.4.3 One single track shall be set on one side of the course for athletes skiing in classical technique.~~

12311.3.4.43 In sections where athletes in the Standing and Sitting categories ~~standing athletes and sitting athletes~~ use the same course 2 classical tracks shall be set if possible.

12311.4 Marking the Course

12311.4.1 The marking of the course must be so clear that the competitor is never in doubt where the course goes. ~~At PWG and WSC the colors of the markings have to be determined and described in the course descriptions.~~ Hard material course markings and commercial markings should only be placed at the sides of the course.

~~12311.6~~ Course Protection

~~12311.6.1 At PWG, WSC competitions the courses should be fenced along both sides at all places where spectators can potentially interfere with the competitors.~~

12312.8.2 Loudspeakers must be used for announcing the competition and important information. The volume of the announcements must be modified for the VI category~~Class competitors~~ as required by the TD's.

12313.1.3 In the allVI category~~classes~~ the competitor and their guide are a team. Therefore, the guide(s) name for each competitor in the VI category~~competitor~~ must be included on the entry form prior to the start of each race.

~~12314.1.4 The recommended start order of different classes if the same track is being used is as follows:~~

~~Men ————— LW 10-12~~

~~Women ————— LW 10-12~~

~~Men ————— NS 1-3~~

~~Men ————— LW 2-9~~

~~Women~~ ~~NS 1-3~~

~~Women~~ ~~LW 2-9~~

~~This is a recommended start order only, and different start orders may be considered on a case by case basis to provide all classes with an opportunity to start under the most favorable circumstances, depending on snow and weather conditions, and access to warm-up tracks before the start of their race.~~

12314.2.4 If a competition must be postponed to a different date, the draw must be repeated (article 217.6). ~~If points are used to create the start order and a competition must be postponed, the points list in effect at the time of the postponed competition will apply for determining the start order.~~

12314.7.2 For ~~Team Sprint and~~ Relay competitions it is required to affix bib numbers to the finishing competitor's leg or side of the sit ski that is closest to the finish line camera.

12314.8 Start list

12314.8.1 Start list must contain the starting order of competitors, their start numbers, ~~years of births~~, respective FIS points, start time(s), the technical details of the course; length, HD, MC, TC, number of participating nations and composition of the jury.

12315.2.3 The competitor must have their feet (~~standing~~ Standing and VI classes categories) or front binding (~~Sitting~~ classes category) behind the start line and remain stationary before the starter gives their starting commands. The poles remain stationary and should be placed over the starting line and/or starting gate at the discretion of the starter. ~~VI-class athletes will be guided to the start gate and may be held back until the exact start time by an official by placing a hand on the shoulder of the athlete.~~

12315.3 Mass Start Procedure

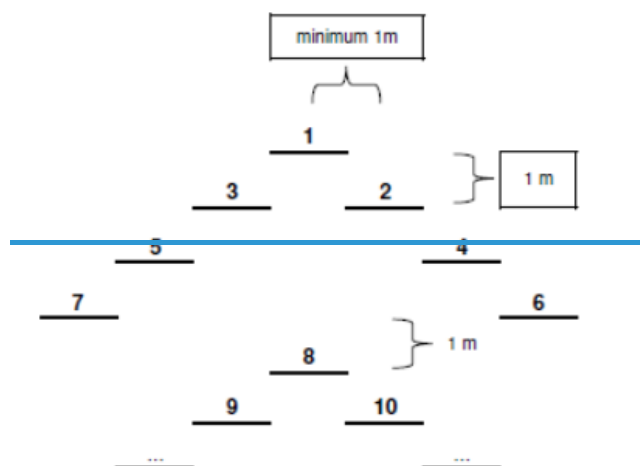
12315.3.1 The Jury can decide to organise a Mass Start

- using angled start lines in shape of an arrow. This means that the athlete with start number 1 has the most favorable start position followed by start number 2 etc. Each competitor should be separated by a fixed distance interval. Number one will be in the middle position; even numbers are placed on the right and odd numbers on the left side of the arrow. The numbering mark should be placed to the right or in the middle of the track.
- using an angled start line (in case of even number of starting corridors), where number one will still have the most favorable position on the left or on the right of the starting field. Even in this case each competitor should be separated by a fixed distance interval.
- using a flat line

12315.3.2 The jury shall decide whether to set classical tracks in the start grid.

12315.3.1 The mass start should be carried out using angled start lines in shape of an arrow. This means that the athlete with start number 1 has the most favorable start position followed by start number 2 etc. Each competitor should be separated by a fixed distance interval.

Number one will be in the middle position; even numbers are placed on the right and odd numbers on the left side of the arrow. The numbering mark should be placed to the right or in the middle of the track. To provide a fair start, modifications can be done if required due to the terrain and snow conditions.



12315.3.4.3 The starting procedures for a Mass Start will begin two minutes before the start signal. At this time instruction about the start will be given to all competitors assembled in their start lanes. These instructions should end with the competitors being instructed to stand at their start positions and a “one minute to start warning” is given. Next there will be the command “30 seconds to start”. When all competitors are motionless then the next sound will be the start command or signal.

12315.3.4 If the start grid is set with classical tracks, then competitors must use only classical technique and are not allowed to leave their assigned tracks within their start position and end of marked corridors the first 15-50 m after the start line. The mass start should have 20-50 meters of parallel tracks or corridors, where each competitor is forbidden to leave the track or corridor. Then there will be a zone where the tracks or corridors converge into the competition course. There must be no factors along the course that cause congestion.

12315.4 Pursuit and Wave Start Procedure

12315.4.1 The starting order and intervals are set according the calculation with the applicable Sport Class percentages and the results of a first competition, see art. 0. The tenths of seconds will be deleted to establish the start list.

12315.4.5 The competitors are not allowed to change corridors within the marked corridor area after the start line.

12315.4.56 If there is a need, ~~(e.g. athletes in the VI category Class)~~, athletes may be held by a team member or an official (on request by the team) with a hand on the shoulder of the athlete until they can start.

~~12315.5 Wave or Heat Start procedure~~

~~12315.5.1 The start area is prepared with a start line and a pre-start area that are 1–2.5 meter apart. This shall ensure adequate space for VI athletes.~~

~~12315.5.2 Electronic and/or mechanical start gates can be used if approved by the Jury.~~

~~12315.5.3 Competitors are organised in the pre-start area where instructions are given and start lanes designated.~~

~~For specific start procedures see Section G~~

12315.76 False Start Consequences

12315.76.1 For all competitions a competitor who makes a false start will not be recalled to the start line ~~but may return to the start line and restart providing they do not obstruct other competitors~~. False start infractions must be reported to the Jury.

12316.3 When using hand-timing, the time is taken when the competitor's first foot or for ~~LW 10–12~~ the Sitting category the front binding crosses the finish line.

12316.4 Electronic Timing

12316.4.1 The following electronic timing technologies can be used to identify the official finish times:

- Electronic timing system based on photocells. The measuring point of the light or photo barrier must be at a height of 25 cm above the snow surface.
- Photo finish system. The measuring point will be the toe of the first boot meeting the finish line or for the Sitting category ~~LW 10–12~~ the front binding.

12316.4.2 Transponder Timekeeping:

Transponders (active and passive systems) can be used as a supporting system to the official timing system to determine race times and ranking sequences at intermediate timing points, pre-timing points, and finish (unofficial result). The official result must be confirmed by using electronic timing systems in accordance with ICR 12316.4.1.

For the Sitting category ~~LW 10–12~~: The transponder must not be fixed ahead of the front binding.

12316.4.3 For ~~athletes in the VI category~~ all VI classes the chronometer will be started and stopped as the competitor (not the guide) crosses the line. The time of the guide must not be recorded.

12316.4.4 The ranking of athletes involved in a photo finish will be established according to the order they crossed the vertical plane of the finish line by the toe of the front foot.

For the Sitting category LW 10—12: In a photo finish, the competitor whose front binding first crosses the finish line is ahead.

12316.6.2 Delta time (Δ): is the time (in real time) the skier would have to ski faster in order to tie the winner's result (in adjusted time).

$$DELTA = r_i - \left(\frac{w}{p_i} \right)$$

r_i Real time (for competitor i)
 w : Calculated time of the winner
 p_i Percentage (for competitor i)

12316.6.23 Calculation of Start times based on the qualification or previous competition

12316.6.34 Calculation of start times in Para Mass Start Competition

The start time is calculated by taking the fastest real time (independently from the winner) Basic time from a defined previous interval race of the same technique (classic or free) and the same loop, as outlined under art. 12316.6.23. This fastest real time is used as the basis for calculating the relative start times of all competitors.

In case where the distance of the previous interval race is shorter or longer than the distance of the Para Mass Start Competition, the fastest real time basic time will be multiplied up or divided down to the relevant distance. In case of a longer distance in the Para Mass Start race, than in the reference race and a descent speed "slow down" factor may be added to the winner's real time (e.g. of 5%), which is determined by the Jury. will be added to the calculation.

~~If the conditions are different from Race 1 to Race 2, the jury will decide on an additional slow down or speed up percentage to apply to the standard "slow down factor". The jury may also decide to change the race to an interval start race if fairness of all classes cannot be ensured.~~

Example:

Fastest real time: 28:22,5 (athletes' percentage is 96%)

Distance calculation (10km to 20km): 28:22,5 x 2 = 56:45,0

Descent speed factor (3%): 56:45,0 x 1,03 = 58:27,1

The basic time (B) is 58:27,1

12317.1

Calculation of Results

12317.1.1 The results in interval start competitions are calculated by taking the difference between the finish and start times as described in **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.** If Sport C classes are combined, the real time has to be multiplied by the applicable percentages.

The result (calculated time) is rounded to 1/10th of a second.

For Sprint Qualification the result (calculated time) is rounded to 1/100th of a second.

The results of Sprint heats, Pursuit start and Para Mass Start or Relay competitions are determined according to the order the athletes cross the finish line and are recorded and presented in the results list in real time. For photo finish decisions see art 0.

The result list shows the time behind the winner (real time in 1/10th of a second)

12317.1.2 Time adjustments (except time penalties) shall be added/subtracted to/from the real skiing time, before calculating with their percentage according to their ~~classification~~ Sport eClass.

12317.1.3 The number of categories in total is three per gender:

LW 10 – 12 (~~Sitting-ski~~), LW 2 – 9 (Standing), NS 1 – 3. (Vision Impaired)

12317.1.4 In the use of 3 categories with combined Sport Classes, the percentage system will be used. Each competitor has their own percentage according to their ~~classification~~ Sport eClass.

12317.1.6.2 Relay competition:

The ranking of ~~athletes in the Standing and VI categories~~standing athletes (LW 2-9/NS1-3) involved in a photo finish will be established according to the order they crossed the vertical plane of the finish line by the toe of the front foot.

The ranking of ~~sitting~~ athletes in the Sitting category (LW 10-12) involved in a photo finish will be established according to the order they crossed the vertical plane of the finish line by the front binding.

12317.1.6.3 Sprint competition:

12317.1.6.3.1 Qualification: If two athletes have the same result in the qualification round (calculated time in hundreds of a second) and none of them qualifies for the next round they shall be ranked on the same place in the result list and shall get the same amount of WC points.

If two athletes have the same result in the qualification round (calculated time in hundreds of a second) and both or only one of them qualifies for the next round the following order of “tie breakers” shall be used:

1. Calculated time: All available digits of the calculated time shall be used
2. FIS Points (current FIS points list~~season, at first competition previous season~~)
3. Highest number of individual World Cup wins (current season, at first competition previous season)
4. Best World Cup result (current season, at first competition, previous season)

12317.1.6.4 Pursuit competition:

12317.1.6.4.1 First race

If two athletes have the same result in the first race (calculated time in hundreds of a second) and none of them qualifies for the next round they shall

be ranked on the same place in the result list and shall get the same amount of WC points. The athlete with the higher start number is listed first.

If two athletes have the same result in the first race (calculated time in hundreds of a second) and both or only one of them qualifies for the next round the following order of "tie breakers" shall be used:

1. Calculated time: All available digits of the calculated time shall be used
2. FIS Points (current FIS points list)
3. Highest number of individual World Cup wins (current season, at first competition previous season)
4. Best World Cup result (current season, at first competition previous season)

12317.2.2 The official result list must contain the final rank of the competitors, their FPDMS Codes, starting number, Sport eClass, percentages, intermediate times, real time, calculated time and the delta time (where applicable see art **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.**), points, Skiing technique, the number of competitors, names of the competitors who started but did not finish, any disqualified competitors, any written sanctions to competitors, time penalties, the technical details of the course; length, HD, MC, TC, the weather, temperature data, number of competitors (entered, ranked, DNS and DNF), number of participating nations and the composition of the Jury.

12320 Interval Start Competitions

12320.1 Definition

At interval start competition, each competitor starts at his/her designated starting time and the final result is determined by difference between finish time and start time and recorded in the results according to art. **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.**

5 km: LW 10-12 women5 km
 LW 10-12 men 5 km
 LW 2-9 women5 km
 LW 2-9men 5 km
 NS1-3 women5 km
 NS1-3 men 5 km

Course	Sit-Ski	Standing
women	2.5 km	2.5 km
men	2.5 km	2.5 km
loops	2	2

10 km: LW 10-12 women10 km
 LW 10-12 men 10 km
 LW 2-9 women10 km
 LW 2-9men 10 km
 NS1-3 women10 km

————— NS1-3 ————— men ————— 10 km

Course	Sit Ski	Standing
Women	2.5 km	2.5 km
Men	2.5 km	2.5 km
Loops	4	4

20 km: ————— LW 10-12 ————— women 18-20 km

————— LW 10-12 ————— men ————— 18-20 km

————— LW 2-9 ————— women 18-20 km

————— LW 2-9 men ————— 18-20 km

————— NS1-3 ————— women 18-20 km

————— NS1-3 ————— men ————— 18-20 km

Course	Sit Ski	Standing
women	3-5 km	3-5 km
men	3-5 km	3-5 km
loops	4-6	4-6

12320.2 Courses and stadium

12320.2.1 ~~Norms for WSC and PWG. For WC the Jury is allowed to modify if needed~~ Recommended norms:

Interval start <u>Start</u>	Sitting Category <u>sitting only</u>	Sit Ski + <u>Standing Sitting,</u> <u>Standing and VI</u> <u>Categories</u>	Standing and VI <u>Categories only</u>
	Classical Technique	Classical + Classical	Classical Technique
COURSE			
Width (minimum)	3 m	3 m	3 m
Classical al tracks	2 tracks in ideal line	2 tracks in ideal line	2 tracks in ideal line
Distance between tracks	Minimum 1.2 m	Minimum 1.2 m	Minimum 1.2 m
START			
Width (minimum)	3 m	3 m	3 m
Organization/preparation	1 corridor	1 corridor	1 corridor
Classical tracks	1	1	1
FINISH			
Width (minimum)	12 m	12 m	12 m
Number of corridors	4	4	4

Number of tracks	4 in center of corridor	4 in center of corridor	4 in center of corridor
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Interval start <u>Start</u>	<u>Sitting Category only</u> Sit-ski only	<u>Sitting, Standing and VI Categories</u> Sit-Ski + Standing	<u>Standing and VI Categories only</u> Standing only
	Classical Technique	Classical + Free	Free Technique
COURSE			
Width (minimum)	3 m	9 m	6 m
Classical al tracks	2 tracks in ideal line	2 tracks on the side	1 track on the side
Distance between tracks	Minimum 1.2 m		
START			
Width (minimum)	3 m	5 m	4 m
Organization/preparation	1 corridor	1 corridor	1 corridor
Classical tracks	1	1	0
FINISH			
Width (minimum)	12 m	12 m	12 m
Number of corridors	4	3	3
Number of tracks	4 in center of corridor	4 (2 on both sides of the finish corridor, 2 between corridors)	4 (2 on both sides of the finish corridor, 2 between corridors)

12321 Para Mass Start Competitions

12321.1 Definition

Para Mass Start competitions are carried out based on a previous interval race (~~Race 1~~) where starting times of ~~the Race 2~~ (Para Mass Start) competition athletes are determined by the fastest real time (independently from the winner) ~~percentage according to the athlete's classification class and calculated winner result~~ of the previous interval competition (see art. ~~42316.6.20~~). The result is determined by finish arrival order (in real time).

12321.2 Courses and stadium

12321.2.1 ~~Norms for WSC and PWG. For WC the Jury is allowed to modify if needed~~ Recommended norms:

Para Mass Start	<u>Sitting Category only</u> Sit-ski only	<u>Sitting, Standing and VI Categories</u> Sit Ski + Standing	<u>Standing and VI Categories</u> only Standing only
	Classical Technique	Classical + Classical	Classical Technique
COURSE			
Category	C	C	C
Width (minimum)	6 m	6 m	6 m
Classical tracks	3 tracks in ideal line	3 tracks in ideal line	3 tracks in ideal line
Distance between tracks	Minimum 1.2 m	Minimum 1.2 m	Minimum 1.2 m
START			
Width (minimum)	5 m	5 m	5 m
Organization/preparation	3 corridors	3 corridors	3 corridors
Classical tracks	3	3	3
FINISH			
Width (minimum)	12 m	12 m	12 m
Number of corridors	4	4	4
Number of tracks	4 in center of corridor	4 in center of corridor	4 in center of corridor

Para Mass Start	<u>Sitting, Standing and VI Categories</u> Sit-Ski + Standing	<u>Standing and VI Categories</u> only Standing only
	Classical + Free	Free Technique
COURSE		
Category	D	D
Width (minimum)	9 m	9 m
Classical tracks	2 tracks on the side	1 track on the side
START		
Width (minimum)	14 m	14 m
Organization/preparation	3 corridors	3 corridors
Classical tracks	4	0

FINISH		
Width (minimum)	12 m	12 m
Number of corridors	4	4
Number of tracks	3 (as corridor dividers)	

12322 Pursuit Competitions

12322.1 Definition

Pursuit competitions are carried out as combined competitions where starting times of athletes are determined by the percentage according to the athletes ~~classification~~ Sport Class and result(s) of previous competition(s) or a Qualification round (in calculated time). The final result (second race) is determined by finish arrival order of the last competition (in real time). (see art. 0)

12322.2 Courses and stadium

12322.2.1 Recommended norms ~~Norms for WSC and PWG. For WC the Jury is allowed to modify if needed.~~

Pursuit Start	<u>Sitting Category only</u> Sit-ski only	<u>Sitting, Standing and VI Categories</u> Sit Ski + Standing	<u>Standing and VI Categories only</u> Standing only
	Classical Technique	Classical + Classical	Classical Technique
COURSE			
Width (minimum)	5 m	5 m	5 m
Classical <u>al</u> tracks	3 tracks in ideal line	3 tracks in ideal line	3 tracks in ideal line
Distance between tracks	Minimum 1.2 m	Minimum 1.2 m	Minimum 1.2 m
START			
Width (minimum)	5 m	5 m	5 m
Organization/preparation	3 corridors	3 corridors	3 corridors
Classical tracks	3	3	3
FINISH			
Width (minimum)	12 m	12 m	12 m
Number of corridors	4	4	4
Number of tracks	4 in center of corridor	4 in center of corridor	4 in center of corridor

Pursuit Start	<u>Sitting Category only</u> Sit-ski only	<u>Sitting, Standing and VI Categories</u> Sit Ski + Standing	<u>Standing and VI Categories only</u> Standing only
	Classical Technique	Classical + Free	Free Technique
COURSE			
Width (minimum)	3 m	9 m	9 m
Classical tracks	3 tracks in ideal line	2 tracks on the side	1 track on the side
Distance between tracks	Minimum 1.2 m		
START			
Width (minimum)	6 m	14 m	14 m
Organization/preparation	3 corridors	3 corridors	3 corridors
Classical tracks	4	4	0
FINISH			
Width (minimum)	12 m	12 m	12 m
Number of corridors	4	3	3
Number of tracks	4 in center of corridor	4 (2 on both sides of the finish corridor, 2 between corridors)	

12323 Sprint Competitions

12323.1 Definition

~~Cross-Country skiing sprint~~ Sprint competitions begin with a qualification round, organised as an interval start competition (ranking by calculated time). After the qualification, qualified athletes compete in the sprint finals using heats of different formats with pursuit start (ICR art. 0) and finish ranking by order of finish / real time. (ICR art. **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.**)

Distance:	LW 10-12	women	600-1200 m
	LW 10-12	men	600-1200 m
	LW 2-9	women	800-1600 m
	LW 2-9	men	800-1600 m
	NS1-3	women	800-1600 m
	NS1-3	men	800-1600 m

Course	Sit-Ski	Standing
Men + women	300—1200 m	400—1600 m
loops	1—2	1—2

12323.1.1 ~~The categories in sprint competitions are: LW 10-12, LW 2-9, NS 1-3 per gender.~~

12323.2 Courses and stadium

12323.2.1 ~~Recommended norms~~ Norms for WSC and PWG. For WC the Jury is allowed to modify if needed.

Sprint	Sitting Category only Sit-ski only	Sitting, Standing and VI Categories Sit-Ski + Standing	Standing and VI Categories only Standing only
	Classical Technique	Classical + Classical	Classical Technique
COURSE			
Width (minimum)	6m	6 m	6 m
Classical tracks	2-3 tracks	2 - 3 tracks	2 - 3 tracks
Distance between tracks	Minimum 1.2 m	Minimum 1.2 m	Minimum 1.2 m
START			
Width (minimum)	12 m	12 m	12 m
Organization/ preparation	6 corridors	6 corridors	6 corridors
Classical tracks	6	6	6
FINISH			
Width (minimum)	12 m	12 m	12 m
Number of corridors	4	4	4
Number of tracks	4 in center of corridor	4 in center of corridor	4 in center of corridor

Sprint	<u>Sitting Category only</u> Sit-ski only	<u>Sitting, Standing and VI Categories</u> Sit Ski + Standing	<u>Standing and VI Categories only</u> Standing only
	Classical Technique	Classical + Free	Free Technique
COURSE			
Width (minimum)	6m	12 m	9 m
Classical tracks	2-3 tracks	2 tracks on the side	1 track on the side
Distance between tracks	Minimum 1.2 m		

START			
Width (minimum)	12 m	14 m	14 m
Organization/preparation	3 corridors	3 corridors	3 corridors
Classical tracks	4	4	0
FINISH			
Width (minimum)	9 m	9 m	9 m
Number of corridors	3	2	2
Number of tracks	3 in center of corridor	4 (2 on both sides of the finish corridor, 2 between corridors)	4 (2 on both sides of the finish corridor, 2 between corridors)

12323.2.5 Technique: classic or free

Free: There shall be one track set along the side of the entire course for athletes of the Standing and VI categories~~LW 2-9 / NS 1-3~~ whenever possible.

On parts of the course that are also used by athletes of the Sitting category~~LW 40-42~~, there should be 2 tracks set along the side of the course. The course width should be maximized to allow for passing outside of the tracks.

12323.3.6 Finals Heats: ~~(Semi-finals and Finals)~~

12323.3.6.1 Pursuit Start procedure must be used (see ICR art. 12315.4)

12323.3.6.~~4~~² In PWG, WSC and WC heats will start with the semi-finals, in other competitions as decided by the organizer.

12323.3.6.23 The allocation of athletes in the heats is determined from the finish ranking in the qualification round. Positions in subsequent heats are assigned based on rankings in the previous round of heats:

Category	Number of finishing athletes	Athletes per semi-final	Heats	Athletes in final
LW <u>Sitting/</u> <u>Standing</u>	12 or more	6**	heat 1) 1,4,5,8,9,12	6
			heat 2) 2,3,6,7,10,11	
	11	5 and 6**	heat 1) 1,4,5,8,9	6
			heat 2) 2,3,6,7,10,11	
	10	5**	heat 1) 1,4,5,8,9	6
			heat 2) 2,3,6,7,10	
	9	4 and 5**	heat 1) 1,4,5,8,9	6
			heat 2) 2,3,6,7	
	7 to 8	no semi-final		6
	3* to 6	no semi-final		All athletes in final

NS <u>Vision</u> <u>Impaired</u>	8 or more	4***	heat 1) 1,4,5,8	4
			heat 2) 2,3,6,7	
	7	3 and 4***	heat 1) 1,4,5	4
			heat 2) 2,3,6,7	
	3* to 6	no semi-finals		4

* applies to WC or below only as per **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.**

** best three of each heat advance to final

*** best two of each heat advance to final

12323.3.6.56 Athletes are responsible for leaving at the right time. Start times for each heat will be posted in the start area.

Competitors are organised on the pre-start line where instructions are given and lanes are designated according to rule **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden..**

~~If there is a need (e.g. VI-Class), athletes may be held by a team member or an official (on request) with a hand on the shoulder of the athlete until they can start.~~

The starting procedure for sprint heat starts will begin one minute before the start of the heat at which point a "one minute to start" warning will be given and competitors must be standing in their start lanes at the prestart line. Next there will be a command to "Take your start positions" and the competitors will advance to the start line.

~~12323.3.6.7 The competitors are not allowed to change corridors/tracks within marked corridor area. the first 15-30m after the start line.~~

12323.3.6.8 Athlete start time (for heats)~~Start time for pursuit start (%)~~:

The start time of each athlete is based on the final calculated time of the winner of the qualification round, per category / gender. (Sitting, Standing and VI~~LW 10-12, LW 2-9, NS1-3~~).

12323.3.6.10 A false start will be sanctioned according to art. 12335.5.1.2~~in the heats means that the competitor must stop the competition unless they return to the start and then restart the competition. In the case of a false start the competitor will be ranked last of these final or semifinals heats.~~

12323.4.2 In the Qualification and Finals, competitors with IRM (RAL, DNF, DNS and NPS)² are listed according to their ranking in their respective heat and their qualification times, below the competitors without IRM.

12324 Relay Competitions

12324.1 Definition

12324.1.1 At PWG and WSC, each nation can enter 1 team per relay competition. Any athlete can only participate in one relay competition. In other events the jury may decide to allow more than one team per nation, mixed nation teams, and athlete participation in more than one relay competition. An athlete may not compete for more than one team per competition.

Distance:	Mixed relay and Open relay	4 x 2.5 km
1st leg:	2.5 km classical	<u>Sitting</u> sit-ski course 2.5 km
2nd leg:	2.5 km free	<u>Standing/VI</u> standing course 2.5 km
3rd leg:	2.5 km classical	<u>Sitting</u> sit-ski course 2.5 km
4th leg:	2.5 km free	standing <u>Standing/VI</u> course 2.5 km

12324.1.2 Mixed Relay: the combined percentage of each team must be 335% or less, calculated by summing the individual percentages of the athlete in each leg with reductions of 15% per leg for female athletes and 12% per leg for athletes in the Sitting category~~sit-ski-athletes~~ (female athletes, competing in the Sitting category~~sit-ski-athlete~~: minus 27%). There must be at least one-woman taking part.

12324.1.3 Open Relay: the combined percentage of each team must be 375% or less, calculated by summing the individual percentages of the athlete in each leg with reductions of 15% per leg for female athletes and 12% per leg for athletes in the Sitting category~~sit-ski-athletes~~ (female athletes, competing in the Sitting category~~sit-ski-athlete~~: minus 27%).

²Invalid Result Marks (IRM) Definitions:

RAL: Ranked as Last; DNF: Did Not Finish; DNS: Did Not Start; NPS: Not Permitted to Start

12324.1.5 Course and Stadium

12324.1.6 ~~Norms for WSC and PWG. For WC the Jury is allowed to modify if needed.~~

The relay distance is based on two alternating courses each 2,5 km. Each course shall be used 2 times, giving a total distance of 10 km for the whole race. First and third stage is in classical technique (C), second and fourth stage is in free technique (F).

Recommended norms

Relay	<u>Sitting Category only</u> Sit ski only	<u>Sitting, Standing and VI Categories</u> Sit Ski + Standing	<u>Standing and VI Categories only</u> Standing only
	Classical Technique	Classical + Free	Free Technique
COURSE			
Width (minimum)	3m	9-12 m	6-9 m
Classical tracks	2 tracks	2 tracks on the side	1 track on the side
Distance between tracks	Minimum 1.2 m	Minimum 1.2 m	
START			
Width (minimum)		9 - 12 m	
Organization/preparation		Arrow start grid	
Classical tracks		5 or 7	
Distance between tracks		1.5 m	
FINISH			
Width (minimum)		12 m	
Number of corridors		3	
Number of tracks		4 (2 on both sides of the finish corridor, 2 between corridors)	

12324.1.8 Classical Technique

In principal, the course is prepared with two tracks, and homologated for athletes competing in the Sitting ~~sit-ski~~ competitions category.

- 12324.3 Starting order and Start Procedure
- 12324.3.1 Mass start procedure must be used (see ICR art. **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.**).
- 12324.3.2 Start numbers will be assigned to teams (using the modified percentage: ~~LW 10-12~~Sitting category: minus 12%, ~~Female athletes~~women minus 15% of the athletes starting in the first leg). Athletes with the higher percentage will be assigned the lower bib numbers. In cases where more than one athlete has the same percentage the lower bib number will be assigned to the athlete with the lower points. At PWG and WSC the placing in the previous PWG and WSC will determine the starting order of the first team, with the remaining teams assigned as above.
- 12324.3.4 Relay Exchange Zone
- The exchange zone for Team Relay ~~or Team Sprint~~ should be a minimum of 10 m wide and 15 m in length.
- The exchange zone must be clearly marked with a line at the beginning of the zone. ~~When the front binding of the arriving competitor reaches this exchange line the corresponding team mate is allowed to depart the exchange zone.~~ No physical contact between the competitors is required.
- 12324.4 Relay exchange
- 12324.4.1 As soon as the incoming competitor has passed the finish line in the exchange zone with the whole body, the next competitor can start. The starting athlete must start from a stationary position.
- ~~If there is a need (eg VI Class), athletes may be held by a team member or an official (on request of the team) with a hand on the shoulder of the athlete until they can start.~~
- Marshals shall guide the incoming competitors out of the exchange zone so they do not interfere with the starting competitors.
- 12324.4.2 An early start in the relay will be sanctioned by a minimum time penalty of 30 seconds, added to the final result (Jury to decide), ~~unless the competitor returns to the start and restarts their leg of the race.~~
- 12330.2.2 Classification:
- All rules and guidelines related to classification as set forth by the FIS Para Nordic Classification Rules and Regulations and published on the FIS Para Cross-Country website apply. This includes the use or prohibition of equipment and/or adaptive equipment as described for specific ~~s~~Sport ~~C~~Classes.
- 12330.2.3 Adaptive Equipment
- During Para Cross-Country sanctioned competitions all competitors must comply with the FIS Para Snowsports Equipment Specification.

12330.2.4 Athletes in the NS1 Sport Class~~Athletes~~

During FIS Para Cross-Country sanctioned competitions all competitors in the Sport class~~Class~~ NS1 (with the exception of those with prosthesis in both eyes) must wear their own opaque shades or glasses approved through the FIS Adaptive Equipment Inventory, for the full duration of the event. The glasses must be worn so that no light can be seen by the competitor (inside must be black). Athletes whose facial structure will not support goggles shall be required to cover the eyes with an opaque covering.

