

## **FIS Code of Conduct for Skiers and Snowboarders**

### **Rule 1: Respect for others**

A skier or snowboarder must behave in such a way that he or she does not endanger or prejudice others.

### **Rule 2: Control of speed when skiing or snowboarding**

A skier or snowboarder must move in control. He or she must adapt their speed and manner of skiing or snowboarding to their personal ability and to the prevailing terrain, snow and weather as well as to the density of traffic.

### **Rule 3: Choice of route**

A skier or snowboarder coming from behind must choose their route in such a way that they do not endanger skiers or snowboarders ahead.

### **Rule 4: Overtaking**

A skier or snowboarder may overtake another skier or snowboarder above or below and to the right or to the left provided that they leave enough space for the overtaken skier or snowboarder to make any voluntary or involuntary movement.

### **Rule 5: Entering, starting and moving upwards**

A skier or snowboarder entering a marked run, starting again after stopping or moving upwards on the slopes must look up and down the slope so that they do not endanger themselves or others.

### **Rule 6: Stopping on the piste**

Unless absolutely necessary, a skier or snowboarder must avoid stopping on the piste, in narrow places or where visibility is restricted. After a fall in such a place, a skier or snowboarder must move clear of the piste as soon as possible.

### **Rule 7: Climbing and descending on foot**

A skier or snowboarder either climbing or descending on foot must keep to the side of the piste.

### **Rule 8: Respect for signs and markings**

A skier or snowboarder must respect all signs and markings.

### **Rule 9: Assistance**

At accidents, every skier or snowboarder is duty bound to assist.

### **Rule 10: Identification**

Every skier or snowboarder and witness, whether a responsible party or not, must exchange names and addresses following an accident.