12331 **Guides**

12331.1 For athletes in the NS1 Sport Class~~athletes~~ a guide is obligatory. Athletes in the classes~~For NS2 and NS3 may compete without a guide~~~~athletes a guide is also allowed~~. A competitor may change guides during the competition if the guide has an accident or cannot keep up.

12331.2 Guiding must be by voice only. Radio communication between guide and competitor is allowed. The guide may also use an amplifier. No other means of communication is allowed. The amplifier must not disturb other competitors.

12331.3 The role of the guide is to be responsible for the safety of the athlete, vision impaired competitor~~while following all rules of the Para Cross-Country ICR and assist the athlete to follow the rules~~. He/she may lead or follow the vision impaired competitor~~athlete~~ in the same track or ski alongside the parallel track providing he/she does not obstruct another skier. (Obstruction rule **Fehler!** **Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.** also applies for guides)

12331.4 No physical contact between guides and the athlete~~vision impaired competitors~~ during the race is allowed except according to 0. After a fall a guide or a marshal may hand the athlete their skis and/or poles.

12331.5 For reasons of safety on course, the guide is allowed to hold the athlete they are guiding~~VI Class athlete~~ (one arm or one pole). During holding it is forbidden to actively pull or push the competitor or to be actively skating or striding.

12331.7 The guide must start together with the athlete, from a position in front of the athlete, in the same start corridor. The start line for the guide must be marked.

12331.8 Art. 203.3 applies to both the competitor and the Guide. Therefore, both the competitor and the Guide will be nationals of the country or territory of the NSA that enters them in any FIS sanctioned competition.

12332.7.1 Fallen competitors, that compete in the Sitting category (LW 10 ~~—~~ 12)~~classes~~ may be helped back to the track by officials or coaches. They have to re-enter the race at the same place.

12332.7.2 Athletes competing in the Sitting category~~LW10-12 athletes~~ are not allowed to use one or both of their legs to steer or brake the sledge sit-ski during competition.

~~12332.8.1 In Interval Start competitions and Sprint qualification any violation of classical technique (for example skating strides to maintain or increase the speed) will be considered to affect the results (due to improved time and better points)~~

~~caused by the skating), and the jury will apply the appropriate sanction regardless of the time difference between skiers.~~

12332.10 Passing of other competitors

12332.10.1 ~~Process of passing~~ ~~During an interval~~ ~~Starts competition~~

~~Competitors who are being passed must give way on the first demand. Exceptions may apply for athletes competing in the Sitting-ski classes category.~~

~~12332.10.2 For all other competitions, when passing occurs, competitors must not cause any obstruction.~~

~~The responsibility for a correct passing without obstruction is on the overtaking skier/guide. The overtaking skier/guide must have his/her skis in front of the skis of the overtaken skier before skiing his/her best line.~~

12332.13 Waxing, structuring or cleaning of the competitor's skis bases during the competition is forbidden, with the following exception: In classical distance competitions, competitors may scrape their skis to remove snow and ice, and add kick wax. They must make these adjustments without assistance from other persons and without interfering with other competitors. (Athletes in the Sport Class LW 5/7 and in the VI category ~~NS1-3 athletes~~ can be supported by a team official). During classic individual sprint competitions, adjustments of the kick zone may be made between the rounds by the competitor or authorized personnel within the designed Control Area. Any adjustment of the glide zones is not allowed. It is not allowed to place branches, tools or materials on or adjacent to the groomed course.

12333.2 For order and control on the courses the following principles apply:

- from 5 minutes before the start until the ~~time the end of competition~~ ~~course closers have passed~~, all officials, coaches, non-competitors, and other accredited persons, are not permitted to ski on the course. During the competition, these persons must take fixed locations beside the course and must stand without skis on.

12335 Sanctions

12335.1 Procedure

When an infraction to the rules occurs, the Jury must meet and decide the appropriate sanction by taking into consideration:

- the specific circumstances,
- the gain or advantage for the offender (see ICR art. 223.3.3),
- the negative impact on other competitors,
- the impact on the final result or intermediate results (sprint heats),
- the level of the competition,
- the age and experience of the competitors
- ~~the FIS jury decision chart and guidelines for Jury work.~~

- 12335.1.4 The consequences of a sanction assessed on a guide during a competition automatically applies to the athlete/guide team. ~~This includes the consequences of a second written reprimand regardless of team composition.~~
- 12335.2 Disqualification
- 12335.2.1 Disqualification should be used only for infractions with a clear impact on the final result of a competition.
- In addition, a competitor shall automatically be disqualified if they:
- participate in the competition under false pretences
 - either jeopardizes the security of persons or property or actually causes injury or damage;
 - commits a serious violation of the principles of fair play or sportsmanlike behavior;
 - intentionally causes obstruction;
 - receives prohibited assistance (see art. **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.**) from a member of their team staff or non-competing athlete on their team;
 - participates in a competition using equipment that does not comply with competition equipment rules (art. 207);
 - modifies equipment which has been inspected (in a prohibited way);
 - * ~~participates in a competition with a start number or start number sequence color which has not been assigned to them on the competition start list, regardless of whether this is deliberate or due to a mistake made by them or by their team;~~
- 12335.2.2 Competitors who receive a second written reprimand in the same season will be automatically disqualified. Written reprimands given during the season are not valid in the WSC and PWG periods. Written reprimands given during WSC or PWG are valid until the end of the season. If a competitor has two reprimands on file after ~~games~~ **WSC or PWG** (one prior to WSC or PWG and one during WSC or PWG), then the next two written reprimands will each automatically result in disqualification.
- 12335.2.3 During stage events or first part of pursuit competitions, **or relay competitions art. 12335.4.2 can apply** ~~an offence that is normally sanctioned with a DSQ can instead be sanctioned by a time penalty. Using DSQ or time penalty will be the Jury's decision.~~
- 12335.3.2 In Sprint competitions, a competition suspension means that the competitor will be ranked last in the heat and last in the round (6th for final and 12th for

1/2 finals (for Standing and Sitting categories), and 4th for final and 8th for 1/2 finals (for Vision Impaired category)).

~~12335.5 In Team sprint competitions, a competition suspension means that the team will be ranked last in the heat and last in the round.~~

12335.65.1.2 In competitions with Pursuit start, early start infractions should be sanctioned by a time penalty equal to the time gained (posted start time minus actual start time) + ~~3~~10 seconds minimum penalty for Sprint Heats and 30 seconds minimum penalty for Pursuit and Para Mass Start competitions.

12335.65.1.3 In ~~team sprint competitions or~~ relay competitions, the Jury can decide to substitute a DSQ with a 3 minutes time penalty (see ICR art. 0)

12335.65.2 Relay exchange infractions in relay ~~and team sprint~~ competitions will be sanctioned by time penalties as follows:
- relay competitions: minimum 30 seconds time penalty
~~- team sprint competitions: minimum 15 seconds penalty~~

H. Para Roller Ski Competitions

12396 Para Roller Ski Competitions

12396.1 Para Roller Ski ICR Definitions

12396.1.1 The matters covered within this section of the ICR are intended to focus on the unique aspects of Para Roller Ski sport that are significantly different from the methodologies used in Para Cross-Country ski sport as outlined in the previous sections of this ICR publication.

12396.1.2 The previous sections in this ICR will be used to give specific requirements in areas where there is direct similarity between Para Roller Ski and Para Cross-Country.

12396.1.3 In addition, the underlying principles and format procedures that apply in the Para Cross-Country sections of this ICR must also be applied to Para Roller Ski sport.

12396.2 Competition Equipment

12396.2.1 Roller Ski sport equipment must be available as a commercially produced product that is available to the general public.

12396.2.2 The OC in cooperation with TD must carry out equipment control before the start and after finish of each competition. Roller Ski wheel dimensions, wheel material hardness and frame length must be controlled.

12396.2.3 The diameter of the wheels must not be more than 100 mm.

12396.2.4 The distance between the axles of the Roller Skis must not be less than 530 mm.

12396.2.5 In classic technique competitions, each Roller Ski must have a ratchet mechanism.
The ratchet mechanism is always mandatory for Sitting category in all races.

- 12396.2.6 Cross-Country ski poles must be used with Cross-Country skiing tips. Alternatively pole tips must have safety rigid plastic protections with diameter ≥ 30 mm. These protections must be placed maximum 45 mm above the metallic tips.
- 12396.2.7 Safety helmets (e.g. DIN EN 1078 or equivalent) and eye protection must be worn during official training and competition. The jury may permit competitors to not use eye protection when conditions cause poor visibility.
- 12396.2.8 Shoes or ski boots have to be fixed on the Roller Skis with a Cross-Country ski binding. Roller Ski exchange must be done according to art. 12332.12.2.
- 12396.2.9 Competitors are permitted to change or repair equipment during the competition but they must do this without any outside assistance other than being handed the replacement equipment or tools. Roller Ski change must be done according to article 12332.12.
- 12396.2.10 In order to provide safe and fair conditions for the competition the organiser and jury can limit the technical parameters for Roller Ski equipment (wheels, etc.) by announcing it in advance in the competition invitation.
- 12396.2.11 The competition organiser can provide Roller Skis from an official Roller Ski equipment supplier for all athletes entered in competition. This must be clearly announced in official invitation. The Roller Skis must be distributed to the athletes by a draw supervised by a jury member.
- 12396.2.12 If the competition organiser provides official Roller Ski equipment, this equipment must be used by athletes. In case of Roller Ski exchange during the competition may be done only at an official service point (boxes) according to articles 12332.5 – 12332.6.
- 12396.2.13 If the Competition Organizer provides official Roller Ski equipment, Roller Ski repair during official training or before competition may be done only at an official service point provided by the organizer.
- 12396.3 Competition Formats and Programmes
- 12396.3.1 The following competition formats and recommended distances may be used and the competitions may be carried out in either classic or free technique:

<u>Competition type</u>	<u>Competition Length (km)</u>	<u>Nominal Course length (km)</u>
<u>Distance</u>	<u>5 to 20</u>	<u>2.0, 2.5, 3.3, 3.75, 4.0, 5.0</u>
	<u>Greater than 20</u>	<u>5 and greater</u>
<u>Popular Roller Ski</u>	<u>No limit</u>	<u>No limit</u>
<u>Relay</u>	<u>2.5 per team member</u>	<u>2.5</u>

<u>Individual Sprint</u>	<u>Sitting: 0.1-1.2</u>	<u>0.1-1.2</u>
	<u>Standing/VI: 0.2 – 1.6</u>	<u>0.2 – 1.6</u>

This table is valid for organizing multi-lap races but when choosing a short course with many laps the overall distance, start format and course width must be considered.

Actual competition distances can vary by $\pm 5\%$. Distance competitions can be organized on undulating or uphill courses. Individual Sprint up to 200m may be organized on flat or uphill course (with a maximum allowed average inclination of 10%).

12396.4 Course and Stadium

12396.4.1 Roller Ski competitions are held on asphalt or similar artificial or natural surfaces that are hard packed.

12396.4.2 The course must be designed with the highest priority being given to the safety of competitors.

12396.4.2.1 A Roller Ski competition course does not have any homologation requirements, but should include some demanding uphill sections.

12396.4.3 Obstacles or hazardous objects along or beside the track must be removed, or if not possible, they must be clearly marked and where necessary protected by padding.

12396.4.4 Recommended course norms:

<u>Race Format</u>	<u>Classical technique</u>	<u>Free technique</u>
<u>INTERVAL START</u>		
<u>Course</u>		
<u>Width of course (minimum)</u>	<u>3 m</u>	<u>4 m</u>
<u>Start</u>		
<u>Number of corridors</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>Finish</u>		
<u>Total width (minimum)</u>	<u>3.6 m</u>	<u>6 m</u>
<u>Number of corridors</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>PURSUIT</u>		
<u>Course</u>		
<u>Width of course (minimum)</u>	<u>4 m</u>	<u>5 m</u>
<u>Start</u>		
<u>Organisation/preparation</u>	<u>2 – 4 corridors</u>	<u>2 – 4 corridors</u>
<u>Width of start area (minimum)</u>	<u>4 m</u>	<u>6 m</u>
<u>Finish</u>		
<u>Total width (minimum)</u>	<u>4 m – 5 m</u>	<u>6 m – 8 m</u>
<u>Number of corridors</u>	<u>3 – 4*</u>	<u>3 – 4*</u>
<u>MASS START</u>		
<u>Course</u>		

<u>Width of course (minimum)</u>	<u>4 m</u>	<u>6 m</u>
<u>Start</u>		
<u>Organisation/preparation</u>	<u>2 – 4 corridors</u>	<u>2 – 4 corridors</u>
<u>Width of start area (minimum)</u>	<u>5 m</u>	<u>6 m</u>
<u>Finish</u>		
<u>Total width (minimum)</u>	<u>4 m – 5 m</u>	<u>6 m – 8 m</u>
<u>Number of corridors</u>	<u>3 – 4*</u>	<u>3 – 4*</u>

*) The number, width and length of corridors will be determined by the Jury according to the competition formats and finish area layout (uphill or flat).

12396.4.5 The downhill sections must not have any sharp curves. If a downhill or curve is deemed dangerous, the OC and jury must implement speed-reducing measures (carpet, artificial turf etc).

12396.4.6 Safe and secured warm up and cool down areas must be available near the competition course.

12396.5 General Course Preparations

12396.5.1 The competition courses should be ready for inspection and for official training by the competitors at least one day before the competition.

12396.5.2 The competition courses must be closed to normal traffic. Only the competitors, OC, safety guards, Jury and security/TV vehicles are allowed to be on the competition course during the competition or during official training.

12396.6 Requirements of the Competitors

12396.6.1 The competition season is defined as 1st July to 30th June (see CC ICR article 12330 for age categories).

12396.7 Coaching Zones and Refreshment Stations

12396.7.1 The Jury may decide about the number and locations of the coaching zones and refreshment stations on the competition course.

12396.7.2 The Jury may decide whether team officials can use bicycles (or similar means of transportation) to reach refreshment stations or coaching areas. In such case, the team officials are only allowed to move to the respective zones and provide assistance in accordance with ICR 12333.2. They are not allowed to follow the athletes along the course.

12396.8 Start and Finish Requirements

12396.8.1 The start line, finish line, corridors and exchange zone must be clearly marked on the surface.

12396.8.1.1 At Mass Start free technique competitions, a no skating zone must be clearly marked after the start.

12396.8.1.2 For high-level competitions, it is required to video tape the no-skating areas at the start and the finish with a minimum of two digital video cameras.

12396.8.1.3 There must be radio or phone contact between the start and the finish area.

12396.8.2 Finish Area Requirements

12396.8.2.1 The Finish Zone (Roll Out Zone) which follows the finish line must be a minimum of 70 m long for sprint competitions (depending on inclination). For distance competitions the Jury will decide on the length. The finish control line must be after the roll out zone. Competitors are not allowed to take off their Roller Skis until they cross the control line.

12396.8.2.2 The start area, the finish area and the exchange area must be secure and completely fenced off from spectators and unauthorized personnel.

12396.9 Exchange Zone

12396.9.1 The exchange zone for Relay should be a minimum of 10 m wide and 15 m in length.

12396.9.2 The exchange zone must be clearly marked with a line at the beginning of the zone. When the front wheel of the arriving competitor reaches this exchange line the corresponding teammate is allowed to depart the exchange zone. No physical contact between the competitors is required.

False start during Relay exchange must be sanctioned by time penalty (actual time gained + 30 seconds minimum penalty).

* * *

Introduction of frames to highlight Para specific rules and alignment of numbering to CC ICR, for improved orientation in the ICR:

Link to document: [Para Cross-Country ICR](#)

Rules for the FIS Para Cross-Country Points and Para Cross-Country World Cup Points

1.2 Factor-Value

Factor	Competition Format
Factor 800	All competitions with below exception.
Factor 2800	For distance competitions using courses that do not meet the homologation norms for elevation profiles (Sitting Sit-Ski TC<11m/km; Standing/VI TC<25m/km) and for all Para Roller Ski competitions.

1.4 Race penalty

The importance of a competition is determined by the quality of the competitors participating. This quality affects the calculation of the race penalty.

The race points gained in the competition is calculated according to the formula, plus the calculated race penalty will give each ~~classified~~ competitor the FIS points of the competition.

2 The Competition

2.1 Conditions

For the FIS points evaluation, only those competitions can be considered who meet the following standards:

2.1.1 Announcement of the competition in the FIS Calendar

2.1.2 Strict observance of the International Competition Rules (ICR)

2.1.3 The result list contains at least five ranked competitors for each class and gender, refer to section 9.3 for further details on situations with less than five ranked competitors for each class and gender

2.1.4 All FIS competitions should be carried out on homologated courses

2.1.5 ~~Para Roller Skiing Sprint FIS Points will be awarded only for Sprint Qualification and for competitions longer than 600 m.~~

2.2 Schedule Changes, Moving Site Location and Cancellation

Changes in the race schedule, i.e. shifting the race to another date, cancellation of the competition or any other significant changes in the race program must be communicated immediately to the FIS Para Cross-Country Office as well as to the National Ski Federations and to the Technical Delegate (TD) assigned to the competition. In special case if the competition will be carried out on a non-homologated substitute course, the Technical Delegate (TD) has to confirm the norms of the course according to ICR article 12311.

If for any reason a World Cup, WSC or PWG competition cannot be held on the planned homologated course and must be held on an alternate course

approved by the jury, the competition will be considered as valid for FIS points evaluation.

~~2.3 For sprint and pursuit competition, only the result from the first race (qualification) counts for FIS points.~~

3 The Competitors

3.1 FIS Para Data Management System (FPDMS)

Only competitors with an active FPDMS ID ~~that are classified for FIS Para Cross-Country and that have paid the license fee for the ongoing season~~ are allowed to participate at FIS Para Cross-Country competitions.

The FPDMS ID numbers can be ordered at the National Ski Associations.

Registration is according to the procedure described in the FIS Para Cross-Country Regulation.

3.2 Categories

The points calculation will be done for the categories Vision Impaired, Standing and Sitting ~~NS1-3, LW2-9 and LW10-12~~ for both genders

~~3.3 Re-registrations after Medical Absence (illness, studies, pregnancy etc.)~~

~~When a competitor injured themselves and applies for the single penalty, the National Ski Association must apply to FIS Para Cross-Country as soon as possible for the approval of a single penalty and submit a medical certificate. If approved, the revised FIS points will equal their previous FIS points value (from valid list at time of leaving) plus a penalty. The penalty is equal to 22 % of the previous FIS points and must be minimum 4 points and maximum 26 points.~~

~~If the Medical Absence is more than 365 days, the National Ski Association has to apply for the injury status again.~~

8 Evaluation Period

8.1 FIS Points earned are valid for current and next season. ~~The point lists are updated after each World Cup event.~~

9.3.1.3 If there are less than two competitors with FIS points among the first five on the result list or if a competitor is not included in the actual points list the competitors will receive the following maximum value:

- 400 for all competitions with below exception
- 1200 for distance competitions using courses that do not meet the homologation norms for elevation profiles (~~Sit-Ski~~Sitting TC <11m/km; Standing/VI TC <25m/km) and for all Para Roller Ski competitions

9.3.1.4 The following methods may be applied to calculate a race penalty if there are fewer than 2 competitors with FIS points in the top 5 finishers on the results list (the same tracks and distances have to be used in cases where categories or genders are combined):

- Athletes in the Standing and Vision Impaired ~~classes~~ categories may be combined in order to calculate a race penalty. The percentage for classes will remain the same.
- Men and women in the same category may be combined in order to calculate the results and race points. 15% (or current percentage for relay

racers according to the Para Cross-Country ICR art. 12325.1.2) will be subtracted from women's percentages before combining.

- Athletes in the Standing and VI categories ~~sit-ski~~ athletes may compete with ~~sit-ski~~ athletes in the Sitting category; the factor of the ~~sit-ski~~ athletes in the Sitting category will be reduced by 12% (or current percentage for relay races according to the Para Cross-Country ICR art. 12325.1.2) before results and race points are calculated. This combination is only possible if classic technique and ~~sit-ski~~ Sitting courses are used.

9.4 Minimum Penalties

9.4.1 Minimum penalties will be applied for the following competition categories:

▪ Paralympic Winter Games (PWG)	0
▪ FIS World Championships (WSC)	0
▪ World Cups <u>(WC)</u>	0
▪ Continental Cups <u>(COC)</u>	20
▪ FISU World University Games (UVS)	20
▪ International FIS Para Cross-Country Competitions (FIS)	20
▪ Open National Championships <u>(NC)</u>	20
▪ <u>FIS ROL Competitions (ROL)</u>	<u>45</u>

10 The FIS Points Lists

10.1 The FIS points list is only available electronically from the website at: <https://www.fis-ski.com/para-cross-country/fis-points-rankings>.

10.2 Publication of the FIS Points list
The point lists publishing dates are published on the FIS website.

101 The FIS Para Cross-Country Points Formula

1011.1 Formula

$$P = (F * Tx/To) - F \quad \text{or} \quad P = ((Tx/To) - 1) * F$$

P = Race Points

To = Result=Calculated Time of the winner in seconds

Tx = Result= Calculated Time of the classified competitor in seconds

F = F – Value (Factors to be used, see Article 1.2)

EXAMPLE:

1 ROGOWIEC Katarzyna	LW5/7 10:08,3 ((608,3/608,3)-1)*800=0
2 KONONOVA Oleksandra	LW8 10:33,0 ((633/608,3)-1)*800=32,48
3 BURMISTROVA Anna	LW8 10:35,4 (<u>8</u> 600*635,4/608,3)-
800=35,64	

134 Guidelines relating to the distribution of World Cup Points

134.1 The following table will be used to determine the number of World Cup points awarded depending on number of finishers:

<u># Competitors</u> Rank	<u># of Competitors</u>				
	<u>5 or more</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>
1	100	90	80	60	50
2	95	75	50	40	
3	90	50	30		
4	85	20			

145 FIS Nations Cup

145.1 To calculate the nations ranking, all points from the competition season's individual standing of each nation and to this sum each country's Relay & ~~Team Sprint~~ scores will be added for a final total for the Nations Cup.

Only one team per nation will count for each event.

The winner of the Nations Cup is that country with the highest number of points calculated by adding the men's and women's World Cups.

If two or more nations have the same number of points the winner is that country which has the highest number of first places and then the best results (most 2nd places, most 3rd places, etc.).

167 Tie-Breaker

176.1 If two or more competitors score the same number of points in the final evaluation, the winner is the competitor who has:

176.2 The highest number of individual World Cup wins in the applicable season

176.3 The best World Cup results (i.e. most 2nd places, most 3rd places, etc.)

176.4 FIS Points (current FIS points list)

176.5 If the competitors are still equal, two (or more) World Cup trophies for that position will be awarded.

* * *

FIS Para Cross-Country Homologation Guide

2 Classification

Para Cross-Country athletes are classified according to the following table:

Category	Class	Region Impairment	Main sport equipment and degree of impairment
Standing	LW2	Impairments in one lower limb (ex. above knee)	Skiing with 2 skis and 2 poles
	LW3	Impairments in both lower limbs	Skiing with 2 skis and 2 poles
	LW4	Impairments in one lower limb (ex. below knee)	Skiing with 2 skis and 2 poles
	LW5/7	Impairment in both upper limbs	Skiing with 2 skis and no poles
	LW6	Impairment in one upper limb	Skiing with 2 skis and 1 pole
	LW8	Impairment in one upper limb (ex. below elbow)	Skiing with 2 skis and 1 pole
	LW9	Impairment in one upper limb and one lower limb	Equipment of choice, but with 2 skis
Sit-ski Sitting	LW10, 10.5	Impairments in both lower limbs (no sitting balance)	Using sit-ski
	LW11, 11.5	Impairments in both lower limbs (fair sitting balance)	Using sit-ski
	LW12	Impairments in both lower limbs (good sitting balance)	Using sit-ski
Vision Impaired	NS1	Light perception without measurable visual acuity or no light perception	Must ski with a guide Must wear blackout glasses
	NS2	Visual acuity of LogMAR 2.3 - 3.5	May ski with a guide
	NS3	Visual acuity of LogMAR 0.9 – 2.2 and/or binocular visual field of less than or equal to 60 degrees	May ski with a guide

* * *

FIS Para Cross-Country Event Distances and Recommended Courses

The table below shows the ~~standard~~ possible event distances that are used at FIS Para Cross-Country ~~Competitions, World Cup, FIS Para Cross-Country World Ski Championships and Paralympic Winter Games.~~

courses: ~~LW 10-12~~ Sitting ~~300 - 1200~~ 800m, 2.0km, 2.5km, 3.0km, 5.0km
~~LW 2-9 / NS 1-3~~ Standing/VI ~~800 - 1200~~ 600m, 2.0km, 2.5km, 3.0km, 4.0/5.0km

3 Para Cross-Country

<u>Competition Type</u>	<u>Competition Length (km)</u>	<u>Nominal Course Length (km)</u>
<u>Distance</u>	<u>5 to 20</u>	<u>2.0, 2.5, 3.3, 3.75, 4.0, 5.0</u>
	<u>Greater than 20</u>	<u>5 and greater</u>
<u>Individual Sprint</u>	<u>Sitting: 0.6 – 1.2</u>	<u>0.3 to 1.2</u>
	<u>Standing: 0.8 – 1.6</u>	<u>0.4 to 1.6</u>
<u>Relay</u>	<u>2.5 per leg</u>	<u>2.5</u>

Competition	Class	Gender	Total Distance	Course	Loops	
CC Sprint Qualification (all) Semifinal NS1-3 (best 8) Semifinal LW (best 12) Final NS1-3 (best 4) Final LW (best 6)	LW 10-12	men	800—1000m	sit-ski	400—1000m	1 or 2
	LW 10-12	women	800—1000m	sit-ski	400—1000m	1 or 2
	LW 2-9	men	1200—1400m	standing	600—1400m	1 or 2
	NS 1-3	men	1200—1400m	standing	600—1400m	1 or 2
	LW 2-9	women	1200—1400m	standing	600—1400m	1 or 2
	NS 1-3	women	1200—1400m	standing	600—1400m	1 or 2
CC 5 km	LW 10-12	men	5.0 km	sit-ski	2.5 km	2
	LW 10-12	women	5.0 km	sit-ski	2.5 km	2
	LW 2-9	men	5.0 km	standing	2.5 km	2
	NS 1-3	men	5.0 km	standing	2.5 km	2
	LW 2-9	women	5.0 km	standing	2.5 km	2
	NS 1-3	women	5.0 km	standing	2.5 km	2
CC 10 km	LW 10-12	men	10 km	sit-ski	2.5 km	4
	LW 10-12	women	10 km	sit-ski	2.5 km	4
	LW 2-9	men	10 km	standing	2.5 km	4
	NS 1-3	men	10 km	standing	2.5 km	4

	LW 2-9	women	10 km	standing	2.5 km	4
	NS 1-3	women	10 km	standing	2.5 km	4
CC 20 km	LW 10-12	men	18—20 km	sit-ski	3.0—5.0 km	4—6
	LW 10-12	women	18—20 km	sit-ski	3.0—5.0 km	4—6
	LW 2-9	men	18—20 km	standing	3.0—5.0 km	4—6
	NS 1-3	men	18—20 km	standing	3.0—5.0 km	4—6
	LW 2-9	women	18—20 km	standing	3.0—5.0 km	4—6
	NS 1-3	Women	18—20 km	standing	3.0—5.0 km	4—6
Relay 2 x 2.5km classic + 2 x 2.5km free	mixed (335%)	classic	5km	sit-ski	2.5km	2
		free	5km	standing	2.5km	2
	open (375%)	classic	5km	sit-ski	2.5km	2
		free	5km	standing	2.5km	2

4 Course width categories

Course widths for competition formats should conform with the following table:

Category	Minimum course width			Used for
	Uphills	Undulated terrain	Downhills	
sit-ski <u>Sitting</u>	3 m	3 m	3 m	<u>Sit-ski</u> <u>Sitting</u> only (2 tracks) Relay classical technique
<u>Sitting</u> sit-ski	5 m	5 m	5 m	Sprint, Pursuit (3 tracks)
<u>standing</u> <u>Standing/VI</u> <u>classical</u> <u>Cl</u> <u>assical</u>	3 m	3 m	3 m	Interval <u>start</u> — <u>Start</u> (2 tracks)
<u>Standing/VI</u> <u>standing</u> <u>classical</u> <u>Cl</u> <u>assical</u>	5 m	5 m	5 m	Sprint, Pursuit (3 tracks)
<u>Standing/VI</u> <u>standing</u> <u>free</u> <u>Free</u>	6 m	6 m	6 m	individual, <u>standing</u> <u>Standing/VI</u> only (1 track along the side of the entire course)
<u>Standing/VI</u> <u>standing</u> <u>free</u> <u>Free</u>	9 m	9 m	6 m	Sprint, Pursuit, <u>standing</u> <u>Standing/VI</u> only (1 track along the side of the entire course)
<u>Sitting</u> sit-ski + <u>Standing/VI</u>	3m	3m	3m	Interval Start, Relay (2 tracks)

Category	Minimum course width			Used for
	Uphills	Undulated terrain	Downhills	
standing classical CI assical				
Sitting sit ski → Standing/ VI standing classical CI assical	5 m	5m	5 m	Pursuit, Sprint (3 tracks)
Sitting sit ski → Standing/ VI standing free Free	3m + 6 m	3m + 6m	3m + 6 m	Interval start Start (2 tracks for sit-ski Sitting , 1 track for S standing VI)
Sitting sit ski → Standing/ VI standing free Free	3m + 9 m	3m + 9m	3m + 9 m	Pursuit, Sprint (2 tracks for Sitting sit-ski , 1 track for standing Standing VI)

5 Standing and Vision Impaired categories

In general, the athletes in the Standing and Vision Impaired categories can ski on courses that are very close to FIS homologation standards. However, design considerations in the following areas should be considered:

- Fast down hills with curves and corners that can be difficult and unsafe for athletes in the Vision Impaired skiers category.
- Use of shorter loops such that athletes in the Vision Impaired skier category can become more easily ~~can become~~ familiar with the course
- Reduction of A-climbs (should be replaced by B-climbs)
- Range for TC should in general be in the low range (for example 150 – 180 m for 5 km)

6 Norms FIS Para Cross-Country courses

6.1 Norms for Standing (LW 2 – 9) and Vision Impaired (NS 1 – 3) LW 2-9 / NS 1-3 (Standing and Vision Impaired) courses

6.2 Norms for Sitting (LW 10 - 12) courses.

The HD, TC and MC of the homologated competition courses should be within the following norms:

Course	TC	MC	HD	Hills
3.0 km	35-65	15	40	1 – 2 A hills, 2 – 4 B hills
2.5 km	30-60	15	40	0 – 1 A hills, 1 – 3 B hills
2.0 km	25-55	15	40	0 – 1 A hills, 1 – 3 B hills
800 m	0 - 30	15		
WC: In case the above-mentioned courses aren't available, the following courses can also be used.				
5 km	60 - 120	15	50	1 - 2 A hills, 3 – 6 B hills
3.75	45-70	15	40	1 – 2 A hills, 2 – 4 B hills
3.33 km	35-70	15	40	1 – 2 A hills, 1 – 3 B hills

6.2.1 Courses for the ~~Sitting~~~~sit-ski~~ category cannot follow FIS Cross-Country homologation rules due to the fact that athletes in the ~~Sitting~~~~sit-ski~~ category ~~skiers~~ have no use of their lower body, and push/pull themselves forward with poles from a sitting position (on their ~~sledge~~~~sit-skis~~).

The categories for A, B and C hills are therefore:

A-hills 10 – 15 m PHD and gradient between 4 – 12 %

B-hills 4 – 9 m PHD and gradient between 4 – 12 %

C-hills 2 – 4 m PHD distance < 30 m long and gradient > 12 %, **maximum 16 %**

Climbs with < 4m will be included as undulating terrain or as part of an A or B climb.

6.2.2 The following points should also be considered when designing courses for the ~~Sitting~~~~sit-ski~~ category:

- ~~Sitting~~~~Sit-ski~~ courses should be placed on undulating terrain (not long flat courses) so that skiers have chances to rest. The 1/3 up, 1/3 down, 1/3 UT criteria applies equally to ~~Sitting~~~~sit-ski~~ courses.
- up hills should in general not be steeper than **10 - 12 %** gradient
- A-hills should not be too long (**not over 200 m in length**)
- down hills should have straight run-outs preferably with a slight uphill to break the speed, the hills should not be steeper than 12 – 14 % gradient
- corners and turns should be placed where the speed is slow.
 - Corners on flat part of the course should optimally not be less than 90° angle (larger angle required for downhill corners). This applies in the stadium as well, for example for lapping. (NOTE: If you as a standing skier are poling without using the legs, the skis should easily follow the track both in curves/bends in flat parts and also in down hills – if we have to “work” with the legs, a sledge will have problems).
 - Banking to inside can help the skier make a sharp or a high-speed turn. Corners must not bank to the outside of the curve. 180° turning platforms at top of climbs must be flat and wide enough for passing.

- Sit ski turns of 180° can be made at the top of climbs where speed is very low.
- The minimum radius of a turn in a flat section or downhill section shall be 15m.
- Courses should be long and flowing and should not contain unnecessary sharp technical turns and steep uphill. A too technical course is a disadvantage to athletes in the classes LW10 and LW 10.5.
- Courses must be flat from side to side through all sections (except on banked on corners)
- Junctions and merging zones require special placement and design and should occur in areas of lower speeds.

7 Stadium layout

In contrast to the newest development of stadiums and course layouts for FIS competitions, it is less important to ski through the stadium often, since most Para Cross-Country races are interval start races. Since Para Cross-Country events are divided into 6 categories (3 for men and 3 for women), it is difficult for announcers and spectators to follow the event if several categories are starting, passing through the stadium or finishing at the same time. For competitions with small fields, this situation can however be solved by letting each category finish the race before the next one starts.

A special consideration should be given to the transition and staging area for the sit-skiSitting category. This should be provided with an easy and flat access to start & finish areas, with nearby covered and heated area for transition from wheelchair to sit-ski, as well as storage of wheelchairs out of the weather.

Qualification Criteria/Regulations* - Para Cross-Country:

- For the FIS Para Cross-Country Competitions Season 2025/2026

*Link to document: [Qualification Criteria](#)

* * *

International Competition Rules Para Snowboard

302.2 **World Cup Points**

World Cup Points shall only be awarded if a competition has three or more athletes on the start list. Athletes who Did Not Start (DNS) are not included.

302.32 **Several Competitors Tied for the Same Position**

If several racers are tied for one of the top thirty positions in a race, each of the competitors who are tied receives the points corresponding to that position. The remaining competitors receive the points corresponding to their official classification in the race.

1300.3.1.2 During Events

- Advocates for the athletes' safety by ensuring that all aspects of safety and fair play have been adhered to throughout the entire event
- Will work closely with the Jury throughout the event to ensure the safety and fairness of the event
- Listens to input from coaches (as athlete spokespersons), which occurs only through representatives of the Coaches Advisory Group ("CAG") on issues that may arise during an event; and communicates with the Jury to determine the outcome to be applied in all aspects of the event on-site
- Must be part of all Jury inspections before a course is deemed open for inspection
- Chairs the Jury and can also assume the role of the Referee at FIS sanctioned events
- Conducts and chairs the Team Captains meetings
- Works with the nominated course setter for Snowboard Cross/Banked Slalom in a collaborative fashion. ~~At PWG, WSC and WC (and COC level when present) events the Race Director has the discretion to set the courses.~~
- Supervises the complete execution of the race from course preparation during the event, course setting through to completion of the event when the last competitor has finished
- Ensures that all decisions are made collaboratively as the event Jury, and communicates the outcomes of Jury decisions in a timely fashion through a representative of the CAG (Connection Coach)
- Liaise with all Para Snowboard Sub Committee members as required
- Has a full understanding of the FIS Results Management software and supervises its correct use and assist in solving problems that may arise from OVR production (on venue results)
- Ensure that Adaptive Equipment meets the Field of Play (FOP) Rules
- Ensures that race results have been confirmed by the TD and correctly submitted to FIS Office in a timely manner
- Prepares and submits post-event reports to the FIS Sub-Committee that outlines pre-event and event summaries, highlighting areas requiring improvement for the future competitions in the present competition season (this includes any recommendations relating to the FIS Para Snowboard Rules and Regulations)
- Once the event TD has signed the official results, the PDF results are uploaded to the FIS official webpage and FIS webpage by the race administrator.

- The RD will work with other FIS staff and the OC to ensure that sponsor expectations are being met at the event
- Works with any television producer/director to ensure the correct placement of all TV cameras on course.

1301.1. Appointment by FIS of the Jury for Paralympic Winter Games and World Championships

- the Technical Delegate(s)
- the FIS Race Director
- the Referee
- the Chief of Competition
- the Start Referee
- ~~the Finish Referee~~

The Jury should include one woman if possible.

1301.2 The following Competition Officials may be appointed by FIS for all levels of competitions to support the delivery of the competition:

- the Video Controller
- the FIS OVR Race Administrator ~~(non-voting rights)~~
- the Equipment controller ~~(non-voting rights)~~
- ~~the Technical Advisor and Course Builder/Designer (non-voting rights)~~
- International Classifier

1301.~~3~~² Appointment by FIS of the Jury for International Competitions

- the Technical Delegate(s)
- the FIS Race Director (when present)
- the Referee
- the Chief of Competition (appointed by OC and approved by RD/TD)

1301.3.1 For Level 1 competitions, the Technical Delegate cannot be a member of the organising association. In exceptional cases or exception geographic areas FIS can appoint a Technical Delegate from the same country.

~~1317.1.7 If an athlete misses a gate due to interference and clearly does not gain any advantage this action may not be considered as a DNF.~~

1324 Video control

The Organiser may provide equipment for official video control, in which case an official Video Controller must be appointed. For Paralympic Winter Games, video control equipment is mandatory. The duties of the Video Controller are to observe the competitors' passage on the course and all race incidents and shall report all incidents to the Jury with recommendation for final decisions about disqualifications / sanctions.

1406.1 Gates

1406.1.1 A Snowboard Cross/Giant Slalom/Banked Slalom gate consists of one stubby flex pole (turning pole) and one long rigid ~~slalom~~ pole (outside pole) which are connected with a triangular gate flag.

~~1408.1.1 — There are three timed qualification formats:~~

- ~~a) — One Run qualifications — all athletes conduct one timed run.~~
- ~~b) — Two Run qualifications — all athletes conduct two timed runs; the best run out of the two determines the qualification ranking. Athletes who did not start (DNS), are disqualified (DSQ) or did not finish (DNF) in qualification run one can participate in qualification run two.~~
- ~~c) — Two timed runs in “Cut Down System” — From qualification run one, top 50% of the final number of athletes in a bracket will be ranked by time (e.g. Brackets of 16 Men, eight are qualified after Run 1 ranked one to eight, Brackets of eight Women, four are qualified after run one ranked one to four)~~
 - ~~— Only the athletes not qualified from qualification run one will take a second qualification run, including athletes who DNF, are DSQ or DNS in the first qualification run.~~
 - ~~— Start order second qualification run will be the same start order of the first qualification run, taking out the already qualified athletes.~~
 - ~~— The best qualification run of the two, counts for the remaining athletes (e.g. for the bracket of 16 they will be ranked nine to 16, for the bracket of eight they will be ranked five to eight)~~

~~1408.1.2 — Seeding Run only~~

~~If there is no need to do any qualification runs for a category (e.g. there is a bracket of eight and only seven competing), the Jury may decide that only one seeding run for the final brackets will take place. This applies to all categories, men and women. Athletes who are DSQ or DNF will be seeded for the final brackets according to their respective FIS points. Athletes who did not start (DNS) will not be ranked in the final results.~~

1408.2 Qualification Phase

Qualification can be held as timed qualification or timed Seeding run(s).

In WSC and PWG the qualification phase and finals must be done on two separate days.

1408.2.1 Timed Qualification

Timed runs are used to qualify competitors into the Finals Brackets. They can be held in qualification or seeding format. In qualification format a valid time is required to qualify for the finals or be ranked in case of not being qualified.

In seeding format DNF, DSQ and DNS may qualify for the finals too (art 1408.1.4)

The seeding format is used only if the number of competitors in the seeding list is not higher than the number of available spots in the selected Finals Brackets.

1408.2.1.1 Single Run Qualification

All competitors will have one timed run. All finished competitors will be ranked by their time.

1408.2.1.2 Two Runs Qualification

All competitors will have two timed runs, – the best run out of two determines the qualification result.

The start list for the second run will be the same as in the first run.

Competitors who did not finish (DNF), got disqualified (DSQ) or did not start (DNS) in qualification run one can participate in qualification run two.

1408.2.1.3 Two Runs Qualification with Cut Down System

Competitors who are ranked in the top 62.5% of the final field after first run, will directly qualify to the Final phase according to their time in the first run.

<u>Final Field (4-person format)</u>	<u>Qualified after Run 1</u>
<u>16</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>32</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>64</u>	<u>40</u>

The competitors who are not qualified after the first run will participate in the second run and the start list of the second run will be the same as for the first run taking out the already qualified competitors.

Competitors who did not finish (DNF), got disqualified (DSQ) or did not start (DNS) in qualification run one can participate in qualification run two.

Only the result of the second qualification run counts for the competitors not qualified after the first run.

1408.2.1.4 Seeding Run Format

All timed qualifications (art. 1408.2.1.1 – 1408.2.1.3) can be executed in the seeding run format.

All competitors are qualified for the Finals Brackets. Competitors who Did Not Start (DNS), got Disqualified (DSQ) or Did Not Finish (DNF) will be seeded into the Finals Brackets.

DNF and DSQ will be ranked after the lowest ranked competitor that completed the whole course.

In a case where more than one competitor does not finish (DNF), the rankings will be based on the location where each competitor ceased making correct passage of the course. The competitor that has completed more gates correctly further down the course will receive the better rank. If they are tied, the competitor with the highest start position will be ordered first (worse seeding position wins the tie break).

DNS will be ranked after the lowest ranked competitor, that Did Not Finish (DNF) or got Disqualified (DSQ). In a case where more than one competitor did not start, the competitor with the highest start position will be ordered first (worse seeding position wins the tie break).

1408.7.6 ContactIn Race Interference

~~1408.6.1 Intentional contact by pushing, pulling, positioning an arm in front of another competitor to avoid being passed or other means which causes another competitor to slow down, fall or exit the course is not permitted. Blocking, by intentional movements of the body or an abrupt and radical changing of the actual riding line for blocking reasons is also not permitted. Any of the described intentional contacts will cause an automatic disqualification sanction. Unavoidable "casual contact" may be acceptable. All contact infractions will be at the discretion of the course Judges and competition Jury, and not subject to Protest.~~

1408.7.6.21 Contact causing Interference

Contact in Snowboard Cross is common. Every decision and every action in Snowboard Cross is so called "in race decision" and deliberate. This conscious racing can lead to interference. The determination of interference by one competitor against other competitor(s) shall be made by the iJury. Suspected interferences can be brought to the jury's attention by acting iJury members, section judges or review requested by a competitor in the finish area or the TD immediately following the heat. The iJury can use recommendation from Section Judges and/or video evidence provided by coaches/staff, and/or "Video Review" from TV Production in the decision process.

~~The determination of interference by one competitor against other competitor(s) shall be made by the Jury. Suspected infractions can be brought to the Jury's attention by acting Jury members, section judges or review requested by a competitor in the finish area immediately following the Heat. The Jury can use recommendation from Section Judges and/or video evidence provided by coaches/staff, and/or "Video Review" from TV Production in the decision process.~~

From provided evidence, the Jury must determine if interference has occurred. Interference shall be determined based on the article 1408.6.7.2 and 1408.7.3.

All Jury decisions regarding Interference must be confirmed prior to the start of a next Heat, and cannot be Protested.

1408.7.2 Interference categories

Interference is categorized as follows:

- Intentional
- Involuntary
- Incidental or accidental
-

Intentional interference can occur when a competitor purposefully creates contact that may directly affect the racing of another competitor.

Involuntary interference can occur when a competitor makes an "in-race" decision creating contact that directly affects the result of another competitor.

Accidental or Incidental interference is not deliberate and is determined by natural circumstances of Snowboard Cross, which can include effects of heat racing (side by side, traffic), terrain features, course setting, weather and snow conditions.

1408.7.3 Interfering Actions (i.e. but not limited to:)

- Action by Hand/Arm (pulling/pushing/blocking)
- Contact from the side or from behind
- Line deviation

The interfering competitor shall be sanctioned according to 1408.67.4.

1408.7.4 Sanctions issued for Interference

1408.7.4.1 Card System

If the Jury issues a penalty of interference with contact as determined by articles 1408.76.2 and/or 1408.67.3 during a phase executed by heats, a warning, a RAL (Ranked As Last) and a system of coloured cards (Yellow Card and Red Card) shall be used to show the interfering competitor's degree of sanction. The degree of a sanction is decided by the jury and must be communicated to the competitor (or NSA representative) and the start referee prior to the beginning of the next heat or prior to the winner award.

1408.7.4.2 The Sanction issued for the interference shall depend on whether:

- the action was intentional or unintentional
- the interference was intentional/ involuntary or accidental/incidental interference
- the severeness of the consequences
-

1408.7.4.3 Official Warning (WRG) Sanction

Intentional action, involuntary interference, consequence not severe

Unintentional action, accidental interference, consequence not severe

1408.7.4.4 RAL Sanction

Unintentional action, accidental interference, consequence severe

A competitor who receives a RAL sanction will be ranked as last in their heat and relegated to the last position of the respective round. They will be listed as RAL on the final results list.

1408.7.4.5 Yellow Card (RAL) Sanction

Intentional action, intentional interference, consequence not severe

Intentional action, involuntary interference, consequence not severe

The Yellow Card will remain with the competitor for the entire season in the same category of competition.

A competitor who receives a Yellow Card (RAL) sanction will be ranked as last in their heat and relegated to the last position of the respective round. They will be listed as "RAL" on the final results list. The Yellow Card will remain with the competitor for the entire season at the same category of competition.

1408.7.4.6 Red Card (DSQ) Sanction

Intentional action, intentional interference, consequence severe

A competitor who receives a Red Card (DSQ) sanction will be disqualified from the current competition, listed as DSQ on the final result list, and will not be ranked. The Red Card (DSQ) shall result in the suspension of the competitor from the next competition (NPS) within one competition season of the same category of Event. The next competition in the same category on the FIS calendar has to be finished, published and validated with an official result.

	<u>The Red Card will remain with the competitor for the entire season at the same category of competition.</u>
<u>1408.7.5</u>	<u>Penalties for Multiple Card Sanctions</u>
<u>1408.7.5.1</u>	<u>Multiple Warning</u>
	<u>If the competitor receives a 2nd warning (WRG) during the same competition, this will lead directly to a Yellow Card (RAL).</u>
<u>1408.7.5.2</u>	<u>Multiple Yellow Card (RAL) Sanctions</u>
	<u>Two (2) Yellow Card (RAL) sanctions issued to a competitor during a competition season in the same category of events will result in an automatic suspension of that competitor (NPS) from the next competition in the same category.</u>
	<u>The next competition in the same category on the FIS calendar has to be finished, published and validated with an official result.</u>
<u>1408.7.5.3</u>	<u>Multiple Red Card (DSQ) Sanctions</u>
	<u>Two (2) Red Card (DSQ) Sanctions issued to a competitor during a competition season in the same category of events, the jury is required to refer the competitor to the appeals commission pursuant to rule 225.2.</u>
<u>1408.7.5.4</u>	<u>Expiration of Sanctions</u>
	<u>The Yellow/Red Card (RAL/DSQ) sanctions apply only in events of the same category (e.g. World Cup, Europa Cup etc.) and expire when the season of the certain category of an event ends. Sanctions (RAL/DSQ) given during PWG and WSC only apply to that one event.</u>
<u>1408.7.5.5</u>	<u>Post Race Review and Sanction Adjustment</u>
	<u>As soon as possible after the competition (within a maximum of 24 hours, or at the latest 1 hour before the next competition of the category) a panel will review the sanctions imposed. The panel will be the Jury for all competitions, except the World Cup where the Jury will appoint the panel consisting of 5 members: TD, RD and 3 members of the Advisory Group not involved in the case (the Connection Coach can be a substitute for one of the AG members if required).</u>
	<u>As a result of this review the Jury may mitigate the sanction imposed, but the result of the competition/ranking remains unchanged.</u>
<u>1408.7.6</u>	<u>Immediate Announcement of Sanctions / Disqualifying Faults</u>
<u>1408.7.6.1</u>	<u>Announcement of Rule 1408.6.1 Sanctions</u>
	<u>All jury determined sanctions of rule 1408.6.4 must be made before the beginning of a next heat and shall be announced in the Finish area and communicated to the sanctioned competitor, or their NSA representative.</u>
	<u>The sanction will be posted on the official notice board at the Start and the Finish.</u>
	<u>All sanctions including a description must be recorded and reported by the FIS Technical Delegate in the TD report and forwarded to involved NSAs.</u>
	<u>The reason for the sanction can be:</u>
	<u>- <u>Action by Hand & Arm (pulling/pushing/blocking)</u></u>
	<u>- <u>Contact from the side or from behind</u></u>
	<u>- <u>Line deviation</u></u>

1408.7.6.2 All violations of Rule 1408.7.6 In Race interference according to the “Card System” shall be announced in the Finish area and communicated to the competitor or their Team Captain as soon as possible and in any event prior to the commencement of the next heat. The sanctions will then be posted on the official notice board at the bottom and top of the course indicating the section of the course where the infraction occurred. All decisions must be recorded and reported by the FIS Technical Delegate in their TD Report.

1408.7.6.3 Requested Review

All requested reviews, by a competitor or a team official must be reported to the Referee, Jury member or to a jury appointed person (which is announced at the Team Captains meeting) before the next heat begins. Review requests received after this time will not be accepted. A competitor does not need to stop their run and/or raise their hand if they think that they have been interfered with by another competitor in order to have the right to request a review.

1409.4 Ranking for Final Results

Competitors are ranked according to their place of finish in the final heat (Big Final) and in the consolation round (Small Final). Snowboard Cross will be run according to a single knockout format.

The first competitor (2 competitors per Heat) or the first two competitors (4 competitors per Heat) advance from round to round as determined by their place of finish in each Heat. Place of finish is determined by the first part of the body or Snowboard that crosses the finish line. Whenever possible, a finish line camera (video or photo finish) should be available. Only in the Big or Small Final if it is still impossible to separate the competitors with these steps, the competitors will remain tied. In case of a tie, at the finish line, such tie(s) will be broken after reviewing if available the photo-finish presentation. If a tie still exists, the competitors concerned will be ranked according to the fastest qualification time. In the case where the same qualification time exists (best time out of two runs), the tie will be broken by using the total time of both qualification runs.

If they are still tied the competitor with the worse seeding points will win the tie. If a tie still exists, the competitor with the higher bib number (used in the seeding or the qualification runs) will be scored as first. If the tie still exists they will remain tied.

The competitors who do not advance in Pre-Heats, 1/16, 1/8 and 1/4 Finals Heats will be grouped according to their placing in the Heat and then ranked within that group according to their qualifying time. In any case a competitor who has qualified for a certain group (1/8 final, 1/4 final, etc.) will remain in this group and be ranked there. For example: Once a competitor is qualified for top 16, they will remain for scoring purposes in the top 16 group.

If the finals cannot be fully completed due to force majeure (weather, failure of timing equipment, course conditions etc.) the results of the qualification will be valid as final results.

1410.4 DNS, DSQ, DNF in Snowboard Cross Finals

If one or more competitors do not start in the round of 16 or the round of 8 or round of 4 they will be automatically ranked last in the round of 16, 8 or 4 respectively. If two competitors are DNF/DSQ, they will be ranked in the Heat according to their qualification rank, but better than the athletes who receive a DIC or DNS. DIC will receive automatically the last place in this Heat and will be ranked last at the end of the second/fourth ranked athletes, but before the DNS.

In a case where more competitors do not complete the course nor cross the finish line (DNF), the rankings in that Heat will be based on the location where the competitor(s) have completed the course. The competitor that has made it further down the course correctly will receive the

higher rank. If two or more competitors are ~~tied in the finish or~~ going out at the same gate, in the Big or Small Final, they will remain tied. In all other rounds, if two or more competitors are ~~tied in the finish or~~ going out at the same gate the competitors concerned will be ranked according to the fastest qualification time. In the case where the same qualification time exists (best time out of two runs), the tie will be broken by using the total time of both qualification runs. If they are still tied the competitor with the worse seeding points will win the tie. If the tie still exists they will remain tied. An athlete which does not start in the first round will appear as DNS on the result list. An athlete which did not start (DNS) in the Semi-final is allowed to start in the small final.

The DNF/DSQ competitors which have been ranked 4th in their Heat, will be ranked in the final results amongst those competitors who finished 4th, in the same phase of 1/16, 1/8 or 1/4 Finals, and then ranked by their qualification time. The same applies if more than one competitor was DNF/DSQ and was ranked 3rd.

- 1414.5.13 The penalty time for a DBSL Mixed Team Event is calculated by taking 6% of the average of the best individual race qualification time per event per gender, with a maximum of three (3) seconds (e.g. best time Men 0:48 + best time Women 0:51) / 2 = 49.5 sec * 6% = 2.97 sec). The penalty time for a DBSL Team event is calculated for each gender separately, by taking 6% of the best individual race qualification time, with a maximum of three (3) seconds. The Jury may decide to change the Penalty-Time in a range between 3% and 7% to adapt to special circumstances and grant interesting racing. The adaption of the penalty-time must be announced at the TCM before the competition. If there is no individual race time as a reference this calculation result must be estimated and confirmed by the race Jury.

If the race has to get stopped during the second teammate's run the complete second run will get restarted, once the course has been safely cleared, with the respective time delay or the maximum penalty time. However, in case of an obvious manipulation provoking a rerun, the Jury can decide that the results of only the first teammates may stand for that Heat.

~~A team which is ranked DNF cannot continue to participate. A start stop during a DBSL team event should be confirmed by the Race Director who should therefore have clear overview of the course.~~

1411.4.2 Bibs / Competitors identification

Numbered bibs with numbers on front, back and sleeves for better visibility should be utilized. The numbers have to clearly identify each team and the individual team members. The bibs should therefore be assigned with a larger number identifying the team and a small number (or for example 31 & 32, 45 & 46 etc.) identifying the different team members: e.g. Team 1: 11/12, Team 2: 21/22, Team 3: 31/32, Team 4: 41/42.

To aid in competitor identification different coloured bibs have to be used. Nation outfits are allowed but these outfits clearly need to distinguish the various riders/teams. If coloured bibs will be utilized the following colours have to be used: red – green – blue – yellow.

1411.4.3 Gate Judges

The same rules apply for the use of gate judges as like in a regular SBX event (art. 1412.5)

1411.4.4 Competition Clothing

The same rules apply for competition clothing as like in a regular SBX event

1411.4.5 Start

The same rules apply for start ramp, start gates as like in a regular SBX event as well as for start command, false start or malfunction of the start gate (art. 1310.4, 1310.7, 1402.9.1)

1411.4.6 Choice of start lane

The choice of the start lane, during each Heat is based upon the seeding position. Higher seeded teams can choose their lane first. A missed start is considered a disqualification / sanction. It is the competitors' responsibility to arrive at the start in time to compete (art. 1310.4, 1310.6, 1310.7)

1411.4.7 Competitors coaching at start during final start signals

During the final start command no coaching is permitted at the start (no coaches present at the start gate, no radio information from the course, etc.).

1411.4.8 Contact

The same rules apply for contact as like in a regular SBX event (art. 1408.7)

1411.4.9 Protest

The same rules apply for Protests as like in a regular SBX event (Rule 1408.9)

Note: the above articles. 1411.4.2 to 1411.4.9 are already existing rules that have been moved to the common rules for SBX Team Events and then deleted from the individual section of each format of SBX Team Event.

1411.5 Execution of SBX Team and SBX Mixed Team – Format with Time Difference at the Finish

1411.5.3 Teams eligibility for SBX Team

Each team is composed of two athletes. Once the nation teams qualification and seeding is determined, each nation can field any eligible competitor (*) into their team with a maximum of one competitor per Sport Class per Men's team, although each competitor is only eligible to compete on one team. Nations must declare which competitor will comprise each team at the team captains meeting preceding the event.

Nations determine by themselves which teammate will run 1st and 2nd. Similar to regular SBX, lane choice is determined by each nation team seed, within each Heat. Teams will declare which teammate will run 1st after the teams have declared lane choice. Lane choice will be declared in the following order; seed 1, seed 2, seed 3, seed 4 and then teammate running order will be declared in the following order; seed 42, seed 34, seed 2, seed 1.

1411.5.6 Teams eligibility for SBX Mixed Team

Once the nation team's qualification and seeding is determined, each nation can field any eligible competitor (*) into their team although each competitor is only eligible to compete on one team. Nations must declare which competitor will comprise each team at the seed meeting for the competition start. ~~Nations determine by themselves which teammate will run 1st and 2nd.~~

Similar to regular SBX, lane choice is determined by each nation team seed, within each Heat. ~~Teams will declare which teammate will run 1st after the teams have declared lane choice.~~ Lane choice will be declared in the following order; seed 1, seed 2, seed 3, seed 4 and then teammate running order will be declared in the following order: seed 4, seed 3, seed 2, seed 1. The decision which gender will start first will be communicated at the Team Captains' Meeting. The Jury may limit the teams to choose the same order for rider 1 and 2 on a team for a portion of (for instance semifinals and Finals) or the entire event. This must be announced at the team captain meeting the night before the actual team event.

1411.5.8~~14~~

Penalty Time

The penalty time for a SBX Mixed Team event is calculated by taking 6% of the average of the best individual race qualification time per event per gender, with a maximum of three (3) seconds (e.g. best time Men 0:48 + best time Women 0:51) / 2 = 49.5 sec * 6% = 2.97 sec).

The penalty time for a SBX Team event is calculated for each gender separately, by taking 6% of the best individual race qualification time, with a maximum of three (3) seconds. The Jury may decide to change the penalty time in a range between 3% and 7% to adapt to special circumstances and grant interesting racing. The adaption of the penalty-time must be announced at the TCM before the competition.

If there is no individual race time as a reference this calculation result has to be estimated and confirmed by the race Jury.

~~A team which is ranked DNF cannot continue to participate. A start stop during a SBX team event should be confirmed by the Race Director who should therefore have clear overview of the course.~~

1411.5.10~~18~~

DNS, DNF and DSQ in SBX Team and SBX Mixed Team Finals

If a team does not start in the round of 16 or eight it will automatically be ranked in the 16th or eighth position. If two or more teams do not start, the DNS teams will be ranked 16/15th or 8/7th according to their seeding position and so on with three or more DNS teams.

Order of placing: DSQ (sports disqualification) to be ranked on the last place in the Heat according to the seeding points. In a case where more competitors do not complete the course nor cross the finish line, the rankings in that Heat will be based on the location where the competitor(s) have completed the course. The competitor that has made it further down the course correctly will receive the higher rank. If two or more competitors are tied in the finish or going out at the same gate, in the Big or Small Final, they will remain tied. In all other rounds, if two or more competitors are tied in the finish or going out at the same gate the team with the worse seeding points will win the tie. A team which does not start in the first round will appear as DNS on the result list. A team which did not start (DNS) in the Semi-final is allowed to start in the small final.

1411.6.3

Teams eligibility for SBX Inclusive Team

Each team is composed of one Para athlete and one non-disabled athlete. Once the nation teams seeding is determined, each nation can field any

eligible competitor (*) into their team, although each competitor is only eligible to compete on one team. Nations must declare which competitor will comprise each team at the team captains meeting preceding the event. Similar to regular SBX, lane choice is determined by each nation team seed, within each Heat. Lane choice will be declared in the following order: seed 1, seed 2, seed 3, seed 4.

1411.6.6 Teams eligibility for SBX Mixed Inclusive Team

Each team is composed of one Para athlete and one non-disabled athlete of different gender. Once the nation team's qualification and seeding is determined, each nation can field any eligible competitor (*) into their team although each competitor is only eligible to compete on one team. Nations must declare which competitor will comprise each team at the seed meeting for the competition start. Nations determine by themselves which teammate will run 1st and 2nd. Similar to regular SBX, lane choice is determined by each nation team seed, within each Heat. Teams will declare which teammate will run 1st after the teams have declared lane choice. Lane choice will be declared in the following order: seed 1, seed 2, seed 3, seed 4 and then teammate running order will be declared in the following order: seed 4, seed 3 seed 2, seed 1. The Jury may limit the teams to choose the same order for rider 1 and 2 on a team for a portion of (for instance semifinals and Finals) or the entire event. This must be announced at the team captain meeting the night before the actual team event.

1411.6.814 Penalty Time

The penalty time is calculated using the qualification times of the individual Para competition. The penalty time for a SBX Mixed Inclusive Team event is calculated by taking 6% of the average of the best individual race qualification time per event per gender, with a maximum of three (3) seconds (e.g. best time Men 0:48 + best time Women 0:51) / 2 = 49.5 sec * 6% = 2.97 sec). The penalty time for a SBX Team event is calculated for each gender separately, by taking 6% of the best individual race qualification time, with a maximum of three (3) seconds. The Jury may decide to change the penalty time in a range between 3% and 7% to adapt to special circumstances and grant interesting racing. The adaption of the penalty-time must be announced at the TCM before the competition.

If there is no individual race time as a reference this calculation result has to be estimated and confirmed by the race Jury.

~~A team which is ranked DNF cannot continue to participate. A start stop during a SBX team event should be confirmed by the Race Director who should therefore have clear overview of the course.~~

1411.6.1048 DNS, DNF and DSQ in SBX Inclusive Team and SBX Mixed Inclusive Team Finals

If a team does not start in the round of 16 or eight it will automatically be ranked in the 16th or eighth position. If two or more teams do not start, the DNS teams will be ranked 16/15th or 8/7th according to their seeding position and so on with three or more DNS teams.

Order of placing: DSQ (sports disqualification) to be ranked on the last place in the Heat ~~according to the seeding points~~. In a case where more competitors

do not complete the course nor cross the finish line, the rankings in that Heat will be based on the location where the competitor(s) have completed the course. The competitor that has made it further down the course correctly will receive the higher rank. If two or more competitors are tied in the finish or going out at the same gate, in the Big or Small Final, they will remain tied. In all other rounds, if two or more competitors are tied in the finish or going out at the same gate the team with the worse seeding points will win the tie. A team which does not start in the first round will appear as DNS on the result list. A team which did not start (DNS) in the Semi-final is allowed to start in the small final.

1411.7 Execution of SBX Team and SBX Mixed Team, SBX Inclusive Team and SBX Mixed Inclusive Team – Format with points

1411.7.1 Teams eligibility for SBX Team

Each team is composed of two athletes (*) of the same nation and with a maximum of one competitor per Sport Class per Men's team. Each competitor is only eligible to compete on one team. Nations must declare which competitor will comprise each team at the team captains meeting preceding the event.

1411.7.2 Teams eligibility for SBX Mixed Team

Each team is composed of two athletes (*) of different gender of the same nation. Each competitor is only eligible to compete on one team. Nations must declare which competitor will comprise each team at the team captains meeting preceding the event.

1411.7.3 Teams eligibility for SBX Inclusive Team

Each team is composed of one Para athlete and one non-disabled athlete (*) of the same nation and the same gender. Each competitor is only eligible to compete on one team. Nations must declare which competitor will comprise each team at the team captains meeting preceding the event.

1411.7.4 Teams eligibility for SBX Mixed Inclusive Team

Each team is composed of one Para athlete and one non-disabled athlete (*) of the same nation and of different gender. Each competitor is only eligible to compete on one team. Nations must declare which competitor will comprise each team at the team captains meeting preceding the event.

* Qualification requirements are according to the necessary minimum FIS Points for participation in a single SBX at the respective level of event (e.g. WC minimum 100 FIS points).

1411.7.5 Start List

FIS Points are used to seed the teams (addition of the single FIS points of both competitors). The first 8 seeded teams per category (16 for start fields over 30

teams), are drawn in order to determine their start order, followed by the other teams in the descending order of their FIS points. In case of a tie, the tie will be broken by a random drawing of teams. If the tie is on place 8 (16 for start fields over 30 teams) both tied teams will be drawn in the first group.

1411.7.6 Qualification

All teams' athletes conduct one timed run, one athlete at a time, in the order of bib number. The times of both team's athletes are added together for the qualification ranking. In case of a tie, the team with the worse seeding position will be ranked first. If they are still tied, the team with the higher bib number will win the tie.

If one athlete of one or more teams is DNF or DSQ these teams will be ranked after all teams with two valid times according to the better single valid time. In case of a tie, the team with the worse seeding position will be ranked first. If they are still tied, the team with the higher bib number will win the tie.

If both athletes of one or more teams are DNF or DSQ these teams will be ranked after all teams with one or two valid times. The team with the worse seeding position will be ranked first. If they are still tied, the team with the higher bib number will win the tie.

If one or both athletes of one or more teams are DNS these teams are not allowed to start in the next competition phase.

If an individual event took place prior to the team competition on the same course, the result of the individual event may be used for the seeding of the team event adding together the times of the team members.

1411.7.7 Competition

Similar to regular SBX, lane choice is determined by the team's Qualification Rank. All of the first competitors from each team line up in the start (for SBX Mixed Team the decision which gender will start first will be communicated by the Jury at the Team Captains' Meeting) and the traditional SBX start cadence is given with all gates opening at the same time. As soon as these competitors leave the start, the gates are closed and their teammates line up in the same start gate.

The competitors of the first group crossing the finish line will be awarded points in the following order: 1st place 4 points, 2nd place 3 points, 3rd place 2 points, 4th place 1 point.

When all first competitors from all teams cross the finish line (or are DNF and in safe position) a new start command will be given with all gates opening at the same time.

The competitors of the second group crossing the finish line will be awarded points in the following order: 1st place 4 points, 2nd place 3 points, 3rd place 2 points, 4th place 1 point.

Place of finish of a single athlete is determined by the first part of the body or Snowboard that crosses the finish line. Whenever possible, a finish line camera (video or photo finish) should be available. Only in the Big or Small Final if it is still impossible to separate the competitors with these steps, the competitors will remain tied. In case of a tie, at the finish line, such tie(s) will be broken after reviewing if available the photo-finish presentation. If a tie still

exists, the competitors concerned will be ranked according to the fastest qualification time. If a tie still exists, the competitor with the worse seeding points will win the tie. If the tie still exists, they will remain tied.

1411.7.8

Ranking for final results

Teams are ranked according to their sum of points in the final heat (Big Final) and in the consolation round (Small Final). Snowboard Cross will be run according to a single knockout format.

The first team (2 teams per Heat) or the first two teams (4 teams per Heat) advance from round to round as determined by their sum of points in each Heat.

The teams who do not advance in Pre-Heats, 1/16, 1/8 and 1/4 Finals Heats will be grouped according to their placing in the Heat and then ranked within that group according to their sum of points. In any case a team who has qualified for a certain group (1/8 final, 1/4 final, etc.) will remain in this group and be ranked there. For example: Once a team is qualified for top 16, they will remain for scoring purposes in the top 16 group.

If two or more teams are tied (same sum of points) the team with the better Qualification Rank wins the tie. If the tie still exists, the team with the worse seeding position will win the tie. If the tie still exists, they will remain tied.

If the finals cannot be fully completed due to force majeure (weather, failure of equipment, course conditions etc.) the results of the qualification will be valid as final results.

1411.7.9

DNS, DNF and DSQ in SBX Team / SBX Inclusive Team / SBX Mixed Team / SBX Mixed Inclusive Finals

A team which does not start in the first round will appear as DNS on the result list. A team which did not start (DNS) in the Semi-final is allowed to start in the small final.

The DNF/DSQ teams which have been ranked 4th in their Heat, will be ranked in the final results amongst those teams who finished 4th, in the same phase of Pre-Heats, 1/16, 1/8 or 1/4 Finals, and then ranked by their Qualification Rank. The same applies if more than one team was DNF/DSQ and was ranked 3rd.

If a team does not start in the round of 16 or eight it will automatically be ranked in the 16th or eighth position. If two or more teams do not start, the DNS teams will be ranked 16/15th or 8/7th according to their Qualification Rank and so on with three or more DNS teams.

Order of placing: DSQ (sports disqualification) to be ranked on the last place in the Heat. In a case where more competitors do not complete the course nor cross the finish line, the rankings in that Heat will be based on the location where the competitor(s) have completed the course. The competitor that has made it further down the course correctly will receive the higher rank. If two or more competitors are tied in the finish or going out at the same gate, in the Big or Small Final, they will remain tied. In all other rounds, if two or more competitors are tied in the finish or going out at the same gate the team with the worse seeding position will win the tie. A team which does not start in the first round will appear as DNS on the result list. A team which did not start (DNS) in the Semi-final is allowed to start in the small final.

1411.7.10 Sanctions and “did not start”

A team which does not start in the first round will appear as DNS on the result list. A team which did not start (DNS) in the Semi-final is allowed to start in the small final.

1411.7.10.1 Sanction for In Race interference

General Individual Cross rules apply under art. 1408.6.

1411.7.10.2 Effect of the Sanctions

The distribution of a sanction or a reprimand is personally given to the competitor and not to the team.

The direct effect for the event is also to the team (the team will be DSQ, RAL) but the effect for the next competition is, that this one competitor is not permitted to start (NPS) and the other team-member is able to start with another team-competitor.

If a warning is given to the competitor, this warning does not affect the team.

Two warnings to the same competitor in the same competition will lead to a RAL of the team concerned.

If a Yellow Card/RAL is given to the competitor, the effect to the team is, that the team that is “ranked as last” (RAL), is not permitted to start in any further round of the competition, but the yellow-card for the rest of the season is with the competitor, that receives the yellow-card (RAL).

If a Red Card/DSQ is given to the competitor, the effect to the team is, that the team is DSQ and not permitted to start in any further round of the competition and the team is not ranked.

1412.1.1 All athletes complete two timed runs for Banked Slalom – The best (fastest) timed run out of the two) timed runs will be used to determine the final results. Under special circumstances Jury may allow format with one (1) timed run. If the second run cannot be fully completed due to force majeure (weather, failure of timing equipment, course conditions etc.) the results of the first run will be valid as final results. This Jury decision should be announced at the TC meeting before competition, and must be announced at the latest before the start of the official qualification training.

1412.1.4 Start list 2nd run (level 1 competitions): Reverse order according to the rankings from the first run including DNF, DSQ, and DNS for Banked Slalom. Start list 2nd run (Level 2 and 3 competitions): Bib order including DNF, DSQ, and DNS for Banked Slalom. For Giant Slalom the start list for the second run will be reverse order excluding DNF, DSQ and DNS. In case of Force Majeure situations, the Jury has the right to change the start order.

1412.2.1 There are two timed qualification formats:

- a) One Run - all athletes conduct one timed run.
- b) Two Runs - all athletes conduct two timed runs; the best run out of the two determines the ranking. Athletes who did not start (DNS), are disqualified (DSQ) or did not finish (DNF) in run one can participate in run two. For the

2nd run all competitors including DSQs, DNFs and DNSs will start in the same order as the first run.

In WSC and PWG the qualification and finals must be done on two separate days.

1412.5 Gate judges

Between 4-8 gate judges (with control section gate judges being provided radios connected with the Finish Referee and the rest of the Jury) ~~are on a Snowboard Cross~~ is necessary. Control section gate judges must be familiar with the rules (Inspection, Training, Gate-DSQ's, Contact etc.).

1413.12.1 Course setters

The course setter is designated by the Jury of the competition (if they ~~is~~ are not chosen by FIS). Before setting the course, they must conduct an inspection and study of the course in the presence of the Jury and those responsible for the course (the chief of competition and the chief of course). ~~At Level 4 competitions the RD will set the course together with the connection coach. (art. 1300.3.1.2).~~

* * *

Qualification Criteria/Regulations* - Para Snowboard:

- Para Snowboard Qualification Criteria 2025/2026

*Link to the document: [Qualification Criteria](#)

Para Snowsports Equipment Specification

1 Competition Equipment

The term “competition equipment” implies all items of equipment used by athletes/guides in competitive skiing and snowboarding, including clothing and implements that serve a technical function. The entire competition equipment forms a functional unit. In this connection the following points must be observed:

- The principle of safety
- The principle of fairness

1.4 Additional equipment (accessories)

Additional competition equipment (accessories) are those components or implements which exert an influence on the technical function of the competition equipment and which are attached directly to the equipment by means of recognised fastenings. Such accessories do not perform essential functions during the competition.

Example: parablacks, plastic tip covers, additional weights, back protectors, cut resistant undergarment.

~~Athletes/Guides must use equipment appropriate for their gender.~~

1.6 Procedures for the Acceptance of new developments in Competition Equipment.

As per art. 222.4 of the ICR.

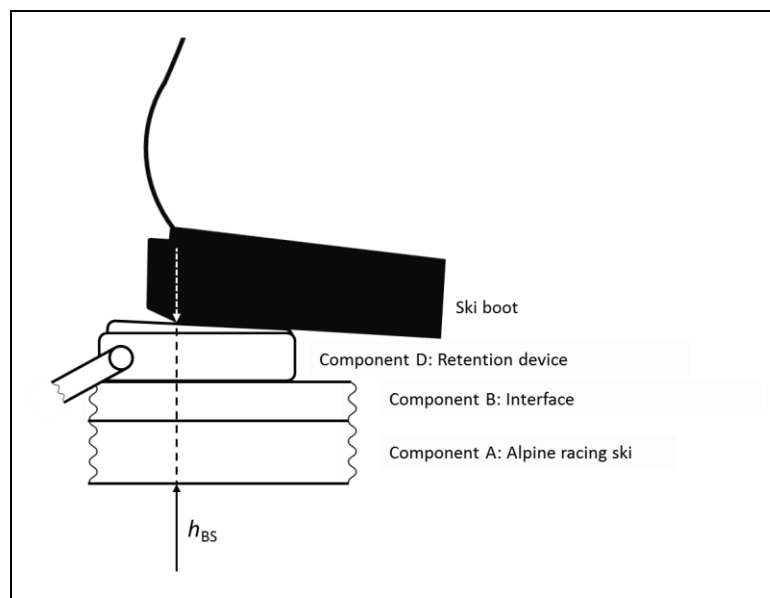
2 Specifications for para Alpine Skiing Competition Equipment

Functional Ski System (Ski, Interfaces, Release Bindings)

Definition

Functional Ski System is the assembled unit of the single components: (A) ski, (B) interfaces, (C) release bindings and (D) retention device.

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Value</u>
<u>Bearing surface height</u>	<u>50_{Max}</u>
<u>h_{BS} (mm)</u>	
<u>(±)</u>	



1.1.2.1 Para Alpine Skiing Racing Skis

1.1.42.1.1 Definition

Skis, predominantly for use in Downhill (DH), Slalom (SL), Giant Slalom (GS) and Super- G (SG), racing on suitable terrain and utilising the force of gravity. In order to allow transmission of lateral forces, the edges of the running surface of the ski are made mainly of a hard material resistant to wear and tear.

1.1.42.1.2 Ski Length

Minimum length, "developed" length (unwound length) in accordance with ISO Norm including a measurement tolerance.

Precision for the length of Slalom Skis:

When a ski tip different from the main body of the ski is used, the measurement will only be taken into account to the extent it covers a surface corresponding to the natural shape of the ski.

The manufacturer must mark the tip showing the limit of the natural shape and thereby allow an easy measurement.

To prevent doubt, specific designs of ski tips as part of the main body of the ski are allowed.

1.1.42.1.3 Profile Width

Minimum width of the running surface under the binding and in front of the binding without any tolerance (see table in section 2.5).

1.1.42.1.4 Radius

The radius must be marked on the ski.

Radius measurement for DH skis with a preparation tolerance of -1 m.

1.1.52.1.5 Specifications of Competition Equipment Alpine Racing Skis (Applicable to all FIS Para Alpine Skiing Sanctioned Competitions)-

Ski Length (Minimum) Ski Length measurement tolerance of – 1cm	DH Women DH Men	200 cm 205 cm
	SG Women SG Men	200 cm 205 cm
	GS Women GS Men	183 cm 188 cm
	SL Women SL Men	155 cm 165 cm
Width of the shoulder of the ski (Maximum)	DH Women DH Men	95 mm 95 mm
	SG Women SG Men	95 mm 95 mm
	GS Women GS Men	103mm 103mm
	SL Women SL Men	None None
Radius (Minimum)	DH Women DH Men	40m 40m
	SG Women SG Men	40m 40m
	GS Women GS Men	30m 30m
	SL Women SL Men	None None
Maximum Standing Height (ski/plate/binding)		50mm

Labels "FIS" attesting conformity with FIS Specifications for Alpine Competition skis.. (All competitions Levels)



- VI AS1 athletes (men) and guides may use 155 cm skis for SL
- Ski length must be marked on the skis by the manufacturer
- SG skis may be used in DH competitions at all race levels
- VI AS1 athletes and guides may use GS skis for speed events

1.2 Para Alpine Skiing Competition Equipment

1.3.2.2 Release Bindings

Ski binding, which releases the boot from the ski, when during alpine ski racing conditions certain loads reach pre-set values.

1.4.2.3 Retention Device

Retention device for alpine skiing is a ski brake which is designed to slow down a ski which has come off after the release of a ski binding. The use of skis without ski brake during competitions or unofficial training runs is prohibited. The functioning of the bindings release mechanism must not be compromised by the method of its mounting.

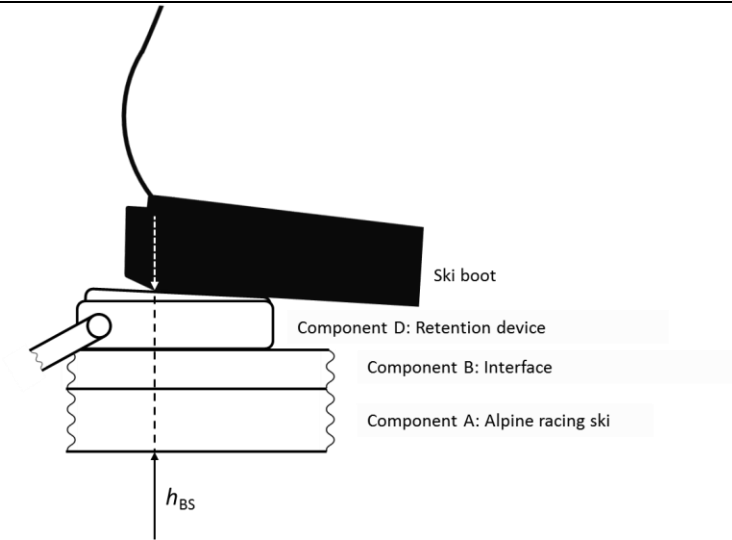
1.5.2.4 Anti-Vibration Plates Interfaces (eg. Plates, lifters)

Functional component, mounted between skis and release bindings. Interfaces can be mounted if the following conditions are taken into consideration:

Width of the interface: At each point of the interface, its width must not exceed the width of the running surface.

Maximum height: Maximum height (distance between the bottom of the running surface of the ski and the ski boot sole) for all categories is 50 mm (Women, Men).

<u>Definition:</u>	<u>Distance between the bottom of the running surface of the ski and the ski boot sole.</u>
<u>Related ISO Norm</u>	
<u>Description of measurement:</u>	<u>For h_{BS}, the maximum rectangular distance from the running surface of the ski to the contact area between the bearing surface of the ski boot and the bearing surface of Component D has to be considered.</u>

		
<u>Measuring device:</u>	<u>Caliper</u>	<u>Accuracy class: DIN 862</u>
		<u>Graduation: 0.01mm</u>
<u>Measuring value documentation</u>	<u>e.g. 49.25mm</u>	
<u>Additional Information</u>	<u>Note: The overall standing height of the athlete is the sum of bearing surface height and thickness of the ski boot soles. However the overall height is not specified, instead the individual specifications for bearing surface height and thickness of the ski boot soles apply.</u>	

1.6.2.5 Ski Boots

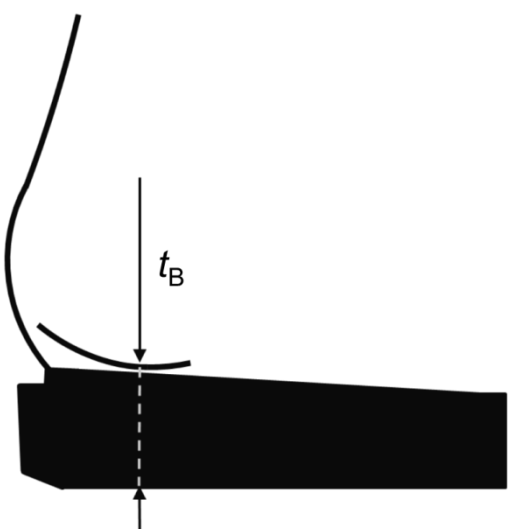
Ski boots are robust footwear developed specifically for skiing, offering protection against jolts and bumps as well as injury from ski edges and other external influences. The ski boot encloses the foot firmly, while at the same time allowing the movement necessary for skiing techniques, in that the ankle has the room it needs to flex, but at the same time facilitating the transfer of every steering movement completely to the ski (according to ISO 5355). ~~The relevant national and international guidelines and norms establish the requirements.~~

1.6.2.5.1 Thickness of Ski Boot Soles

Distance between the ski boot sole and the base of the heel including all hard and soft parts:

Women, Men: maximum 43 mm

<u>Definition:</u>	<u>Distance between the bottom side of the ski boot sole and the base of the heel including all hard and soft parts.</u>
<u>Related ISO Norm</u>	
<u>Description of measurement:</u>	<u>Determine the thickness of the ski boot soles by measuring the distance between the ski boot sole and the base of the heel including all hard and soft parts (t_B).</u>

		
<u>Measuring device:</u>	<u>FIS measuring device</u>	<u>Accuracy class: DIN 862</u>
		<u>Graduation: 0.01mm</u>
<u>Measuring value documentation</u>	<u>e.g. 42.12mm</u>	
<u>Note: Information regarding the measuring device is available on request at FIS!</u>		

4.7.2.6 Ski Poles

The ski pole is an item of equipment, the function of which is to aid the skier and facilitate balance.

National and international rules establish the minimum requirements for ski pole tips, grips, shafts, baskets, straps, length, etc. Owing to the risk of injury, metal baskets are not permitted.

4.8.2.7 Competition Suits

Competition suits used in DH, SG and GS and clothing worn underneath, such as undergarments, etc., must have a textile surface on the inside and the outside. The surfaces may not be plasticised or treated by any chemical means (gaseous, liquid or solid) and must have a minimum permeability of 30 litres per m²/sec. Seams may only exist in order to join the portions of the suit. Outer tucks and darts are not allowed. The suits must be equally porous in all parts, both from the outside in and from the inside out. Minimum air permeability is established whereby the un-stretched fabric must show a medium air permeability of a minimum of 30 litres per m²/sec under 10 mm of water pressure (with a measurement tolerance of 3.0 litres per m²/sec).

Label attesting conformity with FIS specifications for competition suits (DH/SG/GS):

Fulfilment of requirements is to be attested by a specific standardized conformity label affixed in a non-removable way. which is and shall remain visible during competition. The conformity label is shown below. The conformity label shall include the following text: «Conforms to FIS Specifications CS 2015». Labels affixed by manufacturers shall comply with the actual specifications. The conformity label attests that the manufacturer and NSA are guaranteeing that the surfaces of the competition suit are not plasticised or treated by any chemical means (gaseous, liquid or solid) and

that they have a minimum permeability of 30 litres per m2/sec with a measurement tolerance of 3,0 litres per m2/sec.



2.8 Cut resistant undergarment

2.8.1 Definition

Cut-resistant undergarment are clothing items worn underneath the competition suit, designed to improve the athlete's protection against cut injuries.

2.8.2 General Specifications

In order to provide appropriate protection, the cut-resistant undergarment must be sized correctly based on producer's guidelines and worn in strict compliance with manufacturer instructions of use. The undergarment shall be used without alteration/modification, as certified by the manufacturer. Cut-resistant undergarment is intended to provide supplementary protection and not infinite cut protection.

2.8.3 Technical specifications

The cut-resistant undergarment level of protection is defined by the specifications of the FIS-DITF test standard 2021. Basic definition parameters are: The minimum uncut measuring length for each level are: 200mm, cut resistance at cutting force of the corresponding level 4 out of 5 tests of the same textile must have the corresponding cut resistance in 3 directions of textile positions: 0° / 45° / 90°. The direction with the lowest cut resistance value defines the FIS star level.

<u>Force (N)</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>200</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>400</u>	<u>500</u>
<u>FIS-star</u>	<u>*</u>	<u>**</u>	<u>***</u>	<u>****</u>	<u>*****</u>

Fulfilment of requirements is to be attested by these standardised conformity labels, affixed on the outer side of the protection garment in a non-removable way at the back of the lower left leg above the top of the ski boot cuff area in the size of 30x50mm. "Conforms to FIS Specifications CRG 2021" and depict

the achieved FISstar(s) level. The conformity label certifies that the manufacturer has obtained the required certifications (FIS-DITF 2021) fulfils the above requirements. To receive the label, the test protocol must be submitted to FIS Athletes Health Unit.



Label attesting conformity with FIS specifications for cut resistant undergarment.

2.8.4 Implementation of cut resistant undergarment

The use of cut-resistant undergarment is strongly recommended for all disciplines events at all levels.

4.9.2.9 Crash Helmets (Race helmets)

2.9.1 Specifications

<u>Event</u>	<u>Safety Standards</u>
<u>DH/SG/GS/PAR</u>	<u>ASTM 2040</u> <u>EN 1077 (class A)</u> <u>EN 1077 (class A) at test speed of 6.8m/s</u>
<u>+ Label attesting conformity with FIS specifications for racing helmets "RH 2013"</u>	
<u>Width of the label</u>	<u>10mm</u>
<u>Height of the label</u>	<u>15mm</u>
<u>SL*</u>	<u>Minimum standards:</u> <u>ASTM 2040</u> <u>EN 1077 (class B)</u>

*Exception: the use of certified full face cycle helmets is permitted for sit ski athletes in SL.

4.9.12.9.2 General Principles

The use of crash helmets is compulsory for all FIS Para Alpine Skiing events. Only helmets specifically designed for Alpine ski racing with the embedded FIS sticker are permitted. Helmets must have a shell and padding which cover the head and ears. Only in Slalom events are soft ear helmets allowed. Helmets with edges that protrude are not permitted. Helmets cannot be modified.

The crash helmets shall have no spoilers, nor protruding parts. The crash helmets models shall comply with safety standards set forth below in regard to the specific events.

4.9.22.9.3 Safety standards

The crash helmets used in the respective alpine ski events shall satisfy the following safety standards:

DH/SG/GS/PAR Requirements:

- Helmet model to fulfill and to be certified under both ASTM 2040 and EN 1077 (class A)
- In addition, Helmet model to pass an additional specific test under EN 1077 test procedure but at higher test speed of 6.8m/s.
- Additional test to be effected through CEN laboratories. The laboratory shall issue a test protocol showing that the tested model passed the EN test requirements at the increased speed.

Label attesting conformity with FIS specifications for racing helmets (DH/SG/GS/PAR):

Fulfilment of requirements is to be attested by a specific standardised conformity label affixed in a non-removable way at the back of the helmet in a location which is and shall remain visible. The label shall in particular not be covered by the goggle strap. The conformity label is shown below. It shall include the following text: «Conform to FIS Specifications RH 2013». Labels affixed by manufacturers shall comply with the specifications set forth in the attachment.

The conformity label attests that the manufacturer has obtained the required certifications (EN 1077 A and ASTM 2040) and obtained a test protocol confirming that the concerned helmet model fulfils the requirements set forth above under art. 2.1.10.2 Upon request, the certification documentation and test protocol shall be provided to the FIS.



Width: 10 mm
Height: 15 mm

Label attesting conformity with FIS specifications for Alpine racing helmets (DH/SG/GS)

SL Requirements*:

- Helmet model to be certified under EN 1077 (class B) or ASTM 2040 as minimum standards
 - o Note 1: soft ear padding is allowed
 - o Note 2: crash helmets fulfilling higher safety standards can be used a fortiori in SL. This includes:
 - EN 1077 (Class A), SNELL 98 and all helmets fulfilling the DH/SG/GS specific standard described above.

SL Labels:

Compliance with the above requirements is attested by the corresponding certification label (e.g. CE label) and/or by the conformity label set forth above under art. 2.1.10.2**Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.**
(i.e. helmets fulfilling the requirements for DH/SG/GS can be used in SL).

**** Exception:** the is use of certified full face cycle helmets is permitted for sit ski athletes in SL.

2.9.4 General reminders

It is reminded that the manufacturers remain the only entities liable in regard of product liability in connection with manufactured helmets. It is further reminded that crash helmets must be worn in strict compliance with instructions of use and do not offer an absolute protection against the consequences of accidents.

2.9.5 Alteration/modification/additional element*

The helmets shall be used without alteration/modification, as certified by the manufacturer. Furthermore, no additional element/equipment shall be affixed on the surface of the helmet.

*Exception: VI athletes and Guides may attach a communication system, this needs to be registered and approved in the FPDMS Adaptive Equipment Register

1.102.10 Ski Goggles

Ski goggles are devices protecting the eyes against weather and rays with optically correct lenses. Their aim is to guarantee good, contrast-free visibility in all weather conditions. The use of ski goggles is recommended. It is prohibited to reshape the ski goggles in order to obtain aerodynamic advantages.

1.112.11 Ski Gloves

Gloves offer a protective covering against weather and external forces. The wearing of gloves is urgently recommended. Reshaping the glove, the application of a plastic coating on the outer surface, or the use of skai (imitation leather) with the aim of attaining more aerodynamic features, are not allowed. The glove must not reach beyond the elbow. Protective padding along the entire length of the glove is permitted. The use of protective guards in the form of shields, which are pulled over the glove, is permitted.

1.122.12 Protectors

Competitors are allowed to protect all parts of the body with so called protectors in all events. It remains in the athlete's/NSA's discretion and responsibility to individually decide about the use of protectors.

In Downhill, protectors may not be integrated into the competition suit itself. In all events these protectors must be worn underneath the conforming competition suit. (Exception forearm protection used in SG, GS and SL and shin protection used in SL)
Protectors must fulfil the 30 litres permeability measurement with a measurement tolerance of 3.0 litres per m²/sec, with the exception of the shoulder, scapular region, chest, arms and legs. The anatomical body shape may not be changed.

1.12.12.12.1 Back Protectors

Back protectors must adapt to the anatomical bend of the athlete's spine and lie flat against the body. The top edge of the back protector must be situated in the area of the spinal column and may not go above the 7th cervical vertebrae (C7). The maximum thickness must be in the middle part and may not exceed 45 mm; the thickness reduces at the edges of the back protector. Designs with the view to improve aerodynamic properties are forbidden. The back protector must be worn underneath the competition suit. It is strongly recommended to use protectors that are certified according to the latest EN 1621:2 standard.

6 Specifications for Para Alpine Skiing Adaptive Equipment

6.1.1 ADAPTIVE Equipment Controls

6.1.1 FIS, through its appointed officials, will monitor the use of technology and equipment prior to and/or at FIS Para Alpine Skiing Sanctioned Competitions to ensure that it conforms to the principles outlined in the IPC Policy on Sport Equipment. This may include, but will not be limited to, the assessment of:

6.1.1.1 whether equipment and/or prosthetic components are commercially available to all athletes (prototypes that are purpose built by manufactures exclusively for the use of a specific athlete shall not be permitted);

6.1.1.2 whether equipment contains materials or devices that store, generate or deliver energy and/or are designed to provide function to enhance performance beyond the natural physical capacity of an athlete; and/or

6.1.1.3 whether equipment conforms with the terms of Specifications for Para Alpine Skiing Adaptive Equipment set forth under art.6.

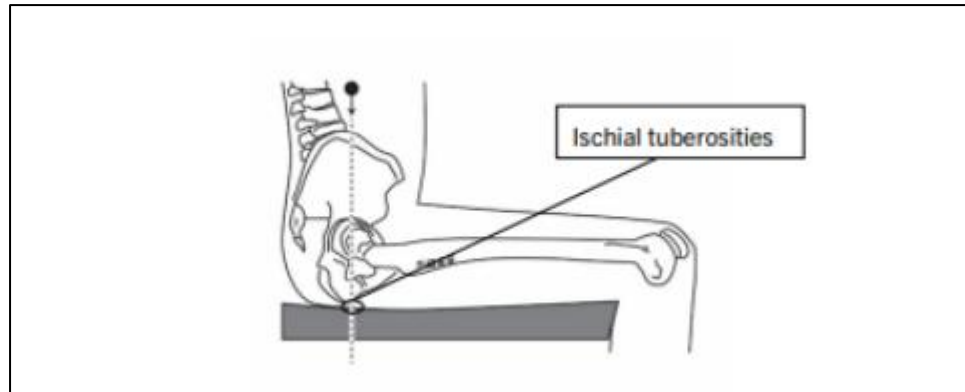
6.1.2 For all licensed athletes, all adaptive equipment, including but not limited to sit skis, prostheses, orthoses, blacked-out goggles (only for AS1 athletes), and adaptive support must be registered by 30 September each year, using the FPDMS Adaptive Equipment Registration Manual, published on the FIS website.

Any changes, adjustments or modifications after this date must be immediately communicated via email at ParaAlpineSkiing@fis-ski.com. The approval of Adaptive Equipment registered after 30 September of each year is at the discretion of FIS.

6.1.3 The final decision as to any applicable sanction(s) in respect of any breach by a competitor of competition equipment and technology rules pursuant to these Specifications for Para Alpine Skiing Adaptive Equipment shall lie with the jury.

7 Specifications for Para Cross-Country Adaptive Equipment

- 7.2.1.4 The sit-ski athlete ~~shall~~must be seated on the sit-ski at all times during the race, meaning that the athlete's ischial tuberosities ~~shall~~must remain in contact with the seat throughout all competition.



- 7.2.1.5 To prevent movement of the ischial tuberosities off the seat, ~~it is expected that~~ the athlete's upper thigh (most proximal femur) / hip must be strapped securely to the seat at a point as proximal to the hip joint as possible, using a non-flexible material and a stable securing feature anchored posteriorly to the rear aspect of the seat frame.

Annex 6.5 Proposals from the Telemark Committee

The Telemark Committee submits the following proposals for approval by the FIS Council:

ICR Telemark

Throughout: Change ~~World Cup Coordinator~~ to **Race Director**

- 1701.5.1 The Cross Country section (where applicable), **including the loom and any other obstacles**, should make up 30-40% of the race time.
- 1701.5.3 The cross-country part uses varying terrain with mostly flat, undulating or easy uphill. **If the terrain dictates, then slightly downhill sections may be included.**
- 1701.5.4 The cross-country part should be placed in the last half of the course ~~and be laid out so that the competitors may overtake one another easily.~~
- 1701.5.5 The ~~track~~ **course** must be clearly marked with yellow flags, ~~color~~ **colour**, **brushes**, flags or other means at the inspection so there is only one way to pass the gates. The racer must follow all the marks in sequence.
- 1701.5.6 Where paint or other indicators are used to **highlight the correct passage** ~~show the track~~ they are indicative and not absolute; racers may cross such markings but must pass through all gates.
- 1704.7 All gates are numbered, including yellow gates, to allow correct reference for DSQ due to incorrect passage. Numbers are recorded on the results as: total gates (number of turns).**
- 1707.4.1 If a second jump is included in the Classic then it must be practiced under control of the jury during the inspection.**
- 1708.5.1 ~~If the racer falls and comes to a complete stop and remains lying on the slope for any length of time they must retire or be DSQ (Start Stop if required).~~ **It is only permitted to step back up the maximum of one gate, even if the start interval is "course clear", provided the athlete does not obstruct the next racer**
- 1710.1.1 Definition of the Telemark technique.
- 1710.1.2 The inner ski must be the ~~hindmost~~ **rear** ski. The distance between the **toe of the rear boot and the heel of the front boot** ~~tip of the inner boot and the heel of the outer boot~~ must be **at least approximately** one boot length, measured in the direction of the ski.
- 1710.1.3 The heel of the ~~inner ski~~ **rear boot** must be clearly lifted from the ski.
- 1710.1.4 The knee of the rear leg must be clearly bent.**
- ~~1710.1.4~~ **1710.1.5** The turns must be linked together in one **single**, uninterrupted movement from one Telemark turn to the next. ~~At all times there must be at least one boot length between the tip of the inner boot and the heel of the outer boot unless the next turn is being initiated.~~

- ~~1710.5~~ 1710.1.6 It is permitted to have a shortened boot gap for a brief period to allow for dynamic movements due to terrain, provided the boots do not overlap.
- 1710.2 The competitor himself decides where to execute the turn in relation to the gate.
- 1710.2.1 The transition begins when the skier either starts the lead change or initiates an edge change.
- 1710.2.2 The turn ends when a skier starts the next transition.
- 1710.2.3 A judge is responsible for the transition and the following turn. Only one penalty may be awarded per transition and turn.
- ~~1710.3~~ ~~Skating steps are permitted as long as the rules in article 1710 are adhered to.~~
- 1710.4 ~~To start a turn in the Telemark technique and end it as a parallel turn, or vice versa, is not allowed.~~ At the gate/line that marks the start or finish of a telemark zone, or the jump line, the athlete must be in the telemark technique or transition. An athlete may not cross the line in a parallel position.
- 1710.5 Falling in a transition or turn through a gate, passing through a gate on one ski only, is a penalty of one (1) second, finish gate line and yellow zone excepted.
- 1711.1.3 If the competitor does not reach clear the jump line (Rule 1711.1.4) a penalty of four (4) seconds is added to the total time of the competitor for a Classic race, two (2) seconds for a Sprint and GS race, and one (1) second for a PS qualification if the qualification is run on the PS course. If PS Qualification is run on a Sprint course, the sprint rules will apply.
- 1711.1.4 The jump distance is measured at the first point of impact of the feet, judged as if both feet have landed simultaneously. The front foot must be completely over beyond the line, or both feet if landing in alpine style.
- ~~1711.2.3~~ ~~Falling through a gate, or passing through a gate on one ski only, is a penalty of one (1) second; finish gate and yellow sections excepted.~~
- ~~1711.2.4~~ ~~To start a turn in the Telemark technique and end it as a parallel turn, or vice versa, is not allowed.~~
- 1712.4 ~~Gate judges should not control more than 3 turns.~~ A judge must have an unobstructed view of all gates that they have responsibility for, such that they can always clearly see the competitors body, feet and skis.
- 1712.4.1 A gate judge awards a penalty where a clear transgression of telemark technique is observed.
- 1712 Gate Technique Judges**
- 1712.1 A gate judge must have full knowledge of the rules concerning telemark technique, correct passage of the gates and the rules and instructions for gate judges.
- 1712.2 A gate judge's decision must be clear and unbiased.

- 1712.3 The organiser, whose responsibility it is to have a sufficient number of qualified ~~gate~~ judges available, appoints the gate judges.
- 1712.4 ~~Gate judges should not control more than 3 turns.~~ A judge must have an unobstructed view of all gates that they have responsibility for, such that they can always clearly see the competitors body, feet and skis.
- A gate judge awards a penalty where a clear transgression of telemark technique is observed.
- 1712.5 The ~~Gate~~ Judge's decisions with regards penalties are final and cannot be protested.
- At World Cup penalties must be reported by radio to timing as soon as the competitor has cleared the judged zone if not using video judging.
- At FIS level it is acceptable for ~~gate~~ judges to record the penalties on paper and for all penalties to be added to the times after the run is completed.
- 1712.6 For World Cup and World Championships it is mandatory to provide video controlling as back up ~~for the~~ judging at the jump in CL and SP. A proper device (Tablet, extra battery and software) will be provided by the FIS TM Committee.
- Technique Judging. At World Cup and World Championships (Junior or Senior) technique judging it is recommended that judging be conducted by using a panel of judges observing the same video feed in real time.
- 1712.7 **~~Gate Judging~~ Manual Penalty Signals**
- 1712.7.1 Zero Penalties – both arms point to ground.
- 1712.7.2 One penalty – one arm raised vertically.
- 1712.7.3 Two penalties – two arms raised vertically.
- 1712.7.4 Three penalties – two arms extended horizontally out to the side at 90 degrees to the body.
- 1712.7.5 DSQ – both arms raised and crossed above the head.
- ~~4712.7.5~~ **1712.7.6** At the jump, when judges are physically present, a blue flag should be raised to indicate a style penalty and a red flag to indicate a line penalty.
- 1712.8 Where video judges are used then there should be a panel of 4 ~~gate~~ judges and 2 ~~jump judges, assigned as follows.~~ At least 1, but ideally 2, judges should be from a different nation.
- 1712.8.1 SP 4 ~~gate~~ judges, all covering the complete course. ~~Penalties are an average of the 4 individual scores.~~
- 1712.8.2 CL (Standard) 4 ~~gate~~ judges covering the complete course. ~~Penalties are an average of the 4 scores.~~

- 1712.8.1.3 CL (Alternative). Two pairs of 2 gate judges covering the top and bottom halves of the course respectively. ~~Penalties are a total of the averages of the pairs individual scores.~~
- 1712.8.1.4 PS Two pairs of 2 gate judges covering the red and blue tracks respectively. ~~Penalties are the average of the pairs individual scores for each track, added to the jump penalties.~~
- A penalty is awarded if 3 or more judges award a penalty for the turn. If only 2 judges are controlling a zone then both judges must agree for the penalty to be awarded.
- 1712.8.2.1 Two Jump judges collectively provide distance and technique penalties for CL and SP and individually in the PS for red and blue track.
- 1712.8.3 All judges assist the Jury with identifying incidents for review in the cross-country section of the PS.
- 1712.9 When any individual video gate judge identifies an incorrect passage of a gate a provisional DSQ will be issued. The jury must review the incident on the video prior to confirming or overturning the DSQ in the published protocol notice except when all judges are unanimous in their decision.

If due to force majeure it is not possible to continue to use technology to judge then the judges should cover sectors as for a FIS race.

It is not permitted to start judging a run by video and switch to sector judges during the run (or vice versa). Should video fail during the run then all technique penalties for all athletes are discounted for that run.

1716 Telemark Race Aide Memoir

Race	GS	SP	CL	PS	TPS	Parallel slalom
Recommended Vertical Drop	125-350m	100-450 180m	250-500m	70-120m	70-120m	60-100m
Planned run time recommendation best 10 skiers	55-75	40-70 seconds	100-170 secs	30-50 secs	30-50 secs	20-25 secs
Recommended Gate distance	23-28m	20-25m	23-30m	18-22m	49-24m 18-22m	49-24m 18-22m
Number of Runs	2	2	1	1 pair per heat	1 pair per heat	
Jump height	<1m	<1m	<1.5m	<1m	<1m	<1m
Number of jumps	1	1	1 or 2	1	1	1
Jump length	5-25m	5-25m	5-30m	5-20m	5-20m	5-20m
No of 360	0	1	1-2	1	1	0
360 radius	----	5-9m	5-9m	7-10m	7-10m	----
Start Type	Slalom or fixed	Slalom	Slalom or fixed	Course clear	Course clear	Course clear

Jump Penalties	2+1 per run	2+1 per run	4+1 per run	1+1 Qual 1 Knockout	1+1 Qual 1 Knockout	1+1
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2201.4 360-turn

There is one 360-turn for both courses, the 360-turn should be at least ~~7-9~~ **7-10** m in radius ~~on the top of the 360~~ and should not exceed 2m high. For PS a second line in the vertical middle, parallel to the top should be used as reference.

~~2203.3~~ **2203.1** The finish corridor ~~should~~ **may** be one lane with photo finish timing and technology ~~and not less than 10m~~. ~~If a single lane is used with photo finish the corridor may be reduced to 10m~~. When photo finish **technology** is used the measuring point will be ~~the toe of~~ the first **knee crossing** ~~foot meeting~~ the line.

~~2203.1~~ **2203.2** The finish zones must be marked clearly with poles and finishing line ~~in the same colour as the courses~~. The width of the finishing line must be sufficient for two competitors to pass at the same time, ~~and should not be less than 6m wide~~.

~~2203.2~~ **2203.3** Separate tracks: ~~At FIS level where photo finish technology is not available then the~~ **The final section of the cross-country section should be 15m long, with separate tracks for the blue and red course and separate timing systems to determine the winner.** The competitor is not permitted to change track in this section.

2203.4 Diving across the finish line is not permitted for a single lane finish.

2203.5 Deliberate manoeuvres and excessive body movements by racers to prevent the other racer from overtaking will be deemed obstruction and sanctioned accordingly. Racers should ski their best racing line and technique.

2206.1.6 See illustration (the bracket) for the set-up of pairs. The knockout bracket must be 32 for the men and 16 for the women. In the event there are not 32 men and 16 women brackets will be filled with by as:

If there are 0-8 participants the knockout bracket should be 8 **with byes**

If there are 8-12 participants the knockout bracket should be 8

If there are 13-16 participants the knockout bracket should be 16 with byes

If there are 16-24 participants the knockout bracket should be 16

If there are 25-32 participants the knockout bracket should be 32 with byes

2206.2.5 If both men and women, or senior and junior compete, all the finals should be run in sequence ~~(small and big finals should be run together)~~, **normally women's small final, women's big final, then men's small final and men's big final.**

2207.1.3 ~~The gate judges must have a coloured flag to signal disqualification. See rule 2210 Disqualifications/Sanctions.~~ **The gate judges must signal DSQ by the use of**

- 2 flags as per Art 1712.7.5: DSQ – both arms raised and crossed above the head.
- 2301.1.3 ~~Teams are comprised of 1 woman and 2 men.~~ Teams are comprised of 3 people, of whom at least one must be a woman and one a man.
- 2301.1.4 ~~In every team there must be minimum one female and one male.~~ Women jump the women's line, men jump the men's line.
- 2302.1.1.1 At the WJSC Team rankings should be calculated from the ranking of the Nations, utilising Junior athlete points only. ~~junior Athletes comprising the nominated nations teams, drawn from their individual overall positions in FIS WC cup standings.~~ Teams with the same number of points should be drawn randomly within that point's grouping.
- 2302.1.2 Each nation may nominate up to 2 substitutes (~~1x women, 2x men~~) (of either gender) who can be a replacement for a competitor prior to the start of the first round. All competitors and substitutes must be nominated at the team captain's meeting and their start order must be declared. This order will remain for all rounds. All competitors and substitutes must conduct a course inspection.
- 2302.1.2.1 In case of an injury, the racer can be replaced by a substitute (of the same gender unless no similar gender is available) in the next round. The substitute must take the same start position, even if they are of the opposite gender. The substitution may not be reversed.
- 2302.2.1 ~~Women race women, men race men.~~ Normally, women race women and men race men. If a team has more than one woman then they may be required to race a man.
- 2302.2.2 First pair: Woman vs. Woman, with no exceptions.
- 2302.2.3 If there is a Team with only 2 competitors the female starts no. 1.
- 2501 Boots**
- 2501.1 The boot must be commercially available.
- 2501.2 The boot must be made for Telemark (free heeled) skiing and have a sole which is flexible under the toe ball.
- ~~2501.3 The specific boot must be (or have been) produced in more than 100 pairs per year.~~
- 2502 Fitting**
- 2502.1 The boot may be custom fitted.
- 2502.2 The fitting may include ~~non-rigid~~ fit aids; footbeds, foam, inner boots etc.
- 2502.3 Stiff materials can be used provided they do not change the original external dimensions of the shell. ~~not extend from the original shell, add to the rigidity of the boot or contribute to the structural integrity (jet sticks, non-stock cuffs)~~

2503 Up-dating and Modifications

2503.1 Boot models may be updated or modified.

2503.2 Closure systems may be altered or modified (.i.e. **boa systems**, buckles, laces, and straps). ~~may be modified to up-grade previous generations of a specific model to be like its currently available generation. The number of buckles shall, however, not exceed the number of buckles of the currently available boot from the same manufacturer.~~

2504 Repairs

2504.1 Boot models may be repaired to restore "like new" structural integrity.

2504.2 Boots may be re-soled.

~~2504.3 Internal stiffeners may be welded or replaced with similar material.~~

2512.4 ~~NAS~~ **NSA** Requirements:

Helmet model to be certified under EN 1077 (class B) or ASTM 2040 as minimum standards

NB1: soft ear padding is allowed

NB2: crash helmets fulfilling higher safety standards can be used.

2513.2 ~~NAS~~ **NSA** Requirements: The wearing of a race suits is not mandatory on FIS and NC races.

2514 Cut-resistant underwear, conforming to FIS equipment specifications of CRG 2021 of 3 stars, that covers the legs from the waist down, is strongly recommended at all levels.

2600.1 There are three main factors to be considered by the Jury regarding cold weather safety; the temperature, the duration of the exposure and the clothing and other protection against cold weather. These factors must together with any other relevant information such as "the wind chill factor" must be taken into consideration when a decision is made regarding cold weather. A temperature in the air of minus 15 degrees C. corresponds to minus 40 degrees for a competitor skiing in 50 km p.h.

2600.1.1 The following rules apply to still air temperatures. At warmer temperatures, it is a jury decision to continue if appropriate, allowing for wind chill, precipitation and other factors.

Telemark WC Rules

Throughout: Change ~~World Cup Coordinator~~ to **Race Director**

- 2.2 Course setters must be present on the official training day or a race day prior to setting to be allocated to the course setting roster for the event, so that they can assess safety and speed for the jump and 360.
- 2.3 Course setters must be accredited by the Race Director before they can set at a World Cup, World Championship or World Junior Championship race.
- 4.1.2 Prices for accommodation
- ~~The package must be at the maximum price of CHF 110.00 for accommodation and full board, ski pass, racer entry fee and beverage with meals.~~
- The package must be at the maximum price of CHF 110.00 for accommodation and full board, ski pass, racer entry fee, **tourist tax**, and **non-alcoholic** beverage with meals.
- The following principles apply:
- Coaches should not share rooms with athletes.
 - Genders should not be mixed
 - National teams should not be mixed
- 4.1.2.1 Athletes or coaches who request a single room, not covered by the above principles, can have a CHF20 surcharge applied
- 4.1.2.2 This package price must include the night before the official training through to the night after the final race. If teams wish to arrive earlier or stay later then it is requested that organisers extend the same rates for a maximum of 2 extra days if possible. All other accommodation and board should be provided on an as cost (not profit) basis. Details of rates and packages, must be clearly laid out in the event programme.
- 4.1.2.3 Teams who register less than 2 weeks before the start of the race may be charged on a cost basis.
- 4.1.2.4 NSA's and Teams must inform Organisers of changes in writing not less than 48 hours before arrival in order to not be billed. Organisers may bill teams for no-shows if not informed 48 hours in advance.
- 4.1.2.5. Where teams are leaving immediately after the final race, and are required to vacate accommodation before the race (in order to save costs) then organisers must provide space for athletes to store luggage and equipment and to clean up / shower and change after the race.
- 4.2.2 FIS Officials. The Race Director, TD and FIS officials are entitled to a single room with ensuite facilities.

5.1 Travel expenses

~~The Organising Committees of FIS Telemark World Cup events are required to pay the travel of the Technical Delegate and World Cup Coordinator as well as hotel with full board. If a competition is stopped or cancelled, those expenses must be paid to the TD and World Cup Coordinator if they travel to the site or incurred expenditure in relation to the event e.g. cancelled air ticket.~~

The Organising Committees of FIS Telemark World Cup and World Championship events are required to pay expenses for FIS officials as follows:

Who	Summer Location check travel	Summer location check Accommodation and Board	Event Travel***	Event Accommodation and full Board	Daily Fee as per Art 602.5
Race Director	Yes* **	Yes*	Yes **	Yes	Yes
Technical Delegate	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
FIS Telemark Events Manager			No	No	No
FIS Telemark Social Media Coordinator	N/A	N/A	No	No	No

* Or designated alternate person.

** Where possible the Race Director will claim travel expenses through FIS

*** Expenses are not subject to the limit in Art 602.5

If a competition is stopped or cancelled, expenses must be paid to the TD and Race Director if they travel to the site or incurred expenditure in relation to the event e.g. cancelled air ticket.

8.3 Intermediate times are mandated for the World Cup, World Championship and World Junior Championship SP and CL.

9.1.2 See illustration (the bracket) for the set-up of pairs. The knockout bracket must be 32 for the men and 16 for the women. In the event there are not 32 men and 16 women brackets will be filled with by as:

If there are 0-8 participants the knockout bracket should be 8 with byes

If there are 8-12 participants the knockout bracket should be 8

If there are 13-16 participants the knockout bracket should be 16 with byes

If there are 16-24 participants the knockout bracket should be 16

If there are 25-32 participants the knockout bracket should be 32 with byes

9.2 Starting order 2nd run

In competitions held in two runs (SP) all competitors classified are qualified for the second run. When the starting order of the 2nd run is presented, the results of the 1st run are deemed official. Starting list for the 2nd run must be placed in the finish area on the score board and in the start area. **It is acceptable to use WhatsApp (or equivalent) if announced at the Team Captains' meeting.**

9.3 Obligations of communication

After a run, the OC has the obligation to present on the score board in the finish area, the referee report of competitors who are DNS, DNF and disqualified. This list must be presented before the commencement of the second inspection and contain the referee's signature and the indication of the time when it was published on the score board. **It is acceptable to use WhatsApp (or equivalent) if announced at the Team Captains' meeting.**

10.1.3 A racer who DNS in the first knockout round will receive no points, DNS in subsequent round will be awarded points as if the racer has lost their heat.

10.1.4 Racers who finish the qualification race but do not qualify are not awarded points.

12.6 Flower ceremony (Unofficial winner presentation)

The ceremony must be immediately **(within 30 minutes)** after the last racer has crossed the finish line. The racers must wear their equipment and bib. No national anthem will be played.

12.7 Prize giving ceremony

The results must be ~~presented~~ submitted only after the TD has checked and signed them. Results in xml format must be sent directly to FIS (alpineresults@fis-ski.com) no later than one hour maximum after the last racer crossed the finish line.

For the ~~Prize~~ **Prize** giving ceremony ~~is no racing equipment~~ **no racing equipment is allowed.** The FIS and the national anthem will be played.

12.9 or 6.2 WC prizes should be awarded 1-4 for PS and 1-6 for SP and CL, at WSC and WJSC prizes are only awarded 1-3 for all races.

13.2 Non-essential changes

In cases of immediate – ~~non-essential~~ but necessary – changes on the course, such as small ~~removal of gates~~ **changes to gate position**, an additional inspection or training run is not necessary. Details must be communicated to all Team Captains and competitors must be informed by one member of the jury at the start. The jury must be informed in advance of the changes and racers

information, jury authorisation must be given to the OC. It is acceptable to use WhatsApp (or equivalent) if it is being used for other event communications to all.

18.1 Safety Requirements

All courses must be homologated for Alpine GS or Slalom, as per Art 1704.1 and all directions on the homologation document must be in place. Additional B-nets, mattresses and crowd control barriers, ensuring space to allow B-nets to perform, should be placed at the discretion of the jury.

- Netting around the 360 should conform to articles 1701.4.x.
- Jump safety should conform to Art 1701.3.x
- Rescue services must conform to Article 18 above
- Finish line installations should conform to alpine specifications.

~~All snow canons have to be protected by mattresses. A net must be placed from the top the finish line in case of a slope opened to the public. In certain cases, double nets must be placed with a gap between both to serve as a shock absorber. Nets around the 360°. No material around the jump. No wooden flags in the cross country sections, 360° and anywhere along the course. No colour chemical product placed on the piste without spaces for the jump lines. The rescue patroller(s) must have a diploma and adapted rescue equipment present with them. In case of using finish line poles, they must have mattress and well placed protection.~~

FIS Points Rules

2.4 Criteria for FIS point consideration

Only races that meet the following requirements will be taken into consideration for FIS points:

- Registration of the competition in FIS calendar
- Strict observation of the International Competitions Rules (ICR)
- complies with art. 8 ff
- ~~If less than three competitors with FIS points are ranked amongst the top ten of the result list, the race is not considered.~~ **Complies with Art 5.2.1 when less than 3 competitors have FIS points.**
- Only Sprint and Classic competitions can be taken into consideration for FIS points (not Parallel Sprint and Team Parallel Sprint).

Annex 6.6 Proposals from the Speed Skiing Committee

The FIS Speed Skiing Committee submits the following proposals for approval by the FIS Council:

1230 Speed Skiing Competitions

These rules must be read in connection with the more general rules relating to all Ski Competitions (Art series 200 et seq. - FIS Licence, eligibility, prizes etc), to Alpine Events (Art 600 et seq. dealing with duties of Juries, Calculations etc), ~~and to Snowboarding (Art. 2000 et seq.)~~ The following regulations are intended to clarify specific queries relating to the conduct of Speed Skiing competitions.

1231.2 The Jury

The Jury is tasked with the correct running of the competitions. These include World Championships and World Cup races. It is composed of the following:

- Technical Delegate (appointed by FIS see §1231.4) (Chair of the Jury)
- Chief of Race/Technical Director
- Chief of Course
- Referee (appointed by ~~Race Committee Team Captains~~)
- Assistant Referee (appointed by Team Captains/competitors)

1231.2.1 A competitor cannot be member of the Jury. The referee and assistant referee must not be from the same nation and must not be from the same nation as the host nation of the event.

1231.2.2 The Jury is responsible for ensuring that competitions are run safely and in accordance with the rules. During the competition itself, they are to remain in touch with each other by radio. Jury decisions, when necessary, will be on a simple majority, with a casting vote from the Technical Delegate if required. If security standards are not met (e.g. weather or track conditions), the Jury must insist on the suspension or cancellation of an event.

1231.2.3 For World Championships and World Cup races, the Referee must be an active Speed Ski Technical Delegate assigned by the Technical Delegates Coordinator in agreement with the Speed Skiing Committee (see §1231.4). The expenses of the Technical Delegate acting as referee are covered by the LOC.

1231.3 The FIS Technical Delegate (TD)

An appropriately qualified FIS TD will be appointed by the FIS to each calendared event. ~~For World Cup and World Championship events, the FIS TD will be appointed by the Committee for Speed Skiing. For FIS races, TD's are approved by the Committee for Speed Skiing on the proposal of the organising National Ski Association.~~ The duties of the FIS TD are defined in the ICR Alpine Art 600 series (e.g. 601.4.9 and 602). Travel expenses, up to a limit of the cheapest means of travel (including highway taxes and parking fees), should be agreed, prior to the assignment, between the Organising Committee and the TD.

1231.3 The FIS Technical Delegates Coordinator

The FIS Speed Skiing Committee will appoint a Speed Ski Technical Delegates Coordinator among the active FIS Speed Ski Technical Delegates for a period of 4 years.

The TD coordinator will:

- Lead the FIS Speed Ski Technical Office composed of all Speed Ski TDs and eventual additional advisory technical personal related to the execution of FIS Speed Ski races (e.g. timers, FIS IT staff members, etc.)
- Propose and assign Technical Delegates to each FIS Speed Ski race.
- Define in agreement with the FIS Speed Skiing Committee the process of certification of new FIS Speed Ski Technical Delegates
- Define in agreement with the FIS Speed Skiing Committee the Speed Ski homologation and homologation process of Speedski tracks
- Maintain regular communication with the chairman of the Speed Skiing Committee
- Maintain regular communication with FIS staff and Technical Delegates of other FIS disciplines
- Participate in all FIS Speed Skiing Committee meetings or send a stand-in chosen among the active Speed Ski Technical Delegates
- Report during ordinary Committee meetings about activities concerning the execution of Speed Ski races and activities in the technical office

1232.3 Track Dimensions

The competition track must be attentively prepared, with particular care to ensure that the surface is as regular (smooth) as possible. The track must have a minimum width of 30m from 100m preceding the timing zone to the end of the run-out area. The width of the launching area above this point may get progressively narrower towards the top of the course. ~~The top of the competition track must have a minimum width of 5 m.~~

- 1232.5.2 Timing zone: ~~red pennons every 10 meters.~~ Red pennons may be used. If red pennons are used, they must be placed every 15 meters. In addition, the end of the zone must be extended by red marking on both side and marked across its entire width by a red coloured line on the snow. This line must be at least 50 cm broad, and clearly visible from the competition track.

1232.6 Duration of the Competition

< 200 180 kph	> 200 180 — 200 kph
Day 0 Voluntary Optional Training Day	Day 0 Voluntary Optional Training Day
Day 1 Run # 1 Run # 2	Day 1 Run # 1 Run # 2
Day 2 Run # 3 Semi Final Final	Day 2 Run # 3 Run # 4 Run # 5
Day 3 Reserve Day	Day 3 Semi Final Final
	Day 4 Reserve Day

The competition program has to be proposed to the Speed Skiing technical committee for approval. During the competition if the weather and track conditions require it the jury may adjust the program reducing the number of runs (see § 1233.7).

If a competition is to be cancelled, organisers should endeavour to give maximum notice and, preferably, at least 10 days warning. If the race is deferred, an alternative date must be given at the time of deferment.

1232.7.1 Double and triple World Cup events

2 or 3 World Cup races may be held at one resort, and on the same track piste in a period of 3 and 4 racing days respectively, provided ~~that the first race is limited to no more than 180kph, and~~ that only those who have trained and raced the first event may enter the second. If 2 or 3 races are to be held, the timetable is to be as follows:

Day 0	Voluntary Optional Training Day
Day 1	Mandatory Training Day: Free Training Run # 1 Run # 2
Day 2	Run # 3 Semi-Final Race 1 Final Race 1 (<180kph)
Day 3	Run 6 Semi-Final Race 2 Final Race 2
Day 4	Run 8 Semi-Final Race 3 Final Race 3
Day n+1	Reserve day

During the competition if the weather and track conditions require it the jury may adjust the program reducing the number of runs (see §1233.7).

In cases of cancellation of a scheduled World Cup race the OC and the jury may decide to use Day 1 for the Semi-final and the Final of a replacement World Cup race.

- 1233.3.1 Timekeeping is effected by using ~~two~~ a cable-linked connected homologated printing clock with a minimum measuring precision of 1/1000 sec for a 100m timing zone and minimum of 1/10.000 sec for a 25m timing zone, and controlled by photoelectric cells placed at the top and bottom of the timing zone. Speeds will be calculated from the distance and time difference, to a precision of 1/100 kph.
- 1233.3.2 Photoelectric cells. The position of the photoelectric cells must be accurately defined and installed by an expert survey, agreed by the Jury. Each photoelectric installation consists of:
- a transmitter and receiving set
~~— a reflecting transmitter receiver~~
 - a totally independent duplicate system, whose reflector must be fixed on the same vertical stand, and ~~less than 10cm below~~ close as possible above the primary system; the reference time is provided by the upper lower cells. The height of the cells should be so low that the racers break the timing line with the leg and not their hands.

1234.1

Skis

S1 category skis must be between 2.20 and 2.40 m in length. They must not weigh more than 15.0 kg for a pair, including all bindings and attachments, must be constructed for high speed running, and must not have any added aerodynamic appendages. <carriage return>

S2 and S2J category skis must be standard production downhill skis, as defined in current or former FIS Equipment Specifications, and between 210 and 225 cm in length.

1234.3

Ski poles

Ski poles are compulsory for speed skiers. They must be at least 1m long (as measured in a straight line between the extreme ends), and a pair of poles must not weigh more than 2 kg. Baskets or 'rings' are obligatory, must be at least 3cm in diameter, between 3 and 10 cm long, and must be placed no more than 5cm from the lower end of the pole with the largest diameter at the lowest part. The handles, placed at the very upper part of the poles and without hand straps ('sword knots') must be free of additional aerodynamic parts and sharp or prominent parts, as must the entire pole. If poles are bent, the bents must be rounded.

1234.4

Ski suit

For the S1 category, clothing should be a plastified ski suit suitable for Speed Skiing (the plastified suit must be covered by effective slip-resistant clothing until the athlete has reached the waiting area. <carriage return>

For the S2 and S2J categories, clothing as well as all elements of the equipment must fulfill FIS rules for Alpine Downhill as defined in FIS Equipment Specifications, especially as regards air permeability. ('Plombing'). <carriage return>

For all categories, it is compulsory to wear underclothing covering the body and at least $\frac{3}{4}$ of the arms and legs under the suit. In order to avoid severe burning, dorsal protection worn under the suit is mandatory (see Art 1234.9). No protective elements can be more than 4.5 cm thick. ~~Competitors must wear gloves to protect their hand, for S2 and S2J, these may not be plasticized.~~ Competitors must wear gloves to protect their hand.

In categories S2 and S2J gloves must not be plasticized.

1234.6

Helmet

For S1 competitors, a crash helmet (the inner helmet), fully covering the athlete's head is obligatory and must be fitted with a face protector. It must be fastened solidly with a chinstrap and safety-buckle. ~~The safety buckle system of the helmet must be micrometric, with a metal click system or a double ring. It must not be a buckle system made of plastic only.~~ The crash helmet and the head must be separated with foam no less than 0.5 cm thick (under natural pressure). Additional neck and face protection may be added (the outer helmet), but must not have any dangerous protuberances, and must separate from the basic protective helmet in the event of a fall. This will normally be effected by use of 2 or more frangible plastic screws or with points of glue to hold the 2 parts together. It may not exceed 40 cm in any dimension (the 'circle test'), including padding and flexible seals. It must not weigh more than 2kg in toto (both inner and outer).<carriage return>

Competitors may use inner helmets ~~conforming to based on~~ CE 1077 standards and fitted with an approved outer-helmet fixation system ~~accompanied by a maker's certificate~~. In the case of such helmets, the "circle test" is increased to 48 cm in diameter.

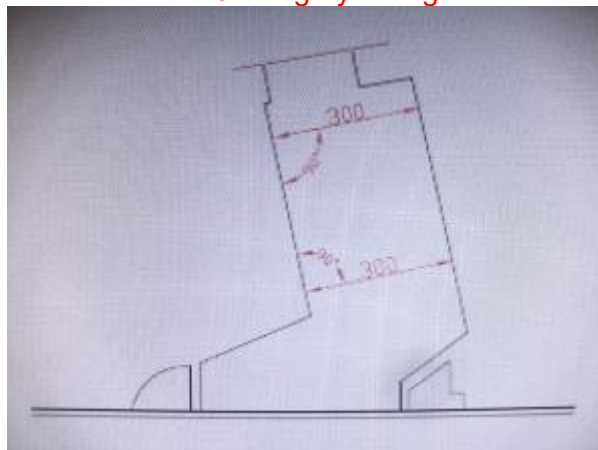
1234.7

Fairings

~~In S1 category~~ Speed skiers may wear rear fairings under the ski suit with the following restrictions:

- Each fairing may not exceed 1 kg in weight, must be constructed from a pliable material, must not cover or inhibit the working of the ski binding, and must be non-wounding when breaking.
- The maximum depth of the fairings, measured perpendicular to the leg, must not exceed 30 cm from the front fairing and/or buckle to the back of the spoiler at any point.
- front fairings must be rounded and follow the standard shape of the boot.

In S2 and S2J category fairings are not allowed.



1234.9**Protectors**

A back protector is obligatory to protect against both frictional burning and mechanical injury, and must conform to be available from general commercial sources. The back protector must comply to CE Norm ~~EN1621-2:2014-Level 4~~, EN1621-2:2014-Level 2 or later type CB ("Central Protector") or FB ("Full Back protector"). LB ("Low protector") types are not allowed. The size and shape of the back protector must correspond to the indications of the manufacturer for the ~~body back~~ size of the racer. The ~~dorsal protection~~ back protector must not incorporate additional aerodynamic elements or any metal or sharp components nor any elements, that are not accessories of the original manufacturer. ~~The back protector must not be modified.~~

1234.12**S2 and S2J Equipment**

~~All S2 and S2J equipment elements not specified in §1234 must meet the FIS Equipment Specifications for Alpine DH.~~

1234.13**Tools for S1 Equipment Checks**

~~The Race Committee is responsible for providing the necessary tools to check the S1 equipment specified in §1234 anytime during the race. Before the race the FIS Technical Delegate will check the provided tools for accuracy and precision.~~

Annex 6.7 Proposals from the Grass Skiing Committee

The FIS Grass Skiing Committee submits the following proposals for approval by the FIS Council:

World Cup Rules

6. Prize money

Prize money distribution for Women and Men.

Prize money ~~must be paid off at the prize giving ceremony; local tax laws must be followed. Prize money is to be paid off in cash and in convertible currency.~~ will be paid off as soon as possible at the end of the event following the tax provisions of the organizing Nation.

The prize money must be paid in the convertible currency or in currency indicated by athlete that receiving the prize money.

OC must be in disposal to the competitors in the country of the competition in case of any tax problems.

Annex 6.8 Proposals Sub-Committee for Masters Racing

C) “FIS WORLD **CHAMPIONSHIPS** **CRITERIUM** MASTERS ALPINE SKIING” – SPECIFIC REGULATIONS

MA 71)	Official Title
MA 72)	Assignment – Conditions -
Event Frequency MA 73)	Limits on Participation
MA 74)	FIS Inspection
MA 75)	Entry Closing - Fee
Payment - Refunds MA 76)	Medals
MA 77)	Banquet
MA 78)	Bibs - “Personalized” Bib System

D) “FIS MASTERS **WORLD** CUP FINALS” – SPECIFIC REGULATIONS

MA 81) Overall Masters World Cup	
MA 82) Point Calculation	
MA 83)	Double FIS MASTER
World Cup Points at Finals MA 84)	Tie Break
Rule	
MA 85)	Organizers’ Duties
MA 86)	Prizes
MA 87)	Two FMC
Competitions on the same day	

MA 3) AGE GROUPS (CATEGORIES) – CLASSES

WOMEN

Category Class	Age	Category Class	Age
C (Group C)		D (Group D)	
C 1	30-34	D 7	60-64
C 2	35-39	D 8	65-69
C 3	40-44	D 9	70-74
C 4	45-49	D 10	75-79
C 5	50-54	D 11	80-84
C 6	55-59	D 12	85-89
		D 13	90-94, etc.

The number of participants per country is not limited (except restrictions agreed upon for FIS World **Championships** **riterium**).

MA 4) COURSES

All competitions must be carried out on FIS-homologated courses with the following vertical drops:

a) Slalom

min. 120 m – max. 180 m
all Categories

b) For indoor Slalom competitions:

min. 50m – max. 80m three runs
min. 80m two runs
all Categories

Number of courses: If the total number of participants (A+B+C+D) exceeds 140 (hundred and forty) competitors, separate courses have to be set for the Categories A/C and B/D (World [Criterium Championships](#)): Separate courses for each Category are mandatory, in the case when the total of women does not exceed 140 (hundred and forty) competitors, C and D may race in the same course)

c) Giant Slalom:

min. 250 m – max. 350 m Category A/C min.
200 m – max. 300 m Category B/D

Number of courses: If the total number of participants (A+B+C+D) exceeds 140 (hundred and forty) competitors separate courses have to be set for the Categories A/C and B/D. If one course is permitted by the above criteria, if feasible, install 2 starts from different platforms (World [Criterium Championships](#): Separate courses for each Category are mandatory, in the case when the total of women does not exceed 140 (hundred and forty) competitors, C and D may race in the same course) – see rule MA 33)

d) Super-G:

min. 300 m – max 400 m all Categories

The course of a Super-G in Masters Races must to be suited for Masters Skiing – shorter, with smaller radius curves, slower and therefore safer than a regular international Super-G. If the total number of participants (A+B+C+D) exceeds 140 (hundred and forty) competitors separate courses have to be set for the Categories A/C and B/D. (For the World [Criterium Championships](#): Super-G courses for A, B and C must be run on separate days and on separate courses. If they are run on the same day they must have separate slopes in the case when the total of women does not exceed 140 (hundred and forty) competitors, C and D may race in the same course).

MA 6) ENTRIES

The entries (using FIS Entry Forms, including year of birth, FIS Masters Code Numbers and current points) must be sent by a National Ski Association and must be with the Organizing Committee no later than 24 hours before the first draw, preferably 4-7 days before the first race (World [Criterium Championships](#): a minimum of 20 days is mandatory). Late entries can be admitted at the discretion of the Organizing Committee. Each National Ski Association bears the responsibility that their entered competitors have signed the FIS Athlete's Declaration, have an ACTIVE FIS Masters Code Number (FIS Points Rule 2.1.1) and are licensed to compete internationally. Regarding FIS-Code Numbers see rule MA 52 c).

MA 12) RACE APPLICATION AND TECHNICAL DELEGATE (TD)

b) Technical Delegate

- A Technical Delegate gets appointed. His expenses are to be paid by the Organizers according to ICR 602.5.
- In addition to directing the race and filing the TD-Report it is the responsibility of the TD to supply the following with results: (electronically and hard copies):
- To the Masters Secretary in the FIS-Office for inclusion into the Masters Point List and filing.

- Results of FIS Masters World Cup only (including World Championships~~Criterium~~) to the responsible person for the Overall Points Calculation of the FIS Masters World Cup (~~“Masters World Cup”~~).
- Hard copies only to the Chair of the S/Committee Masters and the National Masters Chair of the organizing country.
- On addresses and Computer Formats see rule MA 58),
- On TD's duties to check on Equipment Rules see rule MA 5) b)

MA 22) TYPES OF COMPETITIONS

International Masters Races are run under the auspices of the International Ski Federation (FIS), as follows:

- “FIS World Championships~~Criterium~~ Masters Alpine Skiing” (Symbol WCM), ~~unofficially also known as “Masters World Championships”~~, organized yearly.
- “FIS Masters World Cup” (Symbol FMC), about ~~620-730~~ races yearly, women and men, leading to Overall Masters World Cup Winners at the end of the season according to the World Cup System and with a Final Event at the end of the Competition Year.
- “Internationaler Alpencup” (Symbol ALP), comprising traditionally 3-4 Giant Slaloms for men, with a final event and overall winners by points
- Other international “FIS MASTERS RACES” (Symbol MAS) as listed in the FIS Calendar.
- Continental Cups Masters (Symbol COC)

MA 25) TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

- Suitability of Race Courses according to FIS Rules, as defined in FIS-Homologation.
- Rules for the specific events SL, GS and Super-G.
- Most important is a slalom hill allowing two parallel courses.
- Except for big events it is possible to use one set of timing equipment (always in accordance with the Timing Booklet), one finish area, and one group of gate judges, slip-crew and officials.
- Two separate GS-courses are preferred, but one is acceptable except for World CriteriumChampionships.

MA 28) FEES

Fees:

FIS Masters <u>WCup</u> :	Euro 2.00 per competitor and race
WCM:	Euro 2.00 per competitor and race
All other FIS Races:	Euro 0.75 per competitor and race

MA 52) ENTRIES - FIS CODE NUMBERS - ENTRY FEES - REFUNDS

c) Entry Fees

- Currently, entry fees are not to exceed € 20.- (or equivalent) per race, per person. They are collected individually upon the distribution of the start numbers (see also rule MA 75) concerning World CriteriumChampionships).

MA 59) PRIZEGIVING

Trophies and medals must show the Official Title of the Event (“FIS MASTERS WORLD CUP” for FMC events, “FIS MASTERS RACE” for MAS events or “FIS CONTINENTAL MASTERS CUP” or CoC events), the name of the resort and the year. The event and the ranking must be shown. In addition, trophies and medals may show a presentation (picture or emblem) of the event, resort and/or sponsor.

C) “FIS WORLD ~~CRITERIUM~~CHAMPIONSHIPS MASTERS ALPINE SKIING” – SPECIFIC REGULATIONS

MA 71) OFFICIAL TITLE

English: “FIS World ~~CRITERIUM~~Championships Masters Alpine Skiing”

German: “FIS Welt~~meisterschaften~~kriterium Masters Ski Alpin”

French: “FIS ~~Championats~~kriterium Mondial Masters Ski Alpin”

Italian: “FIS ~~Campionati~~kriterium Mondiale Masters Sci Alpino”

The full official title is to be used in all publications: Result Lists, Race Programs, on Medals etc. The popular name “Masters World Championships” may only be used as an unofficial sub-title.

MA 72) ASSIGNMENT – CONDITIONS - EVENT FREQUENCY

- Upon a bid by a National Ski Association the World ~~CRITERIUM~~Championships is assigned to the National Federation (who takes first responsibility), including the correct transfer of fees according to Rule MA 28) and a Ski Resort. By accepting the assignment both agree to follow these FIS-Rules and – within these – eventual directions based on decisions of the S/Committee for Masters Racing (or its Chair). This paragraph is valid for all FIS Masters Races – see Rule MA 12) a.
- A Ski Resort can be awarded with the World Criterium only after having organized at least one event with a Minimum of two FIS Masters World Cup Races. (exceptions to be decided by the S/Committee).
- Snowmaking is required on all race courses.
- Before the Calendar is finalized, the World ~~CRITERIUM~~Championships Organizers have first choice of date in order to offer the best conditions in regard to snow conditions and accommodation. Dates should be agreed at least 15 months before the event.

The ~~CRITERIUM~~World Championship is to be organized annually, preferably in late February or in the beginning of March, through 5-6 days with Super-G, GS and SL, plus an additional GS valid for FIS Masters World Cup. The “World Championships”- Races also count as FIS-MC Races.

MA 74) FIS INSPECTION

- The Organizers are requested to invite at their expense a FIS Masters Inspector (S/Committee Chair or another knowledgeable person delegated by the Chair) to control and if appropriate help improve details of the Organization. The time span advised is 4-8 weeks before the event.
- The following subjects are to be inspected: slopes, snow conditions, snowmaking, homologation, finish areas, accessibility, time keeping system, FIS compatible software program (available free of charge from the FIS IT Department), bib system – see rule MA78), costs to racers (entry fees, ski passes, lodging), schedule, expected number of participant quota of racers from the organizing country, location of race office and awards, medals, accommodation office, lodging, waxing facilities, social program, discuss functions in the organization, course setters, gatekeepers, course workers (slip crews), rescue system, race doctors, helicopter, closest hospital, eventually help in updating key people of the Organization in regard to rules and procedures proved to be successful, etc.
- To calculate the expenses for the inspector, the rules for Technical Delegates apply. It is advised to have also the TD of the ~~CRITERIUM~~ World Championships participating.

MA 75) ENTRY CLOSING - FEE PAYMENT - REFUNDS

a) Entry Closing

Entries for the World Criterium Championships close 20 days before the first race. National Chair are asked to give estimates on their number of participants as soon as the winter starts in monthly intervals before the event to the S/Committee Chair who will pass these numbers on to the organizers

MA 78) START NUMBERS (REGULAR) - “PERSONALIZED” BIB SYSTEM

“Personalized” Bib System:

Considering the large field of athletes at the Criterium World Championships it can be helpful to give out only one bib for the whole week (identifying the racer, maybe to keep as a souvenir), rather than daily a set of bibs in the exact start order. This can save waiting lines and many working hours of handing out and collecting bibs. But the system can only be successful if the following measures are taken:

D) “FIS MASTERS WORLD CUP FINALS” – SPECIFIC REGULATIONS

MA 81) OVERALL MASTERS WORLD CUP

Each year there is an “Overall Masters —CupWorld Cup Winner” in each class, corresponding to the “FIS World Cup”. In all FIS Masters World Cup Races the first 30 competitors in each class receive FMC-Points to be added up throughout the year. Additionally to the Overall FIS Masters World Cup winners in each class, Overall Titles per Category (A, B, C and D) and per Discipline (Giant Slalom, Slalom and Super-G) will be awarded. No Overall Title by Category will be awarded for Alpine Combined.

MA 82) POINT CALCULATION

Winner, of the Overall Masters World Cup in each Class, is the racer accumulating the highest number of points taking into account his 12 best rankings of the season - regardless of the event. As double points are awarded in the FMC Finals (see Rule MA)83), if a racer gained higher points in the Finals than in the regular season, those higher points will be computed even if they are not his/her best rankings. To enter the Final Overall Classification a racer must have finished and achieved an official ranking in a Minimum of 6 FIS MC Races (DNF and DSQ not to be counted).

MA 83) DOUBLE FIS MASTER WORLD CUP POINTS AT FINALS

For the FIS MC Finals (alternating every year GS/SL, SG/SL and SG/GS and so on), the racers are awarded double points as defined by rule MA 82)

Points for FIS MC Finals:

1st: 200, 2nd: 160, 3rd: 120, 4th: 100, 5th: 90, 6th: 80; 7th: 72, 8th: 64, 9th: 58, 10th: 52, 11th: 48; 12th: 44; 13th: 40, 14th: 36, 15th: 32, 16th: 30 etc.
until 30th: 2.

If the FIS MC finals are scheduled and executed within the World Championshipsriterium week, only the additional FIS MC Race (generally GS) will receive the double points.

If no additional FIS MC Race is scheduled or executed at the World Championshipsriterium week there will be no double points race.

MA 84) TIE BREAK RULE

In case of a tie in points for 1st, 2nd or 3rd place for the Overall Masters World Cup Winners, the tie is to be broken according to the following system:

- a) Winner is the racer showing the lower sum of race points of his 9 best placing after the last race.
- b) In case that his 10th or 11th etc. best result is an equal ranking to his 9th best, those with the lowest race points have to be considered.

MA 85) ORGANIZERS' DUTIES

The "FIS Masters World Cup Finals" take place annually at the end of the Competition Year.

MA 88) FMC CALENDAR GUIDANCE

Each Nation organising FIS Masters World Cup Races (FMC) can organise only one (1) group of back to back races during the Calendar period from December to April.

In this period, preference is given to week end races and WCM, FMC Finals and WWMG are not included in the above limitation.

Additional FMC races during this period are possible, but in any case no Nation should be awarded a second group of races before all other organizing Nations have been given the chance to organize their first group of races.

E) "FIS MASTERS INDOOR GRAND PRIX"

MA 90) FMGP – FIS MASTERS INDOOR GRAND PRIX

Each year there is an "FIS Masters Indoor Grand Prix Winner" in each age class, corresponding to the Indoor Slalom Races organized in the month of October and November. In all Indoor Slalom Races of the FIS Masters World Cup the first 30 competitors in each class receive FMC-Points to be added up throughout the months of October and November in order to determine the winners. Those races will count for the FMC – FIS Masters World Cup and in addition will also count to the FMGP – FIS Masters Indoor Grand Prix.

MA 87) TWO FMC COMPETITIONS ON THE SAME DAY

When requesting to add competitions which include two SG or GS (single run) competitions in one day to the FIS Alpine Masters Calendar, the respective NSA must provide participation numbers from the previous two times (excluding WCM) that a FIS Masters event was held at the venue. If either of the previous two events had more than 180 competitors, a second race will not be calendared on the same day.

Two FIS Masters World Cup GS (single run) and SG competitions can be held on scheduled for the same day and the second competition can be organised provided that a maximum of 180 athletes take part. Decision has to be taken at the TCM the day before. This limitation does not apply for programs with simultaneous races or programs where the first race is held in the morning and the second race is held at night with a minimum of eight (8) hours between the start of the first race and the start of the second race. Decision to cancel the second competition has to be taken at the TCM the day before.

I) RACE COURSES

MA 31) COURSE-SETTING

The Organizers are responsible for providing experienced course setters. General ICR-Rules applies, except where there are specific ICR Masters Rules (e.g. relating to vertical drop, number of gates, course characteristics etc.).

- Flowing and rhythmical courses should be set close to the fall line, avoiding pitfalls.
- Avoid setting very fast courses with dangerous jumps.

- Avoid special measures for reducing speed, such as sharp turns or long traverses.
- Provide hard, machine packed courses, preferably on man-made snow, continuously maintained by course workers to ensure equal conditions for all competitors (see rule MA) 43 b).
- For all events of Masters races the course setter should set the number of gates taking the nature of the terrain into consideration, the conditions of the slope and the ability of the competitors. There are no requirements related to minimum or maximum number of gates.
- All race courses must be FIS-homologated for the appropriate event.
- The race should be decided by skill and good technique and not by crashes and disqualifications. First priority must be given to the safety of the racers.

10.1 Report FIS Junior World Championships

Discipline	2026	2027	2028
Cross-Country	Trondheim (NOR) 02-08 March	Shchuchinsk (KAZ) Dates TBC	Falun (SWE) Dates TBC
Ski Jumping			
Nordic Combined			
Alpine Skiing	Narvik (NOR) 07-15 March	Applications open	Applications open
Park & Pipe (incl. Rail events)	Calgary (SUI) 23 Feb - 07 Mar		
Moguls & Aerials	Airolo (SUI) 17-22 Mar	Moguls: Are-Duved (SWE) 10-13 Apr Aerials: Applications open	
Ski Cross	St Moritz (SUI) 27-30 Mar (TBC)	Are-Duved (SWE) 12-13 Apr	
Snowboard Cross	St Moritz (SUI) 23-26 Mar (TBC)	Applications open	
Snowboard Alpine	Applications open		

Following the opening of invitation for bids in Autumn 2024, FIS received several letters of interest and applications.

However, the applications remain open specifically for 2026 Snowboard Alpine JWSC, as well as 2027 editions. The JWSC guide can be found on the [FIS website](#).

The timeline for 2027 is as follows:

	Milestone	Date	Details
1	Letter of intent	Now	Please provide a letter of intent plus information on proposed venues and infrastructure.
2	Informal dialogue	Now – 15 Sept 2025	FIS offers hands-on support to help define the project.
3	Application deadline	15 Sept 2025	The candidates need to provide an application letter to events@fis-ski.com
4	Organiser appointment	Oct 2025 (approx..)	FIS Evaluation Group recommends the preferred host to the FIS Council for appointment.

Summary report – 2026 FIS Junior World Championships

Trondheim (NOR) – Nordic events

- Legacy event following the record-breaking 2025 FIS Nordic World Ski Championships in Trondheim.
- Planning is progressing well and remains on schedule.
- Many experienced staff (including respective race directors) and volunteers from the 2025 WSC will be involved in the JWSC, ensuring stability and strong operations.
- Venue infrastructure from the 2025 WSC is being reused efficiently, providing junior athletes with world-class competition conditions.
- The event supports Norway's continued investment in Nordic skiing and talent development at the junior level.
- Course adaptations for Juniors and U23 from World Championship standards.

Narvik (NOR) – Alpine events

- Narvik will host the JWSC as a key milestone in the lead-up to the 2029 FIS Alpine World Ski Championships.
- A site inspection took place 26–29 May 2025 assessing venue readiness and align planning with FIS requirements.
- The construction is progressing well and some sport and non-sport venues will be tested during the JWSC in preparation for the 2029 WSC.
- Although the competition slopes for JWSC are not identical to those planned for 2029, the event will serve as an important test of operational and organizational capabilities.
- The JWSC will play a strategic role in building local knowledge.

Calgary (CAN) – Park & Pipe

- Calgary is hosting all P&P events for both SB and FK: HP, SS, BA and the new Rail Event as its maiden JWSC appearance.
- A site inspection was carried out during the World Cup and NorAm events in February 2025.
- The existing World Cup venues and facilities of the 1988 OWG will be used for the Junior World Championships.
- Indigenous people will hold ceremonies to open and close the event.
- Canada is opting to host Junior World Championships every 4 years; in the Olympic season, replacing the World Cups usually taking place in February.

Airolo (SUI) – Moguls & Aerials

- Airolo will host the Junior World Championships in Freestyle Moguls & Aerials in conjunction with the inauguration of the new Swiss-Ski training centre
- Airolo has been working on this project for several years in collaboration with Swiss-Ski, and it has finally been completed with an investment of CHF 3.2 million
- Airolo is a traditional freestyle destination, having hosted two World Cup events, one Junior World Championships, countless European Cups and FIS competitions

St Moritz (SUI) – Ski & Snowboard Cross

- Legacy venue from the 2025 FIS Snowboard, Freestyle and Freeski World Championships.
- Strong local organizing committee with proven experience in delivering international events.
- Reinforces St. Moritz's position as a key destination for Snowboard, Freestyle and Freeski disciplines in the Engadin valley.

Annex 12 – Requests for financial support

Cross Country

New Technology implementation World Cup TV production, World Cup stages	CHF	10'000
TV expert seminar (TV directors & commentators)	CHF	8'000
Seminar for the development of race formats	CHF	8'000
Waxing support for developing nations, WC / JWSC&U23 WSC	CHF	10'000
Organisers Seminar	CHF	4'000
Financial support to live streaming JWSC & U23 WSC 2026 only in case of sufficient <u>production quality, subject of approval by FIS office</u>	CHF	15'000 (max)
Education Coordination	CHF	5'900
TD Seminar – FIS (ITA)	CHF	4'500
TD Seminar Far East	CHF	4'500
World Cup TD Update	CHF	4'500
Homologation Seminar	CHF	4'500
TD Seminar Central/Eastern Europe	CHF	4'500

TOTAL Cross-Country **CHF 83'400**

Ski Jumping

Requests Committees

TD/JJ Course USA	CHF	4'300
Obmen Meeting, S.C. meetings	CHF	5'490
CoC seminar and tests	CHF	2'000
CoC practical workshops	CHF	5'800
Education Coordination	CHF	12'000
Data service / VDM certification	CHF	6'875
Hill preparation workshop	CHF	6'000

Sub-Total Requests Committees **CHF 42'465**

Ski Jumping Projects

Limitation of Ski Jumping Suits 2025/2026	CHF	27'000
Evolution of Jump 3.5	CHF	3'000
LOC Seminar Nordic Disciplines	CHF	4'000
Develop Technology (project across departments Sport and Digital Innovation)	CHF	10'000
Science & Ski Jumping	CHF	15'000
Future Development of equipment in Ski Jumping & Nordic Combined	CHF	21'000

Sub-Total Ski Jumping Projects **CHF 76'000**

TOTAL Ski Jumping **CHF 122'465**

Nordic Combined

Education Coordination (Moodle, Material, Womens Webinar etc)	CHF	9'500
FIS Nordic Combined Women Training Camp, Oberstdorf (GER)	CHF	16'400
FIS Nordic Combined Women Training Camp, Harachow (CZE)	CHF	12'900
FIS Nordic Combined Educational Camp (Coaches - athletes)	CHF	14'200
Jumping suit development project	CHF	30'000
Nordic LOC Seminar	CHF	4'000

TOTAL Nordic Combined	CHF	87'000
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Alpine

TD Update NZE-AUS	CHF	5'000
TD Update South America	CHF	3'900
TD Update Scandinavia	CHF	2'100
TD Update Asia	CHF	4'900
TD Update East Balkan Region	CHF	2'200
TD Update East Europe	CHF	1'600
TD Update North America West	CHF	4'500
TD Update North America East	CHF	4'500
TD Update Balkan Region	CHF	1'300
TD Update FRA-MON	CHF	1'800
TD Update AUT	CHF	1'400
TD Update Lowland	CHF	2'600
TD Update SUI-LIE	CHF	1'400
TD Update ITA	CHF	1'500
TD Update ESP-AND	CHF	1'200
TD Update GER	CHF	1'200
Education Coordination (Examers Seminar)	CHF	4'100
Speed Clinic Central Europe	CHF	4'500
Equipment for Updates and Clinics FIS Office	CHF	3'000
Speed Clinic	CHF	4'700
Speed Clinic	CHF	4'500
Working Group Rules Sub-Committee, Erding (GER)	CHF	4'700
Gate Measurement Device (World Cup & European Cup)	CHF	20'000
Women Coaches Working Group (World Cup)	CHF	3'500
Men Coaches Working Group (World Cup)	CHF	3'500

TOTAL Alpine	CHF	93'600
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Snowboard, Freestyle, Freeski and Ski Cross

TD Clinics Snowboard/Freestyle/Freeski and Ski Cross

TD Clinic and Update Cross, Park&Pipe, TD Assist program Cross, AUS Melbourne, Mt. Hotham	CHF	7'000
TD Clinic and Update Cross, Park&Pipe, Snowboard Alpine, China tbd	CHF	7'000
TD Clinic and Update Cross, Park&Pipe, PAR, Balkan Region	CHF	3'000
TD Update, Zurich SUI	CHF	1'500
TD Clinic and Update Cross, Park&Pipe, PAR, Salzburg AUT	CHF	4'000
TD Clinic and Update Cross, Park&Pipe, MO, AE, Scandinavia	CHF	3'500
TD Clinic and Update Cross, Park&Pipe, MO, AE, SB Alpine, Annecy FRA	CHF	3'000
TD Clinic and Update Cross, Park&Pipe, MO, AE, SB Alpine, Tokyo JPN	CHF	7'000
Assist Program at the AE/MO WC, Ruka (FIN)	CHF	8'700
Assist Program AE/MO, Cross, P&P, Almaty (KAZ)	CHF	7'200
Assist Program, Europe tbd, Sport tbd	CHF	5'800
Education Coordination	CHF	8'000
Sub-Total TD Clinics Snowboard/Freestyle/Freeski and Ski Cross	CHF	65'700

Moguls/Aerials judges Clinics

Education Coordination	CHF	13'000
Shadow Panel GSS Online system,	CHF	6'000
FS Judges Clinic MOAE, TBD, Asia	CHF	4'400
FS Judges Clinic MOAE, TBD, Europe	CHF	4'600
FS Judges Clinic MOAE, TBD, North America West	CHF	4'900
FS Judges Clinic MOAE, Online Seminar, Zone 1 (Asia)	CHF	500
FS Judges Clinic MOAE, Online Seminar, Zone 2 (Europe)	CHF	500
FS Judges Clinic MOAE, Online Seminar, Zone 3 (North America)	CHF	500
Freestyle Video tool for Judges EC, Freestyle VAR EC Project Part 2	CHF	15'000
Freestyle Junior WSC Live Streaming support only in case of sufficient Production quality, subject of approval by FIS office	CHF	15'000 (max)
Sub-Total Moguls/Aerials Judges Clinics	CHF	64'400

Snowboard & Freeski Judges Clinics

Freeski Judges Clinic HP/SS/BA, Innsbruck, Austria - Central Europe	CHF	5'500
Freeski Judges Clinic HP/SS/BA, Oslo, Norway - Scandinavia	CHF	5'500
Freeski Judges Clinic HP/SS/BA, Park City, Utah - North America	CHF	4'600
Freeski Judges Clinic HP/SS/BA, Calgary, Canada - North America	CHF	5'100
Freeski Education Coordinator	CHF	17'000
SB Judges Clinic Europe	CHF	5'800
SB Judges Clinic USA	CHF	6'500
SB Judges Clinic CAN	CHF	4'200
SB Judges Clinic Asia	CHF	7'300
SB Education Coordinator	CHF	17'000
Artificial Intelligence Support	CHF	20'000
SB FK Elite level Judges Clinic, Milano (Italy)	CHF	10'000
Sub-Total Park & Pipe Judges Clinics	CHF	108'500

SBFKFS – Organisers Seminars, Video Judging & Education Course Design

Ski Cross – Organiser Meeting in Zurich	CHF	2'000
SBX, season preparation meetings (staff & sub-contractors)	CHF	2'500
SBX Organiser Meeting Zurich (& online), SBX & SB Alpine	CHF	3'000
Video Control/Analysis Ski Cross	CHF	15'000
Video Control/Analysis SB Cross	CHF	15'000
Education Coordination	CHF	8'000
Sub Total SX, SBX & SB Alpine	CHF	45'500

TOTAL Snowboard, Freestyle, Freeski, Ski Cross **CHF 284'100**

Telemark

Techn. Equipment for Photo-Finish, Judging and other Development, Various	CHF	7'500
Chairman & Comm. Member inspection World Cup & JWCS	CHF	5'000
Media Coordinator Telemark World Cup 2025/26		
Coordinator Live streaming coverage (quality coordination with FIS Office)	CHF	20'000
Working Group (x4) incl. inspections and research during WC 2025/26	CHF	5'000
World Cup Organisers Coordination 2025/26, Various WC events	CHF	10'000
Education Coordination	CHF	5'000

TOTAL Telemark **CHF 52'500**

Speed Skiing

Standardisation of Race Organisation and new venues	CHF	2'000
Education Coordination	CHF	1'000
Travel Expenses TD WG meeting	CHF	1'500
Travel to FIS, NSAs Events and ski resorts for promotion of speedski	CHF	2'000
Video production at WC events (Live Streaming support only in case of sufficient Production quality, subject of approval by FIS office)	CHF	15'000 (max)
Speedski Content Development for FIS Social Media (in coordination with Director Digital and Innovations)	CHF	5'000

TOTAL Speed Skiing **CHF 26'500**

Overview

Cross Country	CHF	83'400
Ski Jumping	CHF	122'465
Nordic Combined	CHF	87'000
Alpine	CHF	93'600
Snowboard, Freestyle and Freeski	CHF	284'100
Telemark	CHF	52'500
Speed Skiing	CHF	26'500

OVERALL TOTAL **CHF 749'565**
=====

* Education Coordination is linked to our education strategy and in coordination with our Education Manager

PRIZE MONEY, FINANCIAL SUPPORT AND SPECIAL DISTRIBUTION 2025

Total Prize Money: CHF 6'399 Mio

Prize Money WSC: CHF 2'032 Mio

Prize Money World Cup (20% FIS): CHF 4'367 Mio
(already paid out for the season 2024/2025)

**CHF 5.0 Mio
Financial support**
(to be credited to NSA
accounts in September 2025)

**CHF 7.5 Mio
Special distribution
for the promotion of
skiing and
snowboarding***
(to be credited to NSA
accounts in September 2025)

*** To be submitted to the FIS Congress 2025 for approval**

Annex 14 – FIS Integrity Report

14.1 Anti-Doping Testing Activities

The following tables summarize FIS' doping control activities. It provides an overview on how many doping control samples have been collected throughout the 2024-25 season and breaks the overall amount of samples down into: In-Competition vs Out-of-Competition, sample type (urine, blood, blood passport, Dried Blood Spot) samples and FIS disciplines.

14.2 Testing Statistics

The following In-Competition and Out-of-Competition samples have been collected between May 2024 – April 2025.

FIS In-Competition Tests Season 2024/25

Contrôles FIS en compétition – Saison 2024/25

FIS Wettkampfkontrollen in der Saison 2024/25

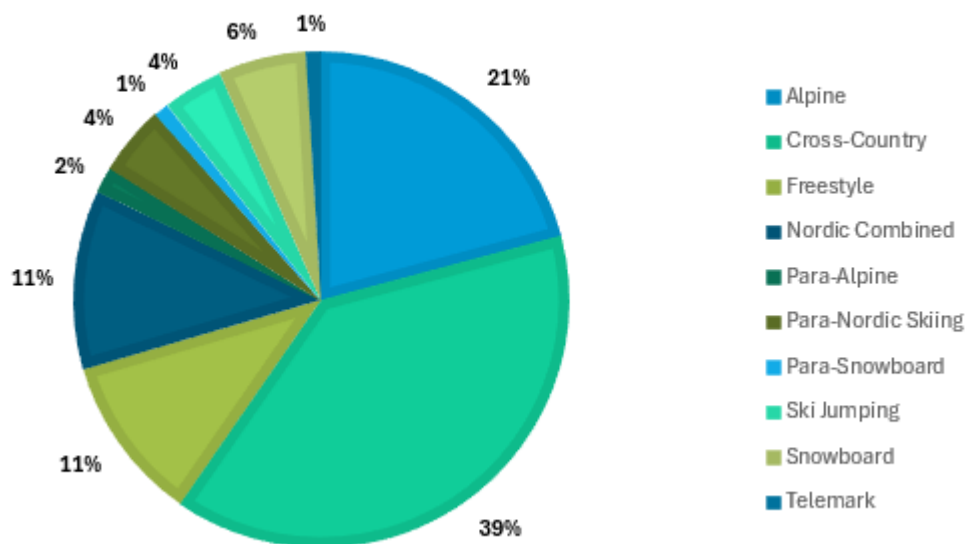
	Urine	ESAs (urine/blood)	Blood	Blood passport	Dried Blood Spot
Cross-Country Skiing	303	225	113	94	21
Nordic Combined	90	66	43	31	-
Ski Jumping	95	-	6	-	2
Alpine Skiing	205	70	66	-	4
Freestyle Skiing	233	28	10	-	2
Snowboard	144	21	2	-	6
Telemark	40	-	-	-	-
Para-Alpine Skiing	30	12	10	-	-
Para-Cross-Country	30	18	9	-	-
Para-Snowboard	18	7	2	-	-
Total	1188	447	261	125	35

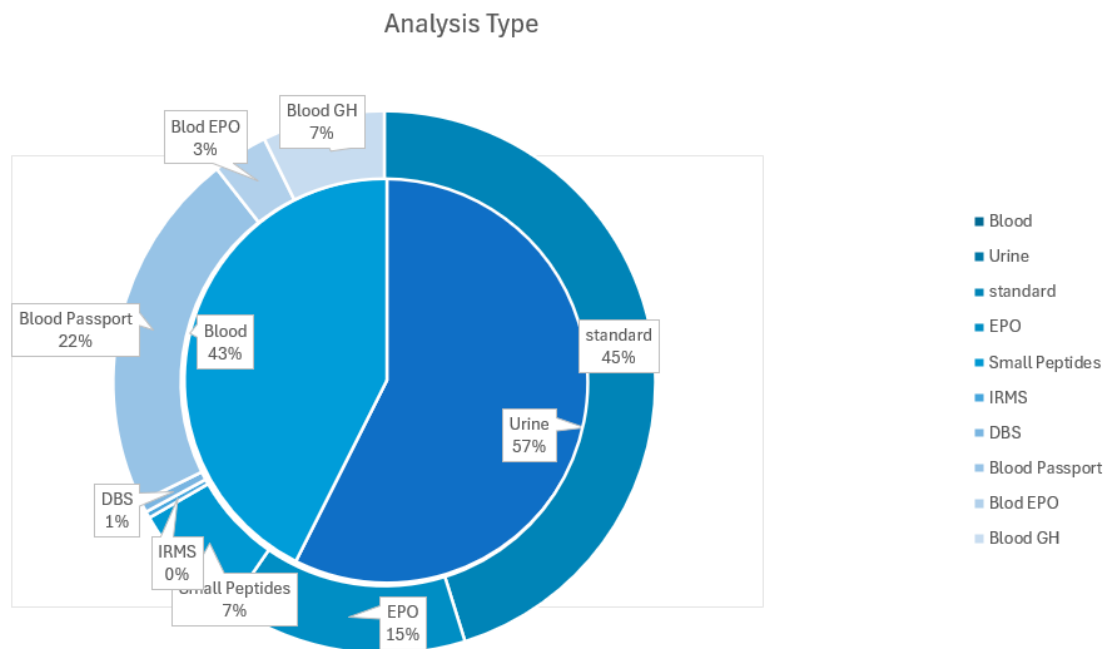
FIS Out-of-Competition Tests Season 2024/25
Contrôles FIS hors compétition – Saison 2024/25
FIS Trainingskontrollen in der Saison 2024/25

	Urine	ESAs (urine/blood)	Blood tests	Blood passport
Cross-Country Skiing	406	295	212	471
Nordic Combined	133	64	39	150
Ski Jumping	53	1	8	-
Alpine Skiing	282	79	31	281
Freestyle Skiing	153	13	12	42*
Snowboard	81	16	5	1
Para-Alpine Skiing	21	2	11	-
Para-Cross-Country	68	22	7	79
Para-Snowboard	14	1	6	-
Total	1211	498	332	1024

*Skicross

SAMPLES DISTRIBUTION PER DISCIPLINE





14.3 Testing Pools and connected Whereabouts Results Management

To efficiently manage its doping control efforts, FIS has established a two-tier testing pool system.

Tier 1: FIS Registered Testing Pool (RTP) : Athletes need to provide daily Whereabout Information in accordance with the FIS Anti-Doping Rules and applicable WADA Standards.

Total amount of RTP athletes in the RTP: 289

- Cross-Country Skiing: 115
- Nordic Combined: 37
- Alpine Skiing: 87
- SkiCross: 16
- Para Nordics : 29
- 55% of RTP athletes are male.
- 45% of RTP athletes are female.

2024 Whereabouts failures - Total amount of Whereabouts Failures Recorded: 50

- Missed Tests: 39
- Filing Failures: 11

Tier 2: FIS Additional Testing Pool (ATP): For the sake of greater flexibility, FIS has defined an Additional Testing Pool, which includes athletes from whom some whereabouts information is required in order to locate and Test the Athlete Out-of-Competition.

Total amount of ATP athletes in the ATP: 123

- Ski Jumping: 21
- Freestyle Skiing: 45
- Snowboarding: 40
- Para-Alpine: 9
- Para Snowboard : 6
- Cross-Country : 1
- Nordic Combined : 1

- 56% of ATP athletes are male.
- 44% of ATP athletes are female.

* * *

14.4 International /National Doping cases

14.4.1 International Doping cases

No international cases have been recorded since the previous reporting to the Council. Two potential cases are in Results Management phase but cannot be disclosed at this stage.

International Paralympic Doping cases (IPC decision)

Name	Nat	Disc.	Event tested	Substance/ Method	Sanction
POLUKHIN, Nikolay	RUS	CC	Investigation case	Article 2.2 of the 2011 Code, namely the use of a Prohibited Method for tampering by way of urine substitution.	Results disqualification Men's 7.5km Visually Impaired Para Biathlon and other individual results obtained during the Sochi Paralympics are Disqualified, including the forfeiture of any medals, points and prizes

* * *

14.4.2 National Doping cases

The following national doping cases have been recorded since the previous reporting to the Council:

In accordance with the World Anti-Doping Code, FIS is not entitled to review and/or amend decisions of doping cases from tests that have been carried out by the National Anti-Doping Agencies, but both FIS and WADA may appeal any decisions to the Court of Arbitration for

Sport (CAS) in the event that either organisation believe that an inappropriate decision has been taken in accordance with the relevant rules and deadlines:

Name	Nat	Disc.	Event tested	Substance/ Method	Sanction
BINGQIANG, Mao	CHN	FS	26 February 2024, IC, National Winter Games	Diuretics (acetazolamide)	1 year (until 6 March 2025) and results disqualification (7 March 2024 to 6 March 2025)
CHASE, Elana	COACH	FS	Coach in connection to Case CHN Bingqiang		1 year (until 17 July 2025)
OVSYANNIKOV, Aleksandr	RUS	NC	23 February 2023	carphedon	4 years (until 30 March 2027)
PENCHEVA, Tedora	BUL	SB	4 April 2024, IC	S.6 Stimulants (sibutramine)	2 years (until 9 May 2026); sanction reduction due to substantial assistance and results disqualification (4 April – 9 May 2024)
PIERCE, Nicholas	USA	SB		Possession and Attempted use (IGF, insulin-like growth factor); and attempted trafficking (ephedrine)	3 years
SAUTIYEVA, Polina	KAZ		21 December 2023, IC	stanozolol , methandienone and OTB metabolites	4 years (until 22 April 2028)
SEIDL, Mario	AUT	NC		(Blood passport case)	4 years (28 November 2019 – 27 November 2023) and results disqualification (sanction period, and in addition: 6.10.16 – 18.02.17 and 19.02.19 – 01.04.19)

FIS Development and Membership Department: 2024/25 Season Facts and Figures



Quantitative Impact

Scale of Reach:

- 6,697 development days delivered - equivalent to 18 athletes/coaches skiing every single day for an entire year
- 765 athletes and coaches directly supported
- 57 National Ski Associations (NSAs) engaged
- 87.7% of all FIS Developing NSAs participated in development activities

Growth Trajectory: Compared to the 2023/24 Season:

- 81.3% increase in supported athletes and coaches
- 20.4% increase in supported NSAs
- 20.7% increase in individual activities delivered



Strategic Impact



Global Development

Activities delivered across three continents (Asia, Europe, South America)
35 unique activities covering all FIS Olympic and Paralympic disciplines
Almost 90% of all FIS Developing countries participated



Discipline - Specific Impact

The program shows varying but meaningful penetration across disciplines. In particular:
Ski Jumping/Nordic Combined: Highest impact with 41.5% of licensed athletes participating
Snowboard/Freestyle: 15.3% participation rate with 83.3% of developing NSAs involved

6,697

Development Days

Delivered annually

765

Athletes & Coaches

Directly supported

87.7%

Participation Rate

Among developing NSAs

Systemic Impact

Capacity Building

- First-time inclusion of FIS Associate members in development programs
- Enhanced communication through FIS Summit and new Development Orientation Session
- Cross-disciplinary coordination through joint Youth and Children sub-committee sessions

Long - term Strategic Impact

Sustainability

- 4-year planning cycle (2026-2030) being developed
- Programs designed for different NSA capacity levels
- Partnership models enabling larger NSAs to support developing ones

Innovation in Engagement

- World Snow Day initiatives creating new pathways for fan engagement
- Development of FIS Plus and FIS Start programs for different membership tiers
- Transparent communication through Development and Membership HUBs

Overall Impact

The overall impact suggests FIS is successfully democratizing access to high-level ski sport development, creating pathways for emerging nations, and building sustainable infrastructure for long-term growth of winter sports globally. The 87.7% engagement rate among developing NSAs indicates the program is meeting real needs in the ski community.



Annex 15b Overview FIS Plus and FIS Start Programmes

FIS Plus Programme

The FIS Plus Programme is programme developed for NSAs (1,2,3 votes). The 2025 edition launched in April with opening of applications.

The programme is designed to empower NSAs to build their capacities in different areas such as integrity, sustainability, administration, and in addition will recognise specific programmes of interest of FIS.

The official applications the FIS Plus Programme reviewed Development Department in cooperation with Education Manager and following National Ski Associations are eligible for support:

Nation	Activity	Requested	Proposed
ARG	SAC B Judges	16'000 CHF	7'000 CHF
BUL	Training Camp	10'000 CHF	Not Supported
CHI	Camp Cross South America 2025	10'000 CHF	Not Supported
	Judges clinic FS&SB in South America	7'000 CHF	5'000 CHF
GRE	Shaping the Youth Alpine Athletes	10'000 CHF	Not Supported
	Motivating women participation in CC skiing	10'000 CHF	7'000 CHF
HUN	Become a CrossCountry skier	14'000 CHF	Not Supported
	She leads Cross-Country Skiing	8'000 CHF	6'000 CHF
JPN	SAJ Coach Conference 2025	10'000 CHF	Not Supported
	SB Asian Judge Clinic	3'000 CHF	3'000 CHF
KOR	Asian Snowboard Judge Clinic	1'700 CHF	1'700 CHF
	Asian Freeski Judge Development Program	6'000 CHF	Not Supported
MKD	Digital Transformation of Ski Federation North Macedonia	10'000 CHF	9'000 CHF
PAK	Educational Workshops	9'000 CHF	5'000 CHF
	Ice Hockey Rink	27'000 CHF	Rejected
POR	Snowplay+Program, Seminars and Activities	9'500 CHF	6'000 CHF

ROU	Para Sitting Competition – Alpine skiing	10'000 CHF	5'000 CHF
SMR	Bring Children to Snow	TBD	Rejected
		171'200 CHF	54'700 CHF

FIS Start Programme

➤ Shred Parks

As part of the FIS Start Program Shred Parks were an option to choose which kind of support NSA needed and for which activity.

Following NSAs applied and supported for Alpine Shred Parks.

Nation	Discipline	NOTE
ISL	Alpine skiing	Supported
SMR	Alpine skiing	Supported

Both NSAs are developing NSAs and applications were submitted directly by the respective NSAs.

➤ Project-Based Support

Nation	Activity	Requested	Proposed
BIH	Education Way and Fluor	10'000 CHF	2'000 CHF+ FIS Experts
GBS	Grass roots Cross-Country skiing startup program	20'000 CHF	6'000 CHF+ FIS Experts
HUN	FIS Junior Regional Camp and Cup-South-East Europe	80'000 CHF	Not Supported
SRB	Snow Park Kopaonik	10'000 CHF	5'500 CHF
		120'000 CHF	13'500 CHF

+FIS Experts (around 6'000 CHF)

➤ **Sport & Promotional Support packages**

Nation	Discipline	NOTE
BLR	Ski Jumping/Nordic Combined	Approve
	Snowboard	Approve
MKD	Alpine	Approve
POR	Alpine	Approve
ROU	Alpine	Rejected
	Snowboard	Approve
	Ski Jumping/Nordic Combined	Approve
SMR	Promotion Package	Approve
	Alpine	Rejected
	Cross-Country	Approve
SRB	Cross-Country	Approve
UKR	Snowboard	Approve

FIS Start Program 2025 is second edition of great supportive program to NSAs. Lot of positive feedback Development department received from delivering this program in 2024. With support packages NSAs will be in position to organise and deliver basic activities off and on snow, does basic activities in all FIS disciplines including activities with para-athletes.

Each NSAs will be required to provide written report supported with the pictures and video material and best programmes with appealable content will be presented at FIS Development and Membership HUB as best praxes examples.

Membership – new affiliated NSAs

Each NSA newly affiliated at FIS will receive one promotion support package as welcome gift. Promotion support package consists of basic promotion tools (banners, bibs, magic ski surface).

* * *

Annex 16 - Partnership and Sponsor Agreements

The following overview shows the current status of the partnership and sponsor advertising agreements:

FIS World Cup Title / Presenting Sponsors

Nordic Disciplines Title/Presenting Sponsors

Ski Jumping / Nordic Combined “Title Sponsor”:
Viessmann, signed to 2025/26

Ski Jumping “Presenting Sponsor”:
Hylo, signed to 2025/26

Nordic Combined “Presenting Sponsor”:
Azerbaijan Tourism Board, signed to 2029/30

Cross-Country “Title Sponsor”:
Coop, signed to 2025/26

Cross Country “Presenting Sponsor”:
Le Gruyère, signed to 2025/26

Cross Country “Tour de Ski Main Partner”
Azerbaijan Tourism Board, signed to 2029/30

Alpine

Title Sponsor
Audi, signed to 2025/26

Snowboard / Freestyle / Freeski “Title Sponsors”

Ski Cross “Title Sponsor”:
Azerbaijan Tourism Board, signed to 2029/30

Aerials “Title Sponsor”:
Azerbaijan Tourism Board, signed to 2029/30

Moguls “Title Sponsor”:
Azerbaijan Tourism Board, signed to 2029/30

Snowboard Cross “Title Sponsor”:
Azerbaijan Tourism Board, signed to 2029/30

Snowboard Alpine “Title Sponsor”:
Visa, signed to 2025/26

Park & Pipe (Snowboard/Freeski) “Title Sponsor”:
open

Data and timing sponsors and service providers of FIS World Cups

Data/Timing Sponsor Cross-Country
Certina, signed to 2025/26

Data/Timing Sponsor Park & Pipe
Swatch, signed to 2025/26

Data/Timing Sponsor Ski Jumping / Nordic Combined
open

Data/Timing Freestyle / Snowboard
open

Data and timing partner and service/sponsor Alpine World Cup
Longines, with service by Swiss Timing, signed to 2025/26

Data and timing service Cross-Country, Ski Jumping and Nordic Combined
Swiss Timing, signed to 2025/26

Data and timing service FIS Freestyle & Snowboard World Cup
Swiss Timing, signed to 2025/26

FIS World Championships

Alpine

2027 Crans Montana "Premium Partner"
Azerbaijan Tourism Board

2029 Narvik "Premium Partner"
Azerbaijan Tourism Board

Nordics

2027 Falun "Premium Partner"
Azerbaijan Tourism Board

2029 Lahti "Premium Partner"
Azerbaijan Tourism Board

2026 Ski Flying Oberstdorf "Presenting Partner"
Azerbaijan Tourism Board

2028 Ski Flying Planica "Presenting Partner"
Azerbaijan Tourism Board

2030 Ski Flying (LOC not appointed yet) "Presenting Partner/Premium Partner"
Azerbaijan Tourism Board

Snowboard, Freestyle and Freeski

2027 Montafon “Premium Partner”
Azerbaijan Tourism Board

2029 Zhangjiakou “Premium Partner”
Azerbaijan Tourism Board

FIS partners

FIS apparel partners
Alpine: Colmar / Nordic: Craft / Freestyle & Snowboard: Sun Valley
Gloves: Kinettix
All signed to 2026

FIS World Cup trophies/medals
Joska, signed to 2026

Cableways
Doppelmayr/Garaventa, signed to 2025/26 (notice of termination received)

Video walls FIS Alpine Ski World Cup
Faber Audiovisuals, signed to 2025/26

Snowmaking Service
TechnoAlpin, signed to 2025/26
Sherpa Snowhow (KRS Sistemi), signed to 2025/26 (notice of termination received)

Temporary infrastructure
Nüssli, signed to 2025 (automatic prolongation)

Telecommunications
Riedel, signed to 2025 (prolongation under negotiation)

Service Provider course preparation Freestyle Skiing and Snowboard
Prinoth, signed to 2025 (prolongation under negotiation)

Service Provider halfpipe grinder Snowboard
Zaugg, signed to 2025

Competition Material
Liski, signed to 2026

Rollerski Provider
FF Rollerski, signed to 2025

AUDI FIS SKI WORLD CUP 2025/26

MEN DRAFT 3

Date	Day	Site	Nation	DH	SG	GS	SL	TC	Remarks
October 25 26.	Sun	Sölden	FIS/AUT			26.			Opening W&M
November 25 16. 22. 27.-28.	Sun Sat Thu-Fri	Levi Gurgl Copper Mt.	FIN AUT USA		27.	28.	16. 22.		W&M M&W
December 25 04.-07. 13.-14. 19.-20. 21.-22. 27.	Thu-Sun Sat-Sun Fri-Sat Sun-Mon Sat	Beaver Creek Val d'Isere Val Gardena/Gröden Alta Badia Livigno	USA FRA ITA ITA ITA	04./05. 20.	06. 19. 27.	07. 13. 21.	14. 22.		
January 26 07. 10.-11. 16.-18. 23.-25. 27.-28.	Wed Sat-Sun Fri-Sun Fri-Sun Tue-Wed	Madonna di Campiglio Adelboden Wengen Kitzbühel Schladming	ITA SUI SUI AUT AUT	17. 24.	16. 23.	10. 27.	07. 11. 18. 25. 28.		Night event Night event
February 26 01.	Sun	Crans Montana	SUI	01.					WSC Test W&M
06.-22	Fri-Sun	OWG Milano-Cortina	ITA	X	X	X	X	X	
28.-01.	Sat-Sun	Garmisch Partenk.	GER	28.	01.				
March 26 07.-08. 14.-15. 21.-25.	Sat-Sun Sat-Sun Sat-Wed	Kranjska Gora Courchevel Lillehammer	SLO FRA NOR	14. 21.	15. 22.	07. 24.	08. 25.		Finals W&M
Total resorts 19 / Competitions 38				9	9	9	11		
Total Speed / Tech.					18	20			

*:official replacement for speed events:Thu, 18.12. (Val Gardena/Gröden) and Fri, 13.03. (Courchevel)

AUDI FIS SKI WORLD CUP 2025/26

WOMEN - DRAFT 4

Date	Day	Site	Nation	DH	SG	GS	SL	TC	Remarks
October 25 25.	Sat	Sölden	FIS/AUT			25.			Opening W&M
November 25 15. 23. 29.-30.	Sat Sun Sat-Sun	Levi Gurgl Copper Mt.	FIN AUT USA			29.	15. 23. 30.		W&M M&W
December 25 06.-07. 12.-14. 16. 20.-21. 28.-29.	Sat-Sun Fri-Sun Tue Sat-Sun Sun-Mon	Tremblant St. Moritz Courchevel Val d'Isère Semmering	CAN SUI FRA FRA AUT	12./13. 20.	14. 21.	06./07. 28.	16. 29.		Night event
January 26 03.-04. 10.-11. 13. 17.-18. 20. 24.-25. 30.-31.	Sat-Sun Sat-Sun Tue Sat-Sun Tue Sat-Sun Fri-Sat	Kranjska Gora Zauchensee Flachau Tarvisio Kronplatz Špindleruv Mlyn Crans Montana	SLO AUT AUT ITA ITA CZE SUI	10. 17.	11. 18.	03. 20. 24.	04. 13. 25.		Night event WSC Test W&M
February 26 06.-22. 28.-01.	Fri-Sun Sat-Sun	OWG Milano-Cortina Soldeu/El Tarter *	ITA AND	X 28.	X 01.	X	X	X	
March 26 07.-08. 14.-15. 21.-25.	Sat-Sun Sat-Sun Sat-Wed	Val di Fassa * Åre Lillehammer	ITA SWE NOR	07. 21.	08. 22.	14. 25.	15. 24.		Finals W&M
Total resorts 20 / Competitions 37				9	8	10	10		
Total Speed / Tech					17	20			

* * official replacement for speed events: Fri 27.02. (Soldeu) and Fri 06.03. (Val di Fassa)

Draft: FIS CROSS-COUNTRY WORLD CUP 2025/26

Date	Day	Site	Nation	Distance / Format	Remarks
Period I					
28.11.	Fri	Ruka	FIN	10 km Interval Start C	
29.11.	Sat	Ruka	FIN	Sprint C	
30.11.	Sun	Ruka	FIN	20 km Mass Start F	
05.12.	Fri	Trondheim	NOR	10 km Interval Start F	
06.12.	Sat	Trondheim	NOR	Sprint C	
07.12.	Sun	Trondheim	NOR	20 Skiathlon	
12.12.	Fri	Davos	SUI	Team Sprint F	
13.12.	Sat	Davos	SUI	Sprint F	
14.12.	Sun	Davos	SUI	10 km Interval Start F	
Period II					
Tour de Ski					
28.12.	Sun	Toblach	ITA	Sprint F	
29.12.	Mon	Toblach	ITA	10 km Interval Start C	
31.12.	Wed	Toblach	ITA	5 km Heat Mass Start F	
01.01.	Thu	Toblach	ITA	15 km C Pursuit*	
03.01.	Sat	Val di Fiemme	ITA	Sprint C	
04.01.	Sun	Val di Fiemme	ITA	Final Climb	
Period III					
17.01.	Sat	Oberhof	GER	Sprint F	
18.01.	Sun	Oberhof	GER	10 km Interval Start C	
23.01.	Fri	Goms	SUI	Team Sprint F	
24.01.	Sat	Goms	SUI	Sprint C	
25.01.	Sun	Goms	SUI	20 km Mass Start C	
04.02. – 22.02.2026 Olympic Winter Games 2026, Milano-Cortina (ITA)					
Period IV					
28.02.	Sat	Falun	SWE	Sprint F	<i>Common waxing** Common waxing**</i>
01.03.	Sun	Falun	SWE	20 km Skiathlon	
07.03.	Sat	Lahti	FIN	Sprint F	
08.03.	Sun	Lahti	FIN	10 km Interval Start F	
12.03.	Thu	Drammen	NOR	Sprint C	
14.03.	Sat	Oslo***	NOR	50 km Mass Start F M	
15.03.	Sun	Oslo	NOR	50 km Mass Start F W	
20.03.	Fri	Lake Placid	USA	10 km Interval Start C	
21.03.	Sat	Lake Placid	USA	Sprint F	
22.03.	Sun	Lake Placid	USA	20 km Mass Start F	

FIS Nordic Junior World Ski Championships & U23 WSC Cross-Country, Trondheim (NOR): 02nd – 08th March 2026

*Start list based on the Overall Tour de Ski Standing

** TBC – in case of common waxing not possible, techniques to be reviewed. Final decision in the autumn.

***50 km for women and men to be held on the same day. Feasibility study to be completed

FIS ROLLER SKI WORLD CUP 2025

Date	Day	Site	Nation	Format	Distance SW/SM	Distance JW/JM
July		Roller Ski Junior World Championships				
17.07.	Thu	Madona	LAT	Interval start C	10k/10k	10k/10k
18.07.	Fri	Madona	LAT	Team Sprint F	2x3x1.7km	2x3x1.7km
19.07.	Sat	Madona	LAT	Sprint F	200m	200m
20.07.	Sun	Madona	LAT	Mass start F	20k	14k/14k
August						
29.08.	Fri	Trollhättan	SWE	Sprint F	1.3km	1.3km
30.08.	Sat	Trollhättan	SWE	Mass start C	48km	32km
31.08.	Sun	Trollhättan	SWE	Interval start C	15km	7.5km
September						
16.09.	Tue	Rome	ITA	Sprint F	150 m	150 m
17.09.	Wed	Rome	ITA	Mass start F	TBC	TBC
19.09.	Fri	Val di Fiemme	ITA	Sprint F	200m	200m
20.09.	Sat	Val di Fiemme	ITA	Team Sprint F	2x3x2.2km	2x3x2.2km
21.09.	Sun	Val di Fiemme	ITA	Mass Start F	15/15km	10/10km

* For WC Madona, WC Rome, WC Val di Fiemme events official rollerski equipment will be provided by FF Rollerskis AS <https://ffskis.com/> for all distance events.

**All 200m sprint competitions will be carry out on athletes' own equipment according ICR 396.2.3 - 396.2.4

*** For WC Trollhättan official rollerski equipment will be provided by 2 brands: Swenor and IDT for all competitions.

Draft: FIS SKI JUMPING WORLD CUP 2025/26 – MEN

Date	Day	Site	Nation	Hill	Event	Remarks
III. Period						
21.11.	Fri	Lillehammer	NOR	HS 140	Mixed Team	
22.11.	Sat	Lillehammer	NOR	HS 140	Individual	
23.11.	Sun	Lillehammer	NOR	HS 140	Individual	
25.11.	Tue	Falun	SWE	HS 105	Individual	
26.11.	Wed	Falun	SWE	HS 134	Individual	
29.11.	Sat	Ruka	FIN	HS 142	Individual	
30.11.	Sun	Ruka	FIN	HS 142	Individual	Nordic Opening
06.12.	Sat	Wisla	POL	HS 134	Individual	
07.12.	Sun	Wisla	POL	HS 134	Individual	
13.12.	Sat	Lake Placid	USA	HS 128	Individual	
14.12.	Sun	Lake Placid	USA	HS 128	Mixed Team	
20.12.	Sat	Engelberg	SUI	HS 140	Individual	
21.12.	Sun	Engelberg	SUI	HS 140	Individual	
IV. Period						
29.12.	Mon	Oberstdorf	GER	HS 137	Individual	4-Hills Tournament
01.01.	Thu	Ga-Partenkirchen	GER	HS 142	Individual	
04.01.	Sun	Innsbruck	AUT	HS 128	Individual	
06.01.	Tue	Bischofshofen	AUT	HS 142	Individual	
V. Period						
10.01.	Sat	Zakopane	POL	HS 140	Team	
11.01.	Sun	Zakopane	POL	HS 140	Individual	
17.01.	Sat	Sapporo	JPN	HS 137	Individual	
18.01.	Sun	Sapporo	JPN	HS 137	Individual	SF WSC
23.01.	Fri	Oberstdorf	GER	HS 235	Individual ½	
24.01.	Sat	Oberstdorf	GER	HS 235	Individual ¾	
25.01.	Sun	Oberstdorf	GER	HS 235	Team	
VI. Period						
30.01.	Fri	Willingen	GER	HS 147	Mixed Team	
31.01.	Sat	Willingen	GER	HS 147	Individual	
01.02.	Sun	Willingen	GER	HS 147	Individual	
Olympic Winter Games 2026, Milano Cortina (ITA) 06.02 – 22.02.2026						
28.02.	Sat	Kulm	AUT	HS 235	Individual	
01.03.	Sun	Kulm	AUT	HS 235	Individual	
VII. Period						
07.03.	Sat	Lahti	FIN	HS 130	Individual	
08.03.	Sun	Lahti	FIN	HS 130	Super Team	
14.03.	Sat	Oslo	NOR	HS 134	Individual	
15.03.	Sun	Oslo	NOR	HS 134	Individual	
21.03.	Sat	Vikersund	NOR	HS 240	Individual	
22.03.	Sun	Vikersund	NOR	HS 240	Individual	
27.03.	Fri	Planica	SLO	HS 240	Ski Flying / Ind.	WC Finale
28.03.	Sat	Planica	SLO	HS 240	Ski Flying / Team	
29.03.	Sun	Planica	SLO	HS 240	Ski Flying / Ind.	

Olympic Winter Games 2026, Milano Cortina (ITA), 06.02 – 22.02.2026
 FIS Nordic Junior World Ski Championships, 02-08.03.2026 Trondheim (NOR)

Draft: FIS SKI JUMPING WORLD CUP 2025/26 – WOMEN

Date	Day	Site	Nation	Hill	Event	Remarks
21.11.	Fri	Lillehammer	NOR	HS 140	Mixed Team	
22.11.	Sat	Lillehammer	NOR	HS 140	Individual	
23.11.	Sun	Lillehammer	NOR	HS 140	Individual	
28.11.	Fri	Falun	SWE	HS 105	Individual	
29.12.	Sat	Falun	SWE	HS 134	Individual	
04.12.	Thu	Wisla	POL	HS 134	Individual	
05.12.	Fri	Wisla	POL	HS 134	Individual	
13.12.	Sat	Lake Placid	USA	HS 128	Individual	
14.12.	Sun	Lake Placid	USA	HS 128	Mixed Team	
20.12.	Sat	Engelberg	SUI	HS 140	Individual	
21.12.	Sun	Engelberg	SUI	HS 140	Individual	
31.12.	Wed	Garmisch-P.	GER	HS 142	Individual	Two Nights Tour
01.01.	Thu	Oberstdorf	GER	HS 137	Individual	
03.01.	Sat	Villach	AUT	HS 98	Individual	
04.01.	Sun	Villach	AUT	HS 98	Individual	
10.01.	Sat	Ljubno	SLO	HS 94	Individual	
11.01.	Sun	Ljubno	SLO	HS 94	Individual	
16.01.	Fri	Zhangjiakou	CHN	HS 140	Individual	
17.01.	Sat	Zhangjiakou	CHN	HS 140	Individual	
20.01.	Tue	Zao	JPN	HS 102	Individual	
21.01.	Wed	Zao	JPN	HS 102	Individual	
24.01.	Sat	Sapporo	JPN	HS 137	Individual	
25.01.	Sun	Sapporo	JPN	HS 137	Individual	
30.01.	Fri	Willingen	GER	HS 147	Mixed Team	
31.01.	Sat	Willingen	GER	HS 147	Individual	
01.02.	Sun	Willingen	GER	HS 147	Individual	
Olympic Winter Games 2026, Milano Cortina (ITA) 06.02 – 22.02.2026						
27.02.	Fri	Hinzenbach	AUT	HS 90	Individual	
28.02.	Sat	Hinzenbach	AUT	HS 90	Individual	
06.03.	Fri	Lahti	FIN	HS 130	Individual	
07.03.	Sat	Lahti	FIN	HS 130	Individual	
14.03.	Sat	Oslo	NOR	HS 134	Individual	
15.03.	Sun	Oslo	NOR	HS 134	Individual	
21.03.	Sat	Vikersund	NOR	HS 240	Individual	
22.03.	Sun	Vikersund	NOR	HS 240	Individual	
28.03.	Sat	Planica	SLO	HS 240	Individual	WC Final

Olympic Winter Games 2026, Milano Cortina (ITA), 06.02 – 22.02.2026
FIS Nordic Junior World Ski Championships, 02-08.03.2026 Trondheim (NOR)

Draft: FIS SKI JUMPING GRAND PRIX 2025

		Men		Women	
Date	Day	Site	Hill	Site	Hill
I. Period					
09.08.	Sat	Courchevel, FRA	HS 135	Courchevel, FRA	HS 135
10.08.	Sun	Courchevel, FRA	HS 135	Courchevel, FRA	HS 135
16.08.	Sat	Wisla, POL	HS 134	Wisla, POL	HS 134
17.08.	Sun	Wisla, POL	HS 134	Wisla, POL	HS 134
13.09	Sat	Rasnov (ROU)	HS 97	Rasnov (ROU)	HS 97
14.09.	Sun	Rasnov (ROU)	HS 97	Rasnov (ROU)	HS 97
18.09.	Thu	Val di Fiemme (ITA)	HS 109	Val di Fiemme (ITA)	HS 109
20.09.	Sat	Val di Fiemme (ITA)	HS 143	Val di Fiemme (ITA)	HS 143
21.09	Sun	Val di Fiemme (ITA)	Super Team HS 143		
II.Period					
18.10.	Sat	Hinzenbach, AUT	HS 90 – Hybrid		
19.10.	Sun	Hinzenbach, AUT	HS 90 – Hybrid		
25.10.	Sat	Klingenthal, GER	HS 140 – Hybrid	Klingenthal, GER	HS 140 – Hybrid
26.10.	Sun	Klingenthal, GER	Mixed Team HS 140 - Hybrid	Klingenthal, GER	Mixed Team HS 140 - Hybrid

Draft: FIS NORDIC COMBINED WORLD CUP 2025/26 M&W

			MEN		WOMEN		
Date	Day	Site	Hill	Event	Hill	Event	Remarks
I. Period							
28.11	Fri	Ruka, FIN	HS142	IC			Opening Tour
29.11	Sat	Ruka, FIN	HS142	IG			
30.11	Sun	Ruka, FIN	HS142	MS			
05.12	Fri	Trondheim, NOR			HS 102	IG	
06.12.	Sat	Trondheim, NOR	HS 102	IG	HS 102	IG	
07.12	Sun	Trondheim, NOR	HS 138	IG			
12.12	Fri	Lake Placid, USA*	HS 128	MS	HS 128	MS	
13.12	Sat	Lake Placid, USA*	HS 128	IG	HS 128	IC	
19.12	Fri	Ramsau, AUT	HS 98	MS	HS 98	MS	
20.12	Sat	Ramsau, AUT	HS 98	IG	HS 98	IG	
II. Period							
09.01	Fri	Otepää, EST	HS 97	MS	HS 97	MS	
10.01	Sat	Otepää, EST	HS 97	IG	HS 97	IG	
11.01	Sun	Otepää, EST	HS 97	IC	HS 97	IC	
17.01	Sat	Oberhof, GER	HS 100	IG	HS 100	IG	
18.01.	Sun	Oberhof, GER	HS 100	IG	HS 100	IG	
III. Period							
24.01	Sat	Schonach, GER*	HS 100	IG	HS 100	IG	
25.01	Sun	Schonach, GER*	HS 100	TS	HS 100	TS	
30.01	Fri	Seefeld, AUT	HS 109	10km MS	HS 109	5km MS	TRIPLE
31.01	Sat	Seefeld, AUT	HS 109	7,5km IC	HS 109	5km IC	
01.02	Sun	Seefeld, AUT	HS 109	12,5km IG	HS 109	7,5km IG	
06.02-22.02.2026 Olympic Winter Games, Milano-Cortina (ITA)							
IV. Period							
27.02	Fri	Kulm, AUT	HS 235	IC			Common Waxing** Common Waxing**
06.03	Fri	Lahti, FIN	HS 130	IG	HS 130	IG	
07.03	Sat	Lahti, FIN	HS 130	MT	HS 130	MT	
14.03	Sat	Oslo, NOR	HS 134	IG	HS 134	IG	
15.03	Sun	Oslo, NOR	HS 134	IC	HS 134	IC	

FIS Nordic Junior World Ski Championships, 02-08.03.2026 Trondheim (NOR)

*Pending final confirmation from NSA.

**Final decision to be made during the summer in cooperation with Cross Country.

Draft FIS NORDIC COMBINED SUMMER GRAND PRIX 2025

Men & Women

		Men		Women	
Date	Day	Site, Nation	Hill, Event	Site, Nation	Hill, Event
27.08	Wed	Oberstdorf, GER	HS 137, Compact	Oberstdorf, GER	HS137, Compact
30.08	Sat	Chaux-Neuve, FRA	HS 118, Gundersen	Chaux-Neuve, FRA	HS 118, Gundersen
31.08	Sun	Chaux-Neuve, FRA	HS 118, Team Sp	Chaux-Neuve, FRA	HS 118, Team Sp
19.09	Fri	Val Di Fiemme, ITA	HS 109, Mixed T	Val Di Fiemme, ITA	HS109, Gundersen
20.09	Sat		HS 143, Gundersen	Val Di Fiemme, ITA	HS109, Mixed T
21.09	Sun				

DRAFT 8

FIS FREESTYLE SKI WORLD CUP CALENDAR 2025/2026

WOMEN / MEN

Date	Day	Site	NAT	MO	DM	AE	AET	AES	Notes
December 25									
06.-07.	Sat-Sun	Ruka	FIN	07		06			
13.-14.	Sat-Sun	Idre Fjäll	SWE	13	14				
20.-21.	Sat-Sun	Bakuriani	GEO	20	21				
20.-21.	Sat-Sun	Secret Garden	CHN			20	21		
January 26									
06.-07.	Tue-Wed	Lac-Beauport	CAN			06/07			
09.-10.	Fri-Sat	Val St. Come	CAN	09	10				
11.-12.	Sun-Mon	Lake Placid	USA			11	12		
16.-18.	Fri-Sun	Deer Valley	USA	16	17	18			
February 26									
06.-21.	Tue-Sat	Milano-Cortina (Livigno)	ITA	10Q 11W 12M	14W 15M	17Q 18W 19M	21		OWG
March 26									
28.-01	Sat-Sun	Nanton-Toyama	JPN	28	01				
07.-08.	Fri-Sun	Almaty	KAZ	07	08				
14.-15.	Sat-Sun	Shahdag	AZE	14	15				
Locations 12 / Nations 09 / Competitions 44				08/08	07/07	06/06	02	00/00	

DRAFT 5

SNOWBOARD FREESKI / PARK AND PIPE FIS WORLD CUP CALENDAR

2025/2026

Women / Men

				Freeski			Snowboard			Notes
Date	Day	Site	NAT	HP	SS	BA	HP	SS	BA	
November 25										
21.-22.	Fri-Sat	Stubai	AUT		21-22					
27.-30.	Thu-Sun	Secret Garden	CHN			27-29			28-30	
December 25										
04.-06.	Thu-Sat	Beijing	CHN			04-06			05-06	Sun?
10.-13.	Wed-Sat	Secret Garden	CHN	11-13			10-12			
11.-13.	Thu-Sat	Steamboat	USA			12-13			11-13	
17.-20.	Wed-Sat	Copper	USA	18-20			17-19			
January 26										
31.-03.	Wed-Sat	Calgary	CAN	01-03			31-02			
07.-10.	Wed-Sat	Aspen	USA	08-10	07-09		07-09	08-10		
15.-18.	Thu-Sun	Laax	SUI		16-17		16-17	15-17-18		
February 26										
03.-22.		Livigno	ITA	M 19-20* W 19-21*	W 07-09 M 07-10	W14-16* M15-17*	W 11-12* M 11-13*	W 16-17 M 16-18	M 05-07* W 08-09*	OWG
March 26										
07.-08.	Sat-Sun	Ban-K	JPN				07-08			
12.-14.	Thu-Sat	Stoneham	CAN		12-13-14					TBC
19.-21..	Thu-Sat	Flachau	AUT					19-20-21		TBC
18.-21.	Wed-Sat	Tignes	FRA		18-19-21	18-19-20				
25.-29.	Wed-Sun	Silvaplana	SUI	26-28	25-27		27-28	26-29		HP TBC
Locations 14 / Nations 7 / Competitions 58				5/5	6/6	4/4	7/7	4/4	3/3	

Note * Night Finals

DRAFT 3

VISA SNOWBOARD ALPINE FIS WORLD CUP CALENDAR

2025/2026

WOMEN / MEN

Date	Day	Site	NAT	PGS	PGS Team	PSL	PSL Team	Notes
November 25								
27.-28.	Fri-Sun	Mylin	CHN			27/28		
December 25								
06.-07.	Sat-Sun	Thaiwoo	CHN	06/07				TBC
13.	Sat	Cortina d'Ampezzo	ITA	13				
18.	Thu	Carezza	ITA	18				
20.	Sat	Davos	SUI			20		
January 26								
10.	Sat	Scuol	SUI	10				
13.-14.	Tue-Wed	Bad Gastein	AUT			13	14	
17.-18.	Sat-Sun	Bansko	BUL	17/18				
23.-24.	Fri-Sat	Simonhöhe	AUT	23	24			
31.	Sat	Rogla	SLO	31				
February 26								
10.	Thu-Sun	Milan - Cortina		08				OWG
28.-01.	Sat-Sun	Krynica	POL	28/01				
March 26								
07.-08.	Sat-Sun	Spindleruv Mlyn	CZE			07/08		Date TBC
14.-15.	Sat-Sun	Val. St.Come	CAN	14/15				Date TBC
21.-22	Sat-Sun	Winterberg	GER			21	22	
Locations 14/ Nations 10 / Competitions 43				13/13	01	07/07	02	

DRAFT 3

SNOWBOARD CROSS FIS WORLD CUP CALENDAR

2025/2026

WOMEN / MEN

Date	Day	Site	NAT	SBX	SBX-Team	Notes
December 25 19.-21.	Fri-Sat	Cervinia	ITA	19-20	21	TBC Sprint TBC TBC
January 26 08.-10.	Thu-Sat	Beidahu	CHN	08-09/10		
12.-13.	Mon-Tue	Dongbeiya (Shenyang)	CHN			
16.-18.	Fri-Sun	Tianqiaogou	CHN	16-17/18		
23.-25.	Fri-Sat	Isola 2000	FRA	23-24/25		
February 26 30.-01.	Fri-Sun	Gudauri	GEO	30-31/01		
12.-15.	Thu-Sun	Milano - Cortina		12-13	15	OWG
28.-01.	Sat-Sun	EUR (east)	EUR	28-01/02		TBC
March 26 06.-08.	Fri-Sun	Erzurum	TUR	06-07/08		
11.-12.	Wed-Sat	Montafon	AUT	11-12		
27.-29.	Fri-Sun	Mt. St. Anne	CAN	27-28/29		
Locations 09 / Nations 08 / Competitions 31				14/14	03	

DRAFT 2

SKI CROSS FIS WORLD CUP CALENDAR

2025/2026

WOMEN / MEN

Date	Day	Site	NAT	SX	SX Team	Notes
December 25						
09.-12.	Tue-Fri	Val Thorens	FRA	09-10-11/12		Reserve Day 13.12. Night Event
15.-16.	Mon-Tue	Arosa	SUI	15-16		
18.-21.	Thu-Sun	Innichen	ITA	18-19-20/21		
January 26						
14.-17.	Wen-Sat	Alleghe	ITA	14-15-16/17		Date TBC
21.-24.	Wed-Sat	Veysonnaz	SUI	21-22-23/24		Date TBC
28.-31.	Wen-Sat	Val di Fassa	ITA	28-29-30/31		
February 26						
06.-22.		<i>Milano - Cortina</i>	<i>ITA</i>	<i>20-21</i>		<i>OWG</i>
March 26						
25.-28	Fri-Sat	Kopaonik	SRB	25-26-27/28		Finals
04.-07	Wed-Sat	TBD	GEO	04-05-06/07		
11.-12.	Wed-Thu	Montafon	AUT	11/12		
18.-21.	Thu-Sun	Craigleith	CAN	18-19-20/21		
27.-29	Fri-Sun	Idre Fjäll	SWE	27-28/29		
Locations 11 / Nations 8 / Competitions 40				20/20		

Note: 1) 10 = 10th Quali+Final date, 2) 09-11 = 09th Qu -11th Fin date, 3) 09/11 = 09 Qu+Fin/11 Qu+Fin, 4) 09-11/12 = 09thQu-11th Fin/ 12 Fin dates)

Annex 19 Appointment of officials

19.1 Appointment of jury members and Key technical officials in World Championships Organising Committees

The respective Technical Committees have submitted proposals for various jury members and technical officials. The following list, includes appointments made previously, along with new proposals in **bold** type:

2026 Olympic Winter Games, Milano-Cortina (ITA)

Alpine

Technical Delegate Women
Jury Women

Paul Van Slyke, USA
Stefano Pirola, CHI
Anneli Richardsson, SWE
Petra Eberle, SUI

Technical Delegate Men
Jury Men

Thomas Braun, GER
Enrique Diaz, ESP
Janez Dekleva, SLO
Olav Skjotskift, NOR

Equipment Control Men
Equipment Control Women

Mike Kertesz, FIS
Andi Krönner, FIS

Cross-Country Skiing

Technical Delegate 1st week
TD Assistant 1st week

Jakub Tejchman, CZE
Marte Trondsen, NOR

Technical Delegate 2nd week
TD Assistant 2nd week

Marte Trondsen, NOR
Jakub Tejchman, CZE

Jury Member
Jury Member

Mikko Rantanen, FIN
Mathieu Fort, FRA

Ski Jumping

Technical Delegate
TD Assistant
TD Assistant

Jelko Gros, SLO
Georg Späth, GER
Jessica Jerome, USA

Judges

Giovanna Comina ITA
Tanaka Shynia CAN
Knoll Peter GER
Grand Chavin Bruno FRA
David Piguet SUI
Marit Stub Nybelius SWE

Nordic Combined

Technical Delegate
TD Assistant

Günter Csar, AUT
Stanislav Jirasek, CZE

Snowboard, Freestyle & Freeski

Technical Delegate Moguls/Aerials
Technical Delegate Cross
Technical Delegate Halfpipe
Technical Delegate Slopestyle
Technical Delegate Big Air
Technical Delegate SB Alpine
Equipment Control
Start Referee Cross/SB Alpine
Finish Referee Cross/SB Alpine

Head Judge Snowboard
Judges

Head Judge Freeski
Judges

Head Judge Aerials
Head Judge Moguls/Dual Moguls
Judges Moguls / Dual Moguls

Judges Aerials

Video Control AE

Andy Stein, CAN
Anne-Patricia Gugger, SUI
Heejin Park, KOR
Konstantin Mincev, BUL
Paco Krom, NED
Wolfgang Steinberger, AUT
John Jett, USA
Bell Berghuis, NED
Vakhtang Kopadze, GEO

Adam Begg, AUS
Iztok Sumatic, SLO
Ryo Hashimoto, JPN
Julien Haricot, FRA
Geoff Peterson, CAN
Andrin Regli, SUI
Gareth Vogan, GBR
Fredrik Westman, SWE
Mark Koelker, USA
Arianna Cau, ITA

Jason Arens, USA
Tobias Gratz, AUT
Elliot Carter, CAN
Anton Björklund, SWE
Jonas Fjelstad, NOR
Florian Brändli, SUI
Dane Kirk, NZL
Victoria Beattie, AUS
William Tucker, GBR
Antonin Ferrari, FRA

Marko Klančar, SLO
Alberto Orsatti, ITA
Zoe Dent-Jabor, AUS
Pipsa Pohjavirta, FIN
Marion Kohly, FRA
Hajime Ito, JPN
Yuliya Degteva, KAZ
Jörgen Eriksson, SWE
Charles Search, USA
Daniel Murphy, CAN
Sen Qiu, CHN
Nicole Gafner-Bumann, SUI
Olga Polyuk, UKR
Emily Cook Lauer, USA
Dmitriy Kavunov, UZB

2026 Paralympic Winter Games, Milano-Cortina (ITA)

Para Alpine

Technical Delegate Women
Technical Delegate Men

Martin Kupco, SVK
Dider Bonvin, SUI

Start Referee
Finish Referee

Paul Trayner, GBR
Yohan Taberlet, FRA

Assistant Referee

Bostjan Anderlic, FIS

Video Control
Equipment Controller
OVR Race Admin

Liu Jin, CHN
Herbert Klammer, FIS
Ivan Nemcic, CRO

Para Snowboard

Technical Delegate SBX
Technical Delegate BSL

Christoph Arndt, AUT
Lukasz Ligocki, POL

Referee

Wolfgang Steinberger, AUT
Olga Zinkiv, UKR
Memet Guney, TUR

Start Referee
Finish Referee

Video Control SBX
Video Control DBSL

Lukasz Ligocki, POL
Christoph Arndt, AUT

Equipment Controller

Stefano Arnhold, BRA

Para Cross-Country

Technical Delegate
Technical Delegate Assistant
Jury Member
Adaptive Equipment Controller (Classification)
FIS Equipment Controller

John Aalberg, CAN
Ingela Kälvedal, SWE
Alexandr Velechshuk, GER
Sue Sandwick, USA
tbc

2026 Ski Flying World Championships, Oberstdorf (GER)

Technical Delegate
TD Assistant
TD Assistant

Dolhar Aljosa, SLO
Gréger Ivo, CZE
Brenden Kristian, NOR

Judges

Hellauer Werner, GER
Kelly Johansson / Lyon Curtis, CAN
Giovanna Comina/Decrignis Martino, ITA
Akimoto Hidaki, JPN
Kazimierz Bafia / Andrzej Galica, POL

2026 FIS Nordic Junior World Ski Championships, Trondheim (NOR)

Cross-Country Skiing

Technical Delegate

Ji Younbg Bae, KOR

TD Assistant

Christian Strehler, SUI

Jury Member

Annmari Arnd, GER

Ski Jumping

Technical Delegate

Reed Zuehlke, USA

TD Assistant

Balazic Dolenec Maja, SLO

2nd TD Assistant

Judges

Tom Normann, NOR

Grill Lambert, AUT

Kozisek Cestmir / Ciklova Marketa, CZE

Stielow Maik, GER

Maissen Patric, SUI

Petra Toivonen, FIN

Nordic Combined

Technical Delegate

Koppinen Vesa, FIN

TD Assistant

Koziskova Jana, CZE

2026 FIS Alpine Junior World Ski Championships, Narvik (NOR)

Technical Delegate Women

TBC

Technical Delegate Men

Urban Wickman (SWE)

Medical Supervisor

2027 FIS Nordic World Ski Championships, Falun (SWE)

Cross-Country Skiing

Technical Delegate 1st week

Mikko Rantanen, FIN

TD Assistant 1st week

JiYoung Bae, KOR

Technical Delegate 2nd week

JiYoung Bae, KOR

TD Assistant 2nd week

Mikko Rantanen, FIN

Jury Member

Doug Debold, USA

Jury Member

Ski Jumping

Technical Delegate

Hlava Josef, CZE

TD Assistant

TD Assistant

Judges

SWE

AUT

CAN

FIN

JPN

POL

Nordic Combined
Technical Delegate
TD Assistant

Roggia Andrea, ITA
Koppinen Vesa, FIN

Medical Supervisor

tbc

2027 FIS Alpine World Ski Championships, Crans Montana (SUI)

Technical Delegate Women
Jury Women

Judith Lluent Vallet, ESP
Bojan Panovski, MKD
Sarah Chapman, NZL

Technical Delegate Men
Jury Men

Fred Comte, FRA
Roland Johansson, NOR
Rainer Pirchl, AUT

2027 FIS Nordic Junior World Ski Championships, Schuchinsk (KAZ)

Cross-Country Skiing

Technical Delegate
TD Assistant
Jury Member

Ski Jumping

Technical Delegate
TD Assistant
2nd TD Assistant

Judges

Nordic Combined
Technical Delegate
TD Assistant

Torben Hirsch, GER
Margarita Sokolova, LAT

2027 FIS Snowboard, Freestyle, Freeski World Championships, Montafon (AUT)

Technical Delegate Moguls
Technical Delegate Aerials
Technical Delegate Snowboard Alpine
Technical Delegate Cross
Technical Delegate Halfpipe
Technical Delegate Slopestyle
Technical Delegate Bir Air
Start Referee Ski Cross
Finish Referee Cross
Course Advisor Ski Cross
Finish Referee SB Alpine
Start Referee SB Alpine
Start Referee SB Cross
Course Advisor SB Cross

Minna Kahru, FIN
Sangmok Lee, KOR
Christoph Behounek, GER
Michael Neuenschwander, SUI
Carly Parker, CAN
Janne Kuusela, FIN
Pascal Perret, SUI
TBD
TBD
TBD
TBD
TBD
TBD
TBD

Equipment Control

John Jett, USA

Head Judge Aerials

TBD

Head Judge Moguls	TBD
Judges Moguls	TBD
	TBD
	TBD
	TBD
	TBD
	TBD
	TBD
	TBD
Judges Aerials	TBD
	TBD
	TBD
	TBD
	TBD
	TBD
Video Control Aerials	TBD
Head Judge Freeski	Tobias Gratz, AUT
Judges	Adrian Gaiser, GER
	Hugo Sorrel, FRA
	Zach Munro, CAN
	Levi Ascher, USA
	Bjorn Brovik, NOR
	Felix Bjurdahl, SWE
	Tom Guilding, GBR
	Killian Morone, ITA
	Danke Kirk, NZL
Head Judge Snowboard	Adam Begg, AUS
Judges	Andrin Regli, SUI
	Max Raymer, USA
	Julien Haricot, FRA
	Dan Hughes, CAN
	Joachim Eltvik, NOR
	Beau Fisher, AUS
	Tim Zaugg, SUI (SS only)
	Catie Cook, USA (SS only)
	Arturs Cukunde, LAT (SS only)

23.2 Key technical officials in World Championships Organising Committees

The respective Organising Committees have made the following new proposals for various positions, which have been reviewed by the respective FIS Competition Management (new proposals in bold type):

2026 Olympic Winter Games, Milano-Cortina (ITA)

Alpine Skiing

Cortina

Chief of Competition Speed
Chief of Competition Tech.
Race Secretary
Chief of Course Speed
Chief of Course Tech.

Davide Viel
Davide Viel
TBD
Pieruz Aronne
Pieruz Aronne

Bormio

Chief of Competition Speed
Chief of Competition Tech.
Race Secretary
Chief of Course Speed
Chief of Course Tech.

Maurilio Alessi
Maurilio Alessi
Michela Martinelli
Matteo Marsaglia
Ciro Sertorelli

Snowboard, Freestyle, Freeski

Livigno

Chief of Competition BA
Chief of Competition HP
Chief of Competition SS
Chief of Competition Cross
Chief of Competition PGS
Chief of Competition MO
Chief of Competition AE
Chief of Course BA
Chief of Course HP
Chief of Course SS
Chief of Course Cross
Chief of Course PGS
Chief of Course MO
Chief of Course AE

Eliane Reusser
Josh Lyle
Bill VanGilder
Denis Costantini
Denis Costantini
Fausto Chiaravalli
Fausto Chiaravalli
Najc Krali
Albert Zehetner
Michael Sonnenberger
Filippo Maquignaz
Victor Gichev
Loris Leoni
Manuela Müller

2026 Paralympic Winter Games, Milano-Cortina (ITA)

Para Alpine Skiing

Chief of Competition

Davide Viel

Para Snowboard

Chief of Competition

TBC

Para Cross-Country

Chief of Competition

Ass. Chief of Competition

Competition Secretary
Chief of Course
Chief of Stadium

2026 FIS Alpine Junior World Ski Championships, Narvik (NOR)

Chief of Competition Speed	Toni Franz
Chief of Competition Tech.	Toni Franz
Race Secretary	Unni Forshaug
Chief of Course Speed	Morten Solberg
Chief of Course Tech.	Morten Solberg

2027 FIS Alpine World Ski Championships, Crans Montana (SUI)

Chief of Race Women	Pascal Philippe
Chief of Course Women	Stéphane Robyr
Race Secretary	Sophie Genoud
Chief of Race Men	William Besse
Chief of Course Men	Renzo Mazzuchelli

